CITY OF MARYSVILLE AGENDA BILL

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR ACTION

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: July 11, 2022

AGENDA ITEM:	
An ordinance of the City Of Marysville, Washington, prop	oosing to amend MMC Chapter 3.104
Industrial/Manufacturing Property Tax Exemption to confe	orm to recent changes by the
Washington State Legislature.	
PREPARED BY:	DIRECTOR APPROVAL:
Haylie Miller, Community Development Director	Haylie Miller
DEPARTMENT:	000
Community Development	

- ATTACHMENTS: 1. Proposed Code Change
 - 2. Proposed Ordinance

 - 3. Housing Bill 1386 and Final Bill Report
 - 4. US Department of Labor Classification Division E: Transportation uses

BUDGET CODE:	AMOUNT:
N/A	N/A

SUMMARY: In 2016, the Council approved Ordinance 3020 making certain underdeveloped or underutilized lands zoned for industrial/manufacturing uses eligible for ad valorem tax relief and adopting a process regarding such relief per RCW 84.25 and as outlined in MMC Chapter 3. 104 Industrial/Manufacturing Property Tax Exemption. The tax exemption applies to properties within the Marysville Cascade Industrial Center (CIC).

Washington State has recently modified the regulations associated with RCW 84.25 as outlined in Housing Bill 1386 and the Final Bill Report (Attachment 3). The existing MMC tax exemption will be modified to address the new state changes.

The City currently allows for the tax exemption to be applied to industrial/manufacturing uses within the CIC area. The new state code includes "Division E: Transportation categorizations" within the definition for industrial/manufacturing facilities. These types of commercial uses (listed in Attachment 5) may not provide the level of jobs that is intended by the City; therefore, staff recommends that these uses be omitted from the eligibility criteria. The State change states that Cities may limit eligible facilities to exclude Division E: Transportation categorizations. The code change, as proposed, continues to provide the incentive for industrial/manufacturing uses and not transportation/distribution uses as shown in Attachment 1.

Note: a separate agenda item will be considered by Council to expand the Tax Exemption area. This item will follow that action and will depict the revised Tax Exemption area if approved by the City Council.

RECOMMENDED ACTION: Consider approving the ordinance and the proposed changes during the July 11, 2022 Council meeting.

RECOMMENDED MOTION:

Chapter 3.104 INDUSTRIAL/MANUFACTURING PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION

Sections:

3.104.010	Findings.
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- 3.104.020 Adoption by reference.
- 3.104.030 **Definitions.**
- 3.104.040 Application and fees.
- 3.104.050 Certificate of tax exemption, approval, denial, termination, and appeal.

3.104.010 Findings.

There are insufficient family living wage jobs, as those jobs are defined by RCW <u>84.25.030</u>, for Marysville's wage earning population. It is the purpose of this chapter to encourage new manufacturing and industrial uses on undeveloped and underutilized lands zoned for industrial and manufacturing uses in the area identified in this chapter.

3.104.020 Adoption by reference.

Chapter <u>84.25</u> RCW as currently enacted or subsequently amended is hereby adopted by reference, <u>except that the definition of "Industrial/manufacturing facilities" is limited to manufacturing uses.</u>

3.104.030 Definitions.

The following definitions shall apply to this chapter:

"Authorized representative" or "duly authorized representative" means the director of the community development department or his or her designee.

"City" means the city of Marysville.

3.104.040 Application and fees. SHARE

An owner of property seeking a tax exemption under this chapter shall submit an application to the director of community development prior to the application for any building permit for the project. The application shall be on a form established by the director, along with the required fees. The initial application fees to the city shall be \$500.00 plus any amount required by the county assessor in administering this chapter. If the application is approved, the city shall pay the application fee to the county assessor for deposit in the county current expense fund, after first deducting that portion of the fee attributable to the city's administrative costs in processing the application. If the application shall result in a denial by the city, the city shall retain that portion of the fee attributable to its own administrative costs and refund the balance to the applicant.

