

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT ELECTRICAL PLAN REVIEW SUBMITTAL GUIDE/CHECKLIST

Plans are required for:

- New commercial building
- New multi-family project (over 2 units)
- Installations or alterations over 2,500 sq. feet
- Existing commercial service alterations, subpanels, transformers, feeders, or hazardous locations as defined by NEC
- Increase in load of 100 amps or more
- Any installation or alteration in a space with Health Care, Educational & Institutional occupancy categories

Requirements for Electrical Plan Review

Submit electrical plans for the following installations:

- Multi-family: 4 units and larger
- All work on electrical systems operating at over 600 volts
- All educational, institutional, and health or personal care occupancies classified or defined in WAC 296-46B-010(14).
- All commercial generator installations.
- All work in areas determined to be a hazardous (classified) location by the NEC
- Existing tenant alterations 2,500 sq. feet and greater where the load is increased by 100 amperes or greater, or the service is altered. This will include sub panels, transformers, ups systems, and generators.
- Other installations under 2,500 sq. feet where there is a significant increase in load (100 amps or more) or the service is altered.
- If 60% or more of lighting fixtures change, contact the electrical plan reviewer.

Design, signature, and stamp requirements by a registered electrical engineer are required for the following electrical installations:

- All services or feeders rated 1,600 amperes or larger, or any special considerations to the service.
- Installations that require engineering supervision by the NEC.
- Per the requirements of the City of Marysville ordinances. Ord. 2708

• As required by the building official for installations which by their nature are complex or hazardous or pose unique design problems.

Checklist – Electrical Plan Review

The intent of this checklist is to provide a general guideline for electrical plan review. This checklist may not include all items to be verified for every plan review encountered. This checklist may include more items than a specific set of electrical plans may encompass. Please tailor this checklist for the electrical plans submitted and the scope of your particular job.

Submittal Items 2 copies of each of the following)

- _____ Electrical plans showing power and lighting for each floor & the location of all panelboards
- _____ Electrical plans that are stamped and bear the engineer's signature who is a Registered Professional Engineer by the State of Washington
- _____ Electrical panel schedules showing individual loads in VA or KVA and the A.I.C. rating
- _____ Riser diagram with wire and raceway size, type and grounding methods
- _____ Electrical load calculations, including a load summary showing connected loads and all demand/diversity factors.
- _____ Fault current calculations through the subpanelboard level.
- _____ Lighting budget calculations per the current adopted Washington State Energy Code.

On the 2 plan copies, provide the following information:

Electrical Load Calculations

- _____ Breakdown of connected loads into proper NEC categories (lighting, receptacles, motors, HVAC, kitchen equipment, appliances, etc.)
- _____ NEC demand factors applied to each category of load.
- _____ Total connected load in VA or KVA
- _____ Total calculated amps
- _____ Panelboard load calculation worksheet completed for all panelboards.

Fault Current Calculations on the Riser Diagram

Submitted on a City of Marysville form and providing enough information on the riser diagram to verify calculations. Very large projects will require a "Fault Current Summary."

Fault Current Summary must include the following:

- ____ The starting nodes for fault current as they relate to the one line diagram.
- ____ The starting fault current at the beginning of each conductor.
- ____ The ending fault current at the ending of the conductor.

- ____ The conductor's impedance, size and length.
- ____ The conduit type (metallic or non-metallic)
- ____ The A.I.C. rating of the service, panelboards, and overcurrent devices.
- _____ Utility transformer size in KVA, impedence (%Z), and available fault current.
- _____ Complete the fault current information through the subpanelboard level or provide calculations to below the minimum AIC rating of the electrical equipment and overcurrent devices.
- _____ Available fault current shown on the one line diagram for all nodes.
- Series rated systems indicate on the one line or the panel schedules the circuit breaker model numbers for every panel or switchboard involving a series rated by system. Also please provide corresponding series rating charts from the manufacturer (with arrows indicating the breaker types) so the series rated system can be verified. This information should be provided in a systematic way as it relates to the one line diagram, down to the point in the system that the fault current is less than the fully rated or series rated overcurrent protective device and gear.

