City of Marysville Marysville, Washington



SPECIAL PROVISIONS

for

LAKEWOOD STATION/SR 531 ROUNDABOUT

Project Number: 25-2015-002

June 2015

FINAL FINAL NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

CITY OF MARYSVILLE, WASHINGTON LAKEWOOD STATION/SR 531 ROUNDABOUT

The engineering material and data contained in these Contract Provisions were prepared under the supervision and direction of the undersigned, whose seal as a registered professional engineer is affixed below.





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APPENDICES

- A. AMENDMENTS TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS
- B. STANDARD PLANS

INTRODUCTION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

2	(August 14, 2013 APWA GSP)
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	The work on this project shall be accomplished in accordance with the <i>Standard Specifications for Road, Bridge and Municipal Construction</i> , 2014 edition, as issued by the Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT) and the American Public Works Association (APWA), Washington State Chapter (hereafter "Standard Specifications"). The Standard Specifications, as modified or supplemented by the Amendments to the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions, all of which are made a part of the Contract Documents, shall govern all of the Work.
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	These Special Provisions are made up of both General Special Provisions (GSPs) from various sources, which may have project-specific fill-ins, and project-specific Special Provisions. Each Provision either supplements, modifies, or replaces the comparable Standard Specification or is a new Provision. The deletion, amendment, alteration, or addition to any subsection or portion of the Standard Specifications is meant to pertain only to that particular portion of the section, and in no way should it be interpreted that the balance of the section does not apply.
19 20 21	The project-specific Special Provisions are not labeled as such. The GSPs are labeled under the headers of each GSP, with the effective date of the GSP and its source. For example:
22 23 24	(March 8, 2013 APWA GSP) (April 1, 2013 WSDOT GSP) (March 8, 2014 Marysville GSP)
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 Also incorporated into the Contract Documents by reference are: Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, currently adopted edition, with Washington State modifications, if any Standard Plans for Road, Bridge, and Municipal Construction, WSDOT/APWA, current edition
33	Contractor shall obtain copies of these publications, at Contractor's own expense.

Lakewood Station/SR 531 Roundabout

1 2	DIVISION 1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
3	DESCRIPTION OF WORK
4	(March 13, 1995 WSDOT GSP)
5 6 7 8 9	This contract provides for the construction of a roundabout at the intersection of SR 531 and 23rd Avenue NE. The work to be performed includes, but is not limited to: illumination, landscaping, colored stamped concrete paving, hot mix asphalt, curb, gutter, sidewalk, storm drainage, striping, signing, temporary erosion and sedimentation control, temporary traffic control, and roadway surveying necessary to complete the project in the City of Marysville,
10 11	Snohomish County, Washington, and other work, all in accordance with the Contract Documents.
12	1-01 DEFINITIONS AND TERMS
13	1-01.3 Definitions
14	(March 8, 2013 APWA GSP)
15 16 17	Delete the heading Completion Dates and the three paragraphs that follow it, and replace them with the following:
18	Dates
19 20	Bid Opening Date The date on which the Contracting Agency publicly opens and reads the Bids.
21 22 23	Award Date The date of the formal decision of the Contracting Agency to accept the lowest responsible and responsive Bidder for the Work.
24 25	Contract Execution Date The date the Contracting Agency officially binds the Agency to the Contract.
26 27	Notice to Proceed Date The date stated in the Notice to Proceed on which the Contract time begins.
28 29 30 31 32 33	Substantial Completion Date The day the Engineer determines the Contracting Agency has full and unrestricted use and benefit of the facilities, both from the operational and safety standpoint, any remaining traffic disruptions will be rare and brief, and only minor incidental work, replacement of temporary substitute facilities, plant establishment periods, or correction or repair remains for the Physical Completion of the total Contract.