3.104.050 Certificate of tax exemption, approval, denial, termination, and appeal.

- (1) The director of community development or his or her designee shall make the determination whether a holder of a conditional acceptance of tax exemption qualifies for a certificate of tax exemption upon the completion of the new construction of a manufacturing/industrial facility and a certificate of occupancy issued. The director shall also review each certificate of tax exemption annually for compliance with this chapter.
- (2) If the director determines that the property is not qualified for an exemption under this chapter or that it no longer meets the criteria of this chapter for eligibility for a tax exemption, he or she shall notify the owner of the property, as shown in the assessor's records, of the determination to deny or terminate the tax exemption. The notification shall be by certified mail, return receipt requested, and by regular first class mail. A recognized courier service may be substituted for first class mail. A copy shall also be sent to the Snohomish County assessor.
- (3) The owner may appeal the determination by filing a written notice of appeal specifying the factual and legal basis on which the determination of termination is alleged to be erroneous. Such appeal must be served on the city clerk within 30 days of the date the notice was placed in the mail.
- (4) The chief administrative officer of the city shall hold a hearing within 30 days of the notice of appeal. The parties may be heard at the hearing and the chief administrative officer may use the procedures set forth in Chapter 34.05 RCW to control the conduct of the hearing and admission of evidence.
- (5) The chief administrative officer shall issue a decision affirming, modifying, or repealing the determination of termination based on the evidence admitted at the hearing. A copy of the decision shall be served on the owner within 30 days of the hearing by certified mail, return receipt requested, and by regular first class mail. A recognized courier service may be substituted for first class mail. A copy shall also be sent to the Snohomish County assessor.
- (6) An aggrieved party may appeal the decision of the chief administrative officer to the superior court as provided in RCW 34.05.510 through 34.05.598.

CITY OF MARYSVILLE Marysville, Washington ORDINANCE NO.

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF MARYSVILLE, WASHINGTON, AMENDING SECTION 3.104.020 OF THE MARYSVILLE MUNICIPAL CODE TO CONFORM WITH STATE CHANGES TO RCW 84.25.

WHEREAS, the City adopted Ordinance 3020, in 2016, providing for property tax exemption for the value of new construction of industrial/manufacturing facilities in the Cascade Industrial Center as enacted in RCW 84.25; and

WHEREAS, the City of Marysville has determined that the targeting of an industrial and manufacturing area for property tax exemption will assist in the new construction of industrial/manufacturing facilities that will provide employment for family wage jobs; and

WHEREAS, Chapter 84.25 RCW authorizes the City to grant or deny this property tax exemption based on the criteria; and

WHEREAS, family living wage job must have an average wage of \$23 per hour and offer health care benefits; and

WHEREAS, there is the need for additional family wage jobs in Marysville to support the growing community, to diversify the economic base and have sustainable economic growth; and

WHEREAS, at a public meeting on July 11, 2022 the Marysville City Council reviewed and considered staff's recommendation and the proposed amendments to MMC Section 3.104.020; and

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF MARYSVILLE, WASHINGTON, DO ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Section 3.104.020 Adoption by reference, is hereby amended as set forth in Exhibit A.

Section 2. **Severability**. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this ordinance should be held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity or unconstitutionality thereof shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of any other section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this ordinance.

Section 3. **Corrections**. Upon approval by the city attorney, the city clerk or the code reviser are authorized to make necessary corrections to this ordinance, including scrivener's errors or clerical mistakes; references to other local, state, or federal laws, rules, or regulations; or numbering or referencing of ordinances or their sections and subsections.

<u>S</u>	<u>ectio</u>	<u>n 4</u> .	Effect	<u>tive Date</u>	. This	ordinance sh	all be	ecome	effectiv	e five	days after	the d	ate
of its pub	licati	on by	sumn	nary.									
PASSED	by	the	City	Council	and	APPROVED	by	the	Mayor	this		day	of
			, 2	022.									