Riser Diagram (one-line)

- ____ Clearly identify the service point.
- ____ Identify voltages.
- _____ Service conduit(s) size & type, number of parallel runs, conductor(s) size and type, insulation type and number of conductors.
- _____ Service equipment ampacity, A.I.C. rating and the A.I.C. ratings of the overcurrent protection.
- _____ Indicating points (nodes at line and load points along the one line diagram. The nodes should state the AID levels at key points of terminations of electrical equipment.
- _____ Indication of ground fault protection of equipment when required.
- _____ Size of the grounded service conductor for the maximum unbalanced load.
- _____ Grounding electrode system, including concrete encased electrode, the sizing of the grounding electrode conductor, and main bonding jumper for the service equipment.
- _____ Feeder(s) conduit size & type, conductor size & type, and number of conductors.
- _____ Type of equipment grounding conductor and equipment bonding jumper for feeder(s), size if applicable.
- _____ Panelboard(s) ampacity, A.I.C. rating and overcurrent protection.
- _____ Transformer(s) secondary tap conductor length to overcurrent protective device.
- ____ Grounding electrode system and grounding electrode conductor for transformer(s).
- _____ Size of equipment bonding jumper and system bonding jumper for the transformer(s).
- _____ Overcurrent protection of transformer(s) complies with NEC 450-3.

Floor Plan (Lighting)

- _____ Electrical plans denote the type and location of all lighting fixtures.
- _____ Electrical plans denote all required switch locations.
- _____ Home-run conduit(s) showing size, type, and number of conductors.
- _____ Branch circuit(s) properly sized for the load.
- _____ Emergency lighting clearly denoted on plans.
- _____ Unit equipment used for egress lighting complies with NEC 700-12(e).
- Photometric plans for egress lighting in parking garages. Please provide, for each level of building parking, photometric drawings of the emergency egress lighting per 2003 IBC section 1006.4, showing 1 foot candle average and .1 foot candle minimum, in a pathway down each drive isle leading to each exit.
- _____ Fill out a lighting summary form.

Energy Code Compliance

- _____ Electrical plans correspond to the <u>lighting summary</u>: including number and wattage of lighting fixtures, type of lighting fixture, the occupancy type, and the watts per square foot allowed.
- Lighting control complies with 1513 of the current adopted Washington State Energy Code (when required). <u>http://www.energy.wsu.edu/code/code_support.cfm. Chapter 15</u>
- _____ Completed copies of a lighting summary form. <u>http://www.neec.net/resources/resources.html</u>

Floor Plan (Power)

- Electrical plans denote the location of all switchboard(s), panelboard(s), and transformer(s)
- _____ All electrical equipment has working clearance shown as required by NEC Article 110.
- Receptacle outlet locations. Receptacles required by local amendment, for rooftops, for show windows, etc and as required by NEC 210-52 and Marysville City Codes and Ordinances
- _____ Electrical equipment schedule.
- _____ Locations denoted on electrical plans for all motors, compressors, heaters, stationary appliances, etc.
- _____ Homerun conduit(s) showing size, type, and number of conductors.
- _____ Branch circuit(s) properly sized for the load.
- _____ Over 112.5 KVA transformers require 1 hour rated construction surrounding them.
- _____ Diagram of any transformer vaults including drain pipes and fire ratings.

Panel Schedules

- _____ Panelboard(s) are identified.
- _____ Panelboard busbar rating in amps shown.
- _____ Panelboard voltage rating is shown.