1 2 3 4	Physical Completion Date The day all of the Work is physically completed on the project. All documentation required by the Contract and required by law does not necessarily need to be furnished by the Contractor by this date.
5 6 7 8 9	Completion Date The day all the Work specified in the Contract is completed and all the obligations of the Contractor under the Contract are fulfilled by the Contractor. All documentation required by the Contract and required by law must be furnished by the Contractor before establishment of this date.
10 11 12	Final Acceptance Date The date on which the Contracting Agency accepts the Work as complete.
13 14	Supplement this Section with the following:
15 16 17 18 19 20	All references in the Standard Specifications, Amendments, or WSDOT General Special Provisions, to the terms "State", "Department of Transportation", "Washington State Transportation Commission", "Commission", "Secretary of Transportation", "Secretary", "Headquarters", and "State Treasurer" shall be revised to read "Contracting Agency".
21 22 23	All references to "State Materials Laboratory" shall be revised to read, "Contracting Agency designated location".
24 25 26	All references to "final contract voucher certification" shall be interpreted to mean the final payment form established by the Contracting Agency.
27 28 29 30	The venue of all causes of action arising from the advertisement, award, execution, and performance of the contract shall be in the Superior Court of the County where the Contracting Agency's headquarters are located.
31	Additive
32 33 34 35	A supplemental unit of work or group of bid items, identified separately in the Bid Proposal, which may, at the discretion of the Contracting Agency, be awarded in addition to the base bid.
36	Alternate
37 38 39 40	One of two or more units of work or groups of bid items, identified separately in the Bid Proposal, from which the Contracting Agency may make a choice between different methods or material of construction for performing the same work.
41	Business Day
42 43	A business day is any day from Monday through Friday except holidays as listed in Section 1-08.5.

1 Contract Bond

- 2 The definition in the Standard Specifications for "Contract Bond" applies to whatever bond
- 3 form(s) are required by the Contract Documents, which may be a combination of a Payment
- 4 Bond and a Performance Bond.

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6 Contract Documents

7 See definition for "Contract".

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9 **Contract Time**

- 10 The period of time established by the terms and conditions of the Contract within which the
- 11 Work must be physically completed.

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13 Engineer

- 14 The Contracting Agency's representative who administers the construction program for the
- 15 Contracting Agency or the Contracting Agency representative's designee.

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17 Notice of Award

- 18 The written notice from the Contracting Agency to the successful Bidder signifying the
- 19 Contracting Agency's acceptance of the Bid Proposal.

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21 Notice to Proceed

- The written notice from the Contracting Agency or Engineer to the Contractor authorizing
- and directing the Contractor to proceed with the Work and establishing the date on which the
- 24 Contract time begins.

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26 Traffic

- 27 Both vehicular and non-vehicular traffic, such as pedestrians, bicyclists, wheelchairs, and
- 28 equestrian traffic.

29 1-04 SCOPE OF THE WORK

- 30 1-04.2 Coordination of Contract Documents, Plans, Special Provisions, Specifications,
- 31 and Addenda
- 32 (*March 13, 2012 APWA GSP*)
- Revise the second paragraph to read:

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Any inconsistency in the parts of the contract shall be resolved by following this order of precedence (e.g., 1 presiding over 2, 2 over 3, 3 over 4, and so forth):

- 1. Addenda,
- 39 2. Proposal Form,

- 1 3. Special Provisions,
- 2 4. Contract Plans.
- 3 5. April 11, 2014 Amendments to the Standard Specifications,
- 4 6. Standard Specifications,
- 5 7. Contracting Agency's Standard Plans or Details (if any), and
- 8. 2014 WSDOT Standard Plans for Road, Bridge, and Municipal Construction.

7 1-05 CONTROL OF WORK

8 1-05.4 Conformity With and Deviations from Plans and Stakes

- 9 Section 1-5.4 is supplemented with the following:
- 10 (April 1, 2013 WSDOT GSP)

Contractor Surveying - Roadway

12 Copies of the Contracting Agency provided primary survey control data are available for the bidder's inspection at the office of the Engineer.