CITY OF MARYSVILLE

			By:	
			,	JON NEHRING, MAYOR
Attes	t:			
Ву:	DEPUTY CITY CL	ERK		
Approved as to form:				
Ву:	JON WALKER, CI	TTY ATTORNEY		
Date of Publication:				
Effective Date: (5 days after publication		_		

Exhibit A

3.104.020 Adoption by reference.

Chapter <u>84.25</u> RCW as currently enacted or subsequently amended is hereby adopted by reference, <u>except that the definition of "Industrial/manufacturing facilities" is limited to manufacturing uses.</u>

CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 1386

Chapter 218, Laws of 2021

67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

TARGETED URBAN AREA PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION—MODIFICATION

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 25, 2021

Passed by the House March 2, 2021 CERTIFICATE Yeas 97 Nays 0 I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the LAURIE JINKINS State of Washington, do hereby Speaker of the House of certify that the attached ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 1386 as passed Representatives by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth. Passed by the Senate April 21, 2021 Yeas 47 Nays 2 BERNARD DEAN Chief Clerk DENNY HECK President of the Senate Approved May 10, 2021 3:14 PM FILED May 10, 2021 Secretary of State

State of Washington

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 1386

Passed Legislature - 2021 Regular Session

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

By Representatives Wicks, Dolan, Lovick, Sells, Berg, and Hackney

By Representatives Wicks, Dolan, Lovick, Sells, Berg, and Hackney Read first time 01/26/21. Referred to Committee on Finance.

- AN ACT Relating to modifying the property tax exemption for the value of new construction of industrial/manufacturing facilities in targeted urban areas; and amending RCW 84.25.030, 84.25.040, 84.25.050, 84.25.080, 84.25.090, and 84.25.130.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 84.25.030 and 2015 1st sp.s. c 9 s 3 are each 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 9 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (1) "City" means any city ((that: (a) Has a population of at least eighteen thousand; and (b) is north or east of the largest city in the county in which the city is located and such county has a population of at least seven hundred thousand, but less than eight hundred thousand)) or town.
- 15 (2) "Family living wage job" means a job that offers health care
 16 benefits with a wage that is sufficient for raising a family. A
 17 family living wage job must have an average wage of ((eighteen
 18 dollars)) \$23 an hour or more, working ((two thousand eighty)) 2,080
 19 hours per year on the subject site, as adjusted annually for
 20 inflation by the consumer price index. The family living wage may be

- 1 increased by the local authority based on regional factors and wage 2 conditions.
 - (3) "Governing authority" means the local legislative authority of a city or county having jurisdiction over the property for which an exemption may be applied for under this chapter.
 - (4) "Growth management act" means chapter 36.70A RCW.

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- "Industrial/manufacturing facilities" building means improvements that are ((ten thousand)) 10,000 square feet or larger, representing a minimum improvement valuation of ((eight hundred thousand dollars)) \$800,000 for uses categorized as "division D: manufacturing" or "division E: transportation (major groups 40-42, 45, or 47-48)" by the United States department of labor in the occupation safety and health administration's standard industrial classification manual, provided, a city may limit the tax exemption to manufacturing uses.
- (6) "Lands zoned for industrial and manufacturing uses" means lands in a city zoned as of December 31, 2014, for an industrial or manufacturing use consistent with the city's comprehensive plan where the lands are designated for industry.
 - (7) "Owner" means the property owner of record.
- (8) "Targeted area" means an area of undeveloped lands zoned for industrial and manufacturing uses in the city that is located within or contiguous to an innovation partnership zone, foreign trade zone, or EB-5 regional center, and designated for possible exemption under the provisions of this chapter.
- "Undeveloped or underutilized" means that there are no 26 existing building improvements on the ((property or)) portions of the 27 28 property targeted for new or expanded industrial or manufacturing 29 uses.
- 30 **Sec. 2.** RCW 84.25.040 and 2015 1st sp.s. c 9 s 4 are each 31 amended to read as follows:
- (1) (a) The value of new construction of industrial/manufacturing 32 facilities qualifying under this chapter is exempt from property 33 taxation under this title, as provided in this section. The value of 34 new construction of industrial/manufacturing facilities is exempt 35 from taxation for properties for which an application for a 36 certificate of tax exemption is submitted under this chapter before 37 38 December 31, ((2022)) 2030. The value is exempt under this section for ((ten)) 10 successive years beginning January 1st of the year 39 Item 18 - 92

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1 immediately following the calendar year of issuance of the 2 certificate.