- _____ Main breaker size or main lug only is shown.
- _____ Panel schedule denotes double lugs or feed-through lugs.
- _____ The description or coding is provided for each branch circuit.
- _____ The connected load of each branch circuit is shown in VA or KVA
- _____ The total connected load is shown in VA or KVA.
- _____ The A.I.C. rating of the panelboard and overcurrent devices.
- _____ Time/current curves showing compliance with the selective coordination requirements for elevators and escalators. This shall be shown to the next common overcurrent device (common to more than one driving machine) above the elevator overcurrent device to the level of .01 time line.

Emergency, Legally Required Standby, or Optional Standby Systems

See also the section on Equipment System Designations, which follows this section.

- _____ Generator capacity and voltage.
- _____ UPS capacity and voltage.
- _____ System properly sized for the load.
- _____ Indicate that the room that houses the emergency generating system has a 2-hour fire rating (NFPA 20)
- _____ Emergency system is totally separate from all other systems.
- _____ Individual transfer switches required.
- _____ Grounding electrode conductor properly sized (when required for separately derived systems).
- _____ State the number of "poles" in the transfer switch.
- _____ Signage as required by NEC is denoted on plans.
- Selective coordination of overcurrent protective devices for Emergency and Legally Required systems down to the .01 timeline – overlaid time/current curves for each branch from the service to each branch circuit overcurrent protective device on one sheet.
- Provide 2 hour protection of the pressurization fan(s) circuit(s) from the emergency generator to the fan.

Peak Demand Records (NEC 220.35)

- _____ Starting and ending dates of the metering.
- _____ Highest reading of the metering period clearly shown.
- _____ Power factor adjustment shown, when necessary.
- _____ Explain the details of seasonal and occupancy adjustment factors.
- Utility demand records or recordings of demand metering for the peak period must accompany the submittal.
- _____ Signature of the "administrator or engineer" who took the readings.

Healthcare Facilities

- _____ Clear definition of area use (I.e. dental, medical, chiropractic, etc.)
- _____ Indicate the ceiling height as it pertains to a Patient Care Area.
- _____ Clear definition of rooms uses (i.e. patient room, nurses station, critical care, general care, etc.)
- _____ One line showing separate transfer switches for equip0ment, life safety, and critical branches.
- _____ Ground Fault Protection where required and at the next level as required.
- _____ Wiring methods in patient care areas.
- _____ Selective coordination of overcurrent protective devices for the emergency system and subfeeds (where required).

Hazardous Locations

- _____ Clear definition of area use. Where the classified location starts and stops.
- _____ Wiring methods (type of conduit).
- _____ Location of sealing fittings where required, and identify the location (Class 1 Div. 1 etc.)
- _____ Depth of buried conduit.
- _____ Diagram of sump pump showing motors, drain pipes, and all chambers.

Smoke Control Systems (high-rises and places of assembly of 1,000 persons only)

- _____ Plans should be designated "Smoke Control System" to differentiate them from any other plans for that job or project.
- Panel schedule (industry standard type) for the emergency panel with connected and demand loads.
- _____ Schedule of smoke control components showing equipment, its' load in amps or volt-amps, conduit type and size, conductor type and size and breaker type and size.
- _____ Floor plans showing the location of the smoke control components.
- _____ Wiring methods for the fire alarm system.
- _____ Show all emergency system wiring methods pertaining to the smoke control.
- _____ Schedule of individual smoke control components starting loads that will start at the same time.
- _____ Schedule of individual smoke control components running loads.
- _____ The total combined loads of smoke control components for start up and run (start up and run shown separately).
- _____ Identify the color marking, protection, and routing of the conduit from the generator to the pressurization fans.