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The Contractor shall be responsible for setting, maintaining, and resetting all alignment stakes, slope stakes, and grades necessary for the construction of the roadbed, drainage, surfacing, paving, channelization and pavement marking, illumination and signals, guardrails and barriers, and signing. Except for the survey control data to be furnished by the Contracting Agency, calculations, surveying, and measuring required for setting and maintaining the necessary lines and grades shall be the Contractor's responsibility.

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23 24 The Contractor shall inform the Engineer when monuments are discovered that were not identified in the Plans and construction activity may disturb or damage the monuments. All monuments noted on the Plans "DO NOT DISTURB" shall be protected throughout the length of the project or be replaced at the Contractors expense.

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28 29 Detailed survey records shall be maintained, including a description of the work performed on each shift, the methods utilized, and the control points used. The record shall be adequate to allow the survey to be reproduced. A copy of each day's record shall be provided to the Engineer within three working days after the end of the shift.

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The meaning of words and terms used in this provision shall be as listed in "Definitions of Surveying and Associated Terms" current edition, published by the American Congress on Surveying and Mapping and the American Society of Civil Engineers.

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The survey work shall include but not be limited to the following:

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1. Verify the primary horizontal and vertical control furnished by the Contracting Agency, and expand into secondary control by adding stakes and hubs as well as additional survey control needed for the project. Provide descriptions of secondary

- 1 control to the Contracting Agency. The description shall include coordinates and elevations of all secondary control points.
 - 2. Establish, the centerlines of all alignments, by placing hubs, stakes, or marks on centerline or on offsets to centerline at all curve points (PCs, PTs, and PIs) and at points on the alignments spaced no further than 50 feet.
 - 3. Establish clearing limits, placing stakes at all angle points and at intermediate points not more than 50 feet apart. The clearing and grubbing limits shall be 5 feet beyond the toe of a fill and 10 feet beyond the top of a cut unless otherwise shown in the Plans.
 - 4. Establish grading limits, placing slope stakes at centerline increments not more than 50 feet apart. Establish offset reference to all slope stakes. If Global Positioning Satellite (GPS) Machine Controls are used to provide grade control, then slope stakes may be omitted at the discretion of the Contractor
 - 5. Establish the horizontal and vertical location of all drainage features, placing offset stakes to all drainage structures and to pipes at a horizontal interval not greater than 25 feet.
 - 6. Establish roadbed and surfacing elevations by placing stakes at the top of subgrade and at the top of each course of surfacing. Subgrade and surfacing stakes shall be set at horizontal intervals not greater than 50 feet in tangent sections, 25 feet in curve sections with a radius less than 300 feet, and at 10-foot intervals in intersection radii with a radius less than 10 feet. Transversely, stakes shall be placed at all locations where the roadway slope changes and at additional points such that the transverse spacing of stakes is not more than 12 feet. If GPS Machine Controls are used to provide grade control, then roadbed and surfacing stakes may be omitted at the discretion of the Contractor.
 - 7. Establish intermediate elevation benchmarks as needed to check work throughout the project.
 - 8. Provide references for paving pins at 25-foot intervals or provide simultaneous surveying to establish location and elevation of paving pins as they are being placed.
 - 9. For all other types of construction included in this provision, (including but not limited to channelization and pavement marking, illumination and signals, guardrails and barriers, and signing) provide staking and layout as necessary to adequately locate, construct, and check the specific construction activity.
 - 10. Contractor shall determine if changes are needed to the profiles or roadway sections shown in the Contract Plans in order to achieve proper smoothness and drainage where matching into existing features, such as a smooth transition from new pavement to existing pavement. The Contractor shall submit these changes to the Engineer for review and approval 10 days prior to the beginning of work.

The Contractor shall provide the Contracting Agency copies of any calculations and staking data when requested by the Engineer.