- (b) The exemption provided in this section does not include the value of land or nonindustrial/manufacturing-related improvements not qualifying under this chapter.
- (2) The exemption provided in this section is in addition to any other exemptions, deferrals, credits, grants, or other tax incentives provided by law.
- (3) This chapter does not apply to state levies or increases in assessed valuation made by the assessor on nonqualifying portions of buildings and value of land nor to increases made by lawful order of a county board of equalization, the department of revenue, or a county, to a class of property throughout the county or specific area of the county to achieve the uniformity of assessment or appraisal required by law.
- (4) This exemption does not apply to any county property taxes unless the governing body of the county adopts a resolution and notifies the governing authority of its intent to allow the property to be exempted from county property taxes.
- 20 (5) At the conclusion of the exemption period, the new 21 industrial/manufacturing facilities cost must be considered as new 22 construction for the purposes of chapter 84.55 RCW.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 84.25.050 and 2015 1st sp.s. c 9 s 5 are each 24 amended to read as follows:

An owner of property making application under this chapter must meet the following requirements:

- (1) The new construction of industrial/manufacturing facilities must be located on land zoned for industrial and manufacturing uses, undeveloped or underutilized, and as provided in RCW 84.25.060, designated by the city as a targeted area;
- (2) The new construction of industrial/manufacturing facilities must meet all construction and development regulations of the city;
- (3) The new construction of industrial/manufacturing facilities must be completed within three years from the date of approval of the application; and
- (4) The applicant must enter into a contract with the city approved by the <u>city</u> governing authority((, or an administrative) official or commission authorized by the governing authority,)) under which the applicant has agreed to the implementation of the

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- 1 development on terms and conditions satisfactory to the governing 2 authority.
- 3 **Sec. 4.** RCW 84.25.080 and 2015 1st sp.s. c 9 s 8 are each 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 <u>(1)</u> The ((duly authorized administrative official or committee of the)) city governing authority may approve the application if it finds that:
- 8 ((\(\frac{(1)}{(1)}\)) (a) A minimum of ((\text{twenty-five})) 25 new family living
 9 wage jobs will be created on the subject site as a result of new
 10 construction of ((\text{manufacturing/industrial} [industrial/
 11 \text{manufacturing}])) industrial/manufacturing facilities within one year
 12 of building occupancy;
- $((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$ (b) The proposed project is, or will be, at the time of completion, in conformance with all local plans and regulations that apply at the time the application is approved; and
 - $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (c) The criteria of this chapter have been satisfied.

- 17 (2) Priority must be given to applications that meet the 18 following labor specifications during the new construction and 19 ongoing business of industrial/manufacturing facilities:
- 20 <u>(a) Compensate workers at prevailing wage rates as determined by</u>
 21 <u>the department of labor and industries;</u>
- 22 <u>(b) Procure from, and contract with, women-owned, minority-owned,</u>
 23 <u>or veteran-owned businesses;</u>
- (c) Procure from, and contract with, entities that have a history of complying with federal and state wage and hour laws and regulations;
- 27 <u>(d) Include apprenticeship utilization from state-registered</u>
 28 apprenticeship programs;
- 29 <u>(e) Provide for preferred entry for workers living in the area</u>
 30 <u>where the project is being constructed; and</u>
- 31 <u>(f) Maintain certain labor standards for workers employed</u>
 32 <u>primarily at the facility after construction, including production,</u>
 33 <u>maintenance, and operational employees.</u>
- 34 **Sec. 5.** RCW 84.25.090 and 2015 1st sp.s. c 9 s 9 are each 35 amended to read as follows:
- 36 (1) The city governing authority ((or its authorized 37 representative)) must approve or deny an application filed under this chapter within ninety days after receipt of the application.

(2) If the application is approved, the city must issue the owner of the property a conditional certificate of acceptance of tax exemption. The certificate must contain a statement by a duly authorized administrative official of the governing authority that the property has complied with the required criteria of this chapter.