Emergency and Legally Required Systems Equipment

(what equipment needs to be on which system)

TABLE 403(1)

Standby (Legally Required) and Emergency Power

	Maximum			
	Time to			
	Energize	Minimum Run		
	Loads	Time (Duration)	IBC Section	IFC or NFPA Section
Emergency PowerSystems ⁱ				
		2 hours for		604.2.15 high rises
		generator power,		604.2.16 Underground buildings
	10	or 90 minutes for		1011.5.3.2403.12.6.1 Temporary tents,
Exit signs	seconds	battery backup	1011.5.3	canopy membrane structures
				1006.3
	10			604.2.15 high rises
Exit Illumination	seconds	8 hours	1006.3	604.2.16 Underground buildings
			402.12 covered mall buildings	604.2.14 Covered mall buildings
Any emergency voice/alarm			403.11 High rises	604.2.15 High rises
communication including area of			405.10 Underground buildings	604.2.16 Underground buildings
refuge communication systems			907.2.1.2 Assembly	907.2.1.2 Assembly occupancies
(barrier-free & horizontal exits)	NFPA 72	24 hours	occupancies	NFPA 72
		24 110013	403.11 High rises	604.2.15 High rises
			405.10 Underground buildings	604.2.16 Underground buildings
			909.20.6.2 Smoke proof	907.2.8.3 and 907.210.2
Fire detection and fire alarms	NFPA 72	24 hours	enclosures 907	NFPA 72
	NFFA 72	24 110015		
Smoke control systems in high-rise			400 44 Link rises	
buildings and covered mall building			403.11 High rises	
including energy management			404.6 Atriums	
systems is used for smoke control	60		405.10 Underground buildings	000.44
or smoke removal.	seconds	2 hours	909.11 Smoke control	909.11
				604.2.15 High rises and NFPA 20
Fire pumps in high rise buildings &	10	8 hours (NFPA	403.11 High rises	604.2.16 Underground buildings
underground buildings	seconds	20)	405.10 Underground buildings	913.2 All Fire Pumps
	60			
.	seconds			
Smoke proof enclosures and	for		403.11 High rises	
elevator shaft pressurization	ventilation	4 hours	909 and 909.20.6.2	
Any shaft exhaust fans required to				
run continuously in lfor	60			
ventiliationeu of dampers	seconds	4 hours	716	
Elevator car operation in high-rise 8	k l			
underground buildings (including				
control system, motor controller,				
operation control, signal equipment	,			604.2.15 High rises
machine room, cooling/heating,	60			604.2.16 Underground buildings
etc.)	seconds	4 hours	3003	604.2.19 Elevators

Elevator car lighting and				
communications in high-rise &	10			
underground buildings	seconds	4 hours	3003	
Lights, heating, and cooling for				
building fire command center and				
mechanical equipment rooms	60			
serving the fire command center	seconds	24 hours		
Mechanical and electrical systems	00001100	21110010		
required by IFC 27 (hazardous	60			
materials including UPS rooms)	seconds	4 hours		
Legally Required Standby	30001103	4 Hours		
Pressurization equipment for low-			909	
rise buildings	60 seconds	4 hours	902.20	
Exhaust fans for any loading dock	00 36001103	4 110013	1007.4 & 5	
located interior to a building	60 seconds	4 hours	3003	
	00 Seconds	4 110015	3003	
Operation of elevators used as				
accessible means of egress in low-				
rise buildings (including car lighting,				
communications, control system,				
motor controller, operation control,				
signal equipment, machine room				604.2.19 elevators
cooling/heating, etc.)	60 seconds	4 hours		1007.4 & 5
Fire pumps in low-rise buildings	10 seconds	4 hours		913.2 and NFPA 20
Transformer vault ventilation				
equipment	60 seconds	4 hours		
Heat tape for sprinkler lines &				
heating in sprinkler riser rooms	60 seconds	8 hours		
Fuel pump system for any legally				
required system	60 seconds	4 hours		
Sewage disposal pumps	60 seconds	4 hours		
Heat tape for sprinkler lines &				
heating in sprinkler riser rooms	60 seconds	24 hours		
Fuel pump system for any legally				
required system	60 seconds	4 hours		
Sewage disposal pumps	60 seconds	4 hours		
	55 5500103	- Hours		

ⁱ The fuel pump and associated systems for the emergency or legally required generator shall be provided with power from the generator to maintain fuel supply.