To facilitate the establishment of these lines and elevations, the Contracting Agency will provide the Contractor with primary survey control information consisting of descriptions of two primary control points used for the horizontal and vertical control,

and descriptions of two additional primary control points for every additional three miles of project length. Primary control points will be described by reference to the project alignment and the coordinate system and elevation datum utilized by the project. In addition, the Contracting Agency will supply horizontal coordinates for the beginning and ending points and for each Point of Intersection (PI) on each alignment included in the project.

The Contractor shall ensure a surveying accuracy within the following tolerances:

10		<u>Vertical</u>	<u>Horizontal</u>
11	Slope stakes	±0.10 feet	±0.10 feet
12	Subgrade grade stakes set		
13	0.04 feet below grade	±0.01 feet	± 0.5 feet
14	_		(parallel to alignment)
15			±0.1 feet
16			(normal to alignment)
17			
18	Stationing on roadway	N/A	± 0.1 feet
19	Alignment on roadway	N/A	±0.04 feet
20	Surfacing grade stakes	±0.01 feet	± 0.5 feet
21			(parallel to alignment)
22			±0.1 feet
23			(normal to alignment)
24			,
25	Roadway paving pins for		
26	surfacing or paving	±0.01 feet	± 0.2 feet
27			(parallel to alignment)
28			±0.1 feet
29			(normal to alignment)

The Contracting Agency may spot-check the Contractor's surveying. These spot-checks will not change the requirements for normal checking by the Contractor.

When staking roadway alignment and stationing, the Contractor shall perform independent checks from different secondary control to ensure that the points staked are within the specified survey accuracy tolerances.

The Contractor shall calculate coordinates for the alignment. The Contracting Agency will verify these coordinates prior to issuing approval to the Contractor for commencing with the work. The Contracting Agency will require up to seven calendar days from the date the data is received.

Contract work to be performed using contractor-provided stakes shall not begin until the stakes are approved by the Contracting Agency. Such approval shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for the accuracy of the stakes.

- 1 Stakes shall be marked in accordance with WSDOT Standard Plan A-10.10-00. When
- 2 stakes are needed that are not described in the Plans, then those stakes shall be marked,
- at no additional cost to the Contracting Agency as ordered by the Engineer.

4 1-05.7 Removal of Defective and Unauthorized Work

- 5 (October 1, 2005 APWA GSP)
- 6 Supplement this section with the following:

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10 11 If the Contractor fails to remedy defective or unauthorized work within the time specified in a written notice from the Engineer, or fails to perform any part of the work required by the Contract Documents, the Engineer may correct and remedy such work as may be identified in the written notice, with Contracting Agency forces or by such other means as the Contracting Agency may deem necessary.

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If the Contractor fails to comply with a written order to remedy what the Engineer determines to be an emergency situation, the Engineer may have the defective and unauthorized work corrected immediately, have the rejected work removed and replaced, or have work the Contractor refuses to perform completed by using Contracting Agency or other forces. An emergency situation is any situation when, in the opinion of the Engineer, a delay in its remedy could be potentially unsafe or might cause serious risk of loss or damage to the public.

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Direct or indirect costs incurred by the Contracting Agency attributable to correcting and remedying defective or unauthorized work, or work the Contractor failed or refused to perform, shall be paid by the Contractor. Payment will be deducted by the Engineer from monies due, or to become due, the Contractor. Such direct and indirect costs shall include in particular, but without limitation, compensation for additional professional services required, and costs for repair and replacement of work of others destroyed or damaged by correction, removal, or replacement of the Contractor's unauthorized work.

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No adjustment in contract time or compensation will be allowed because of the delay in the performance of the work attributable to the exercise of the Contracting Agency's rights provided by this Section.