- (3) If the application is denied by the city, the city must state in writing the reasons for denial and send the notice to the applicant at the applicant's last known address within ten days of the denial.
- (4) Upon denial by the city, an applicant may appeal the denial to the city's governing authority within thirty days after receipt of the denial. The appeal before the city's governing authority must be based upon the record made before the city with the burden of proof on the applicant to show that there was no substantial evidence to support the city's decision. The decision of the city in denying or approving the application is final.
 - Sec. 6. RCW 84.25.130 and 2015 1st sp.s. c 9 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) If the value of improvements have been exempted under this chapter, the improvements continue to be exempted for the applicable period under this chapter so long as they are not converted to another use and continue to satisfy all applicable conditions including, but not limited to, zoning, land use, building, and family-wage job creation.
 - (2) If an owner voluntarily opts to discontinue compliance with the requirements of this chapter, the owner must notify the assessor within ((sixty)) 60 days of the change in use or intended discontinuance.
 - (3) If, after a certificate of tax exemption has been filed with the county assessor, the city discovers that a portion of the property is changed or will be changed to disqualify the owner for exemption eligibility under this chapter, the tax exemption must be canceled and the following occurs:
 - (a) Additional real property tax must be imposed on the value of the nonqualifying improvements in the amount that would be imposed if an exemption had not been available under this chapter, plus a penalty equal to ((twenty)) 20 percent of the additional value. This additional tax is calculated based upon the difference between the property tax paid and the property tax that would have been paid if

it had included the value of the nonqualifying improvements dated back to the date that the improvements were converted to a nonqualifying use;

- (b) The tax must include interest upon the amounts of the additional tax at the same statutory rate charged on delinquent property taxes from the dates on which the additional tax could have been paid without penalty if the improvements had been assessed at a value without regard to this chapter; and
- (c) The additional tax owed together with interest and penalty becomes a lien on the property and attaches at the time the property or portion of the property is removed from the qualifying use under this chapter or the amenities no longer meet the applicable requirements for exemption under this chapter. A lien under this section has priority to, and must be fully paid and satisfied before, a recognizance, mortgage, judgment, debt, obligation, or responsibility to or with which the property may become charged or liable. The lien may be foreclosed upon expiration of the same period after delinquency and in the same manner provided by law for foreclosure of liens for delinquent real property taxes. An additional tax unpaid on its due date is delinquent. From the date of delinquency until paid, interest must be charged at the same rate applied by law to delinquent property taxes.
- (4) If, after a certificate of tax exemption has been filed with the county assessor, the city discovers that the facility maintains fewer than 25 family living wage jobs, the owner is considered ineligible for the exemption under this chapter, and the following must occur:
 - (a) The tax exemption must be canceled; and
- (b) Additional real property tax must be imposed in the amount that would be imposed if an exemption had not been available under this chapter, dated back to the date that the facility last maintained a minimum of 25 family living wage jobs.
- (5) Upon a determination that a tax exemption is to be terminated for a reason stated in this section, the city's governing authority must notify the record owner of the property as shown by the tax rolls by mail, return receipt requested, of the determination to terminate the exemption. The owner may appeal the determination to the city, within ((thirty)) 30 days by filing a notice of appeal with the city, which notice must specify the factual and legal basis on which the determination of termination is alleged to be erroneous. At

an appeal hearing, all affected parties may be heard and all competent evidence received. After the hearing, the deciding body or officer must either affirm, modify, or repeal the decision of termination of exemption based on the evidence received. An aggrieved party may appeal the decision of the deciding body or officer to the superior court as provided in RCW 34.05.510 through 34.05.598.

((+5+)) (6) Upon determination by the city to terminate an exemption, the county officials having possession of the assessment and tax rolls must correct the rolls in the manner provided for omitted property under RCW 84.40.080. The county assessor must make such a valuation of the property and improvements as is necessary to permit the correction of the rolls. The value of the new industrial/manufacturing facilities added to the rolls is considered new construction for the purposes of chapter 84.40 RCW. The owner may appeal the valuation to the county board of equalization as provided in chapter 84.40 RCW. If there has been a failure to comply with this chapter, the property must be listed as an omitted assessment for assessment years beginning January 1st of the calendar year in which the noncompliance first occurred, but the listing as an omitted assessment may not be for a period more than three calendar years preceding the year in which the failure to comply was discovered.

Passed by the House March 2, 2021. Passed by the Senate April 21, 2021. Approved by the Governor May 10, 2021. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 10, 2021.

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FINAL BILL REPORT EHB 1386

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Synopsis as Enacted

Brief Description: Modifying the property tax exemption for the value of new construction of industrial/manufacturing facilities in targeted urban areas.

Sponsors: Representatives Wicks, Dolan, Lovick, Sells, Berg and Hackney.

House Committee on Finance Senate Committee on Ways & Means

Background:

Property Tax.

All property is subject to a tax each year based on the highest and best use, unless a specific exemption is provided by law. The county assessor determines assessed value for each property and calculates property taxes. The property tax bill for an individual property is determined by multiplying the assessed value of the property by the tax rate for each taxing district in which the property is located. The aggregate of all regular tax levies upon real and personal property by the state and all taxing districts may not exceed 1 percent of the true and fair value of the property. In addition, the aggregate regular levies of junior taxing districts and senior taxing districts, other than the state, may not exceed \$5.90 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

<u>Targeted Urban Area Property Tax Exemption</u>.

Certain cities are authorized to grant a 10-year local property tax exemption for new industrial or manufacturing facilities in designated areas. To be eligible, a city must be: located in a county with a population between 700,000 and 800,000; have a population of at least 18,000; and be located north or east of the largest city in the county.

Industrial or manufacturing facilities must be at least 10,000 square feet with an improvement value of at least \$800,000 and be categorized as a manufacturing use by the United States Department of Labor. Additionally, new construction of industrial or manufacturing facilities must:

This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

- be within a targeted area as designated by the city;
- be on land that has no existing building improvements and that is zoned for an industrial or manufacturing use as of December 31, 2014;
- meet all construction and development regulations of the city; and
- be completed within 3 years from the date of approval of the application.

Within one year of building occupancy, the facility must create at least 25 family living wage jobs with an average wage of at least \$18 per hour.

A property owner seeking the exemption must apply to the city, pay any applicable fees, and enter into a contract with the city agreeing to terms and conditions of the implementation of the development. An application must be approved by a city governing authority or its authorized representative. The contract into which an applicant must enter with the city must be approved by the city governing authority, or an administrative official or commission authorized by the governing authority. No application may be submitted on or after December 31, 2022.

The value of the property tax exemption is provided on the value of eligible improvements and applies only to the city portion of the property tax. A county may, by resolution, allow any property receiving an exemption from city property taxes to also receive an exemption from county property taxes.

If exempted improvements are converted to another use or do not continue to satisfy all conditions of the exemption, the exemption must be canceled and an additional tax must be imposed on the property equal to the amount that was exempted but for which program requirements were not met. The amount due is subject to interest, calculated from the date when the tax would have otherwise been due, and a penalty equal to 20 percent of the additional tax is imposed.

Summary:

Targeted Urban Area Property Tax Exemption.

Any city or town is eligible to utilize the targeted urban area property tax exemption.

A family living wage job must have an average wage of \$23 per hour and offer health care benefits.

Facilities categorized as Division E: Transportation (major groups 40-42, 45, or 47-48) by the United States Department of Labor are eligible for the exemption. Cities may limit eligible facilities to exclude Division E: Transportation categorizations.

In evaluating applications, a city must give priority to those applicants that:

- compensate workers at prevailing wage;
- procure from, and contract with, women-, minority-, or veteran-owned businesses;

- procure from, and contract with, entities with a history of compliance with wage and hour regulations;
- include apprenticeship utilization from state-registered apprenticeship programs;
- provide for preferred entry for workers living in the vicinity of the project; and
- maintain labor standards for workers employed at the facility.

An application for exemption must be reviewed and approved by a city governing authority. The contract into which an applicant must enter with the city must be approved by the city governing authority.

If a project fails to maintain 25 family living wage jobs, the exemption must be canceled and an additional tax must be imposed on the property equal to the amount that was exempted but for which program requirements were not met, beginning from when the facility last maintained a minimum of at least 25 family living wage jobs.