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- The rights exercised under the provisions of this section shall not diminish the Contracting Agency's right to pursue any other avenue for additional remedy or damages with respect to the Contractor's failure to perform the work as required.
- 37 1-05.11 Final Inspection
- 38 (October 1, 2005 APWA GSP)
- 39 Delete this section and replace it with the following:

1-05.11 Final Inspections and Operational Testing

1-05.11(1) Substantial Completion Date

When the Contractor considers the work to be substantially complete, the Contractor shall so notify the Engineer and request the Engineer establish the Substantial Completion Date. The Contractor's request shall list the specific items of work that remain to be completed in order to reach physical completion. The Engineer will schedule an inspection of the work with the Contractor to determine the status of completion. The Engineer may also establish the Substantial Completion Date unilaterally.

If, after this inspection, the Engineer concurs with the Contractor that the work is substantially complete and ready for its intended use, the Engineer, by written notice to the Contractor, will set the Substantial Completion Date. If, after this inspection the Engineer does not consider the work substantially complete and ready for its intended use, the Engineer will, by written notice, so notify the Contractor giving the reasons therefore.

 Upon receipt of written notice concurring in or denying substantial completion, whichever is applicable, the Contractor shall pursue vigorously, diligently and without unauthorized interruption, the work necessary to reach Substantial and Physical Completion. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a revised schedule indicating when the Contractor expects to reach substantial and physical completion of the work.

The above process shall be repeated until the Engineer establishes the Substantial Completion Date and the Contractor considers the work physically complete and ready for final inspection.

1-05.11(2) Final Inspection and Physical Completion Date

When the Contractor considers the work physically complete and ready for final inspection, the Contractor by written notice shall request the Engineer to schedule a final inspection. The Engineer will set a date for final inspection. The Engineer and the Contractor will then make a final inspection and the Engineer will notify the Contractor in writing of all particulars in which the final inspection reveals the work incomplete or unacceptable. The Contractor shall immediately take such corrective measures as are necessary to remedy the listed deficiencies. Corrective work shall be pursued vigorously, diligently, and without interruption until physical completion of the listed deficiencies. This process will continue until the Engineer is satisfied the listed deficiencies have been corrected.

If action to correct the listed deficiencies is not initiated within 7 days after receipt of the written notice listing the deficiencies, the Engineer may, upon written notice to the Contractor, take whatever steps are necessary to correct those deficiencies pursuant to Section 1-05.7.

- 1 Upon correction of all deficiencies, the Engineer will notify the Contractor and the
- 2 Contracting Agency, in writing, of the date upon which the work was considered
- 3 physically complete. That date shall constitute the Physical Completion Date of the
- 4 contract, but shall not imply acceptance of the work or that all the obligations of the
- 5 Contractor under the contract have been fulfilled.

1-05.11(3) Operational Testing

It is the intent of the Contracting Agency to have at the Physical Completion Date a complete and operable system. Therefore, when the work involves the installation of machinery or other mechanical equipment; street lighting, electrical distribution or signal systems; irrigation systems; buildings; or other similar work it may be desirable for the Engineer to have the Contractor operate and test the work for a period of time after final inspection but prior to the physical completion date. Whenever items of work are listed in the Contract Provisions for operational testing they shall be fully tested under operating conditions for the time period specified to ensure their acceptability prior to the Physical Completion Date. During and following the test period, the Contractor shall correct any items of workmanship, materials, or equipment which prove faulty, or that are not in first class operating condition. Equipment, electrical controls, meters, or other devices and equipment to be tested during this period shall be tested under the observation of the Engineer, so that the Engineer may determine their suitability for the purpose for which they were installed. The Physical Completion Date cannot be established until testing and corrections have been completed to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

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The costs for power, gas, labor, material, supplies, and everything else needed to successfully complete operational testing, shall be included in the unit contract prices related to the system being tested, unless specifically set forth otherwise in the proposal.

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Operational and test periods, when required by the Engineer, shall not affect a manufacturer's guaranties or warranties furnished under the terms of the contract.