No application for exemption may be submitted on or after December 31, 2030.

Votes on Final Passage:

House 97 0 Senate 36 13

te 36 13 (Senate amended)

House (House refused to concur/asked Senate to recede)

Senate 47 2 (Senate receded)

Effective: July 25, 2021

RCW 84.25.030 Definitions

(5) "Industrial/manufacturing facilities" means building improvements that are 10,000 square feet or larger, representing a minimum improvement valuation of \$800,000 for uses categorized as "division D: manufacturing" or "division E: transportation (major groups 40-42, 45, or 47-48)" by the United States department of labor in the occupation safety and health administration's standard industrial classification manual, provided, a city may limit the tax exemption to manufacturing uses.

Division E: Transportation, Communications, Electric, Gas, And Sanitary Services

This division includes establishments providing, to the general public or to other business enterprises, passenger and freight transportation, communications services, or electricity, gas, steam, water or sanitary services, and all establishments of the United States Postal Service.

For many of the industries in this division, the establishments have activities, workers, and physical facilities distributed over an extensive geographic area. For this division, the establishment is represented by a relatively permanent office, shop, station, terminal, or warehouse, etc. that is either (1) directly responsible for supervising such activities or (2) the base from which personnel operate to carry out these activities.

Many of the industries are engaged in various related activities. For example, establishments of communications, pipeline, and utility enterprises include a variety of activities, such as power generation, pumping, transmission, and distribution. Establishments primarily engaged in such activities are all classified in this division. Establishments primarily engaged in new or replacement construction for establishments of these types of enterprises are classified as operating establishments in Division C, Construction. Locations engaged in activities such as sales of electric appliances to household consumers are classified in Division G, Retail Trade.

The establishments classified in this division furnish services to the general public or to other business enterprises; establishments which furnish similar services only to other establishments of the same enterprise are classified as auxiliary to the establishments or units of the enterprise which they serve. However, separate establishments primarily engaged in long-distance trucking, stevedoring, water transportation, or pipeline transportation are classified according to their activity and not as auxiliaries, even though they serve only establishments of the same enterprise.

- Major Group 40: Railroad Transportation
- Major Group 41: Local And Suburban Transit And Interurban Highway Passenger Transportation
- Major Group 42: Motor Freight Transportation And Warehousing
- Major Group 43: United States Postal Service
- Major Group 44: Water Transportation
- Major Group 45: Transportation By Air
- Major Group 46: Pipelines, Except Natural Gas
- Major Group 47: Transportation Services
- Major Group 48: Communications
- Major Group 49: Electric, Gas, And Sanitary Services

Major Group 40: Railroad Transportation

This major group includes establishments furnishing transportation by line-haul railroad, and switching and terminal establishments. Railways serving a single municipality, contiguous municipalities, or a municipality and its suburban areas are classified in Major Group 41. Other services related to railroad transportation are classified in Major Group 47. Lessors of railroad property are classified in Real Estate, Industry 6517.

Industry Group 401: Railroads

- 4011 Railroads, Line-Haul Operating
- 4013 Railroad Switching and Terminal Establishments

Major Group 41: Local And Suburban Transit And Interurban Highway Passenger Transportation

This major group includes establishments primarily engaged in furnishing local and suburban passenger transportation, such as those providing passenger transportation within a single municipality, contiguous municipalities, or a municipality and its suburban areas, by bus, rail, or subway, either separately or in combination, and establishments engaged in furnishing transportation to local scenic features. Also included are establishments primarily engaged in furnishing highway passenger transportation and establishments furnishing highway passenger terminal or maintenance facilities. Intercity bus lines are included in this major group, but interurban railways are classified in Major Group 40.

Industry Group 411: Local And Suburban Passenger Transportation

- 4111 Local and Suburban Transit
- 4119 <u>Local Passenger Transportation, Not Elsewhere Classified</u>

Industry Group 412: Taxicabs

4121 Taxicabs

Industry Group 413: Intercity And Rural Bus Transportation

4131 Intercity and Rural Bus Transportation

Industry Group 414: Bus Charter Service

- 4141 Local Bus Charter Service
- 4142 Bus Charter Service, Except Local

Industry Group 415: School Buses

4151 <u>School Buses</u>

Industry Group 417: Terminal And Service Facilities For Motor Vehicle

4173 <u>Terminal and Service Facilities for Motor Vehicle Passenger Transportation</u>

Major Group 42: Motor Freight Transportation And Warehousing

This major group includes establishments furnishing local or long-distance trucking or transfer services, or those engaged in the storage of farm products, furniture and other household goods, or commercial goods of any nature. The operation of terminal facilities for handling freight, with or without maintenance facilities, is also included. Establishments primarily engaged in the storage of natural gas are classified in Industry 4922. Field warehousing is classified in Services, Industry 7389. Establishments of the United States Postal Service are classified in Major Group 43.

Industry Group 421: Trucking And Courier Services, Except Air

- 4212 Local Trucking Without Storage
- 4213 <u>Trucking</u>, <u>Except Local</u>
- 4214 Local Trucking With Storage
- 4215 Courier Services, Except by Air

Industry Group 422: Public Warehousing And Storage

- 4221 Farm Product Warehousing and Storage
- 4222 Refrigerated Warehousing and Storage
- 4225 General Warehousing and Storage
- 4226 Special Warehousing and Storage, Not Elsewhere Classified

Industry Group 423: Terminal And Joint Terminal Maintenance

4231 Terminal and Joint Terminal Maintenance Facilities for Motor Freight Transportation

Major Group 45: Transportation By Air

This major group includes establishments engaged in furnishing domestic and foreign transportation by air and also those operating airports and flying fields and furnishing terminal services. Establishments primarily engaged in performing services which may incidentally use airplanes (e.g., crop dusting and aerial photography) are classified according to the service performed.

Industry Group 451: Air Transportation, Scheduled, And Air Courier

- 4512 Air Transportation, Scheduled
- 4513 Air Courier Services

Industry Group 452: Air Transportation, Nonscheduled

4522 Air Transportation, Nonscheduled

Industry Group 458: Airports, Flying Fields, And Airport Terminal

4581 Airports, Flying Fields, and Airport Terminal Services

Major Group 47: Transportation Services

This major group includes establishments furnishing services incidental to transportation, such as forwarding and packing services, and the arrangement of passenger and freight transportation.

Industry Group 472: Arrangement Of Passenger Transportation

- 4724 Travel Agencies
- 4725 Tour Operators
- 4729 Arrangement of Passenger Transportation, Not Elsewhere Classified

Industry Group 473: Arrangement Of Transportation Of Freight And Cargo

4731 Arrangement of Transportation of Freight and Cargo

Industry Group 474: Rental Of Railroad Cars

4741 Rental of Railroad Cars

Industry Group 478: Miscellaneous Services Incidental To Transportation

- 4783 Packing and Crating
- 4785 Fixed Facilities and Inspection and Weighing Services for Motor Vehicle Transportation
- 4789 Transportation Services, Not Elsewhere Classified

Major Group 48: Communications

This major group includes establishments furnishing point-to-point communications services, whether intended to be received aurally or visually; and radio and television broadcasting. This major group also includes establishments primarily engaged in providing paging and beeper services and those engaged in leasing telephone lines or other methods of telephone transmission, such as optical fiber lines and microwave or satellite facilities, and reselling the use of such methods to others. Establishments primarily engaged in furnishing telephone answering services are classified in Services, Industry 7389.

Industry Group 481: Telephone Communications

- 4812 <u>Radiotelephone Communications</u>
- 4813 <u>Telephone Communications</u>, <u>Except Radiotelephone</u>

Industry Group 482: Telegraph And Other Message Communications

4822 Telegraph and Other Message Communications

Industry Group 483: Radio And Television Broadcasting Stations

- 4832 Radio Broadcasting Stations
- 4833 Television Broadcasting Stations

Industry Group 484: Cable And Other Pay Television Services

• 4841 <u>Cable and Other Pay Television Services</u>

Industry Group 489: Communications Services, Not Elsewhere

4899 Communications Services, Not Elsewhere Classified