1-05.12(1) Two-Year Guarantee Period

31 (*****)

Add the following new section:

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41 42 The Contractor shall return to the project and repair or replace all defects in workmanship and material discovered within two year after Final Acceptance of the Work. The Contractor shall start work to remedy any such defects within 7 calendar days of receiving Contracting Agency's written notice of a defect, and shall complete such work within the time stated in the Contracting Agency's notice. In case of an emergency, where damage may result from delay or where loss of services may result, such corrections may be made by the Contracting Agency's own forces or another contractor, in which case the cost of corrections shall be paid by the Contractor. In the event the Contractor does not accomplish corrections within the

1 2	time specified, the work will be otherwise accomplished and the cost of same shall be paid by the Contractor.		
3 4 5 6 7	When corrections of defects are made, the Contractor shall then be responsible for correcting all defects in workmanship and materials in the corrected work for one year after acceptance of the corrections by Contracting Agency.		
8 9 10	the	s guarantee is supplemental to and does not limit or affect the requirements that Contractor's work comply with the requirements of the Contract or any other al rights or remedies of the Contracting Agency.	
11	1-05.13	Superintendents, Labor, and Equipment of Contractor	
12	(August 14,	2013 APWA GSP)	
13	Delete the sixth and seventh paragraphs of this section.		
14	1-05.14	Cooperation with Other Contractors	
15	(March 13	, 1995 WSDOT GSP)	
16	Section 1-05.14 is supplemented with the following:		
17	Other	Contracts or Other Work	
18 19 20	will be	icipated that the following work adjacent to or within the limits of this project performed by others during the course of this project and will require ation of the work:	
21	Snohor	nish County Public Utility District No. 1 (PUD):	
22 23		ion of utility poles and overhead wires as noted on the Site Preparation Plans. ork will occur during the course of the construction.	
24	Frontie	er:	
25 26	-	ng exiting pedestals with utility vaults. This work will occur during the course of struction.	
27	Wave I	Broadband:	
28	Relocat	e overhead wires per new PUD pole locations.	
29	1-05.15	Method of Serving Notices	
30	(March 25,	2009 APWA GSP)	
31	Revise the	second paragraph to read:	

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	All correspondence from the Contractor shall be directed to the Engineer. All correspondence from the Contractor constituting any notification, notice of protest, notice of dispute, or other correspondence constituting notification required to be furnished under the Contract, must be in paper format, hand delivered or sent via mail delivery service to the Engineer's office. Electronic copies such as e-mails or electronically delivered copies of correspondence will not constitute such notice and will not comply with the requirements of the Contract. Add the following new section:
10	1-05.16 Water and Power
11	(October 1, 2005 APWA GSP)
12 13 14 15	The Contractor shall make necessary arrangements, and shall bear the costs for power and water necessary for the performance of the work, unless the contract includes power and water as a pay item.
16	Add the following new section:
17	1-05.17 Oral Agreements
18	(October 1, 2005 APWA GSP)
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	No oral agreement or conversation with any officer, agent, or employee of the Contracting Agency, either before or after execution of the contract, shall affect or modify any of the terms or obligations contained in any of the documents comprising the contract. Such oral agreement or conversation shall be considered as unofficial information and in no way binding upon the Contracting Agency, unless subsequently put in writing and signed by the Contracting Agency.
26	Add the following new section:
27	1-05.18 Record Drawings
28	(March 8, 2013 APWA GSP)
29 30 31 32	The Contractor shall maintain one set of full-size plans for Record Drawings, updated with clear and accurate redlined field revisions on a daily basis, and within two business days after receipt of information that a change in Work has occurred. The Contractor shall not conceal any work until the required information is recorded.
33 34 35 36 37 38 39	This Record Drawing set shall be used for this purpose alone, shall be kept separate from other Plan sheets, and shall be clearly marked as Record Drawings. These Record Drawings shall be kept on site at the Contractor's field office, and shall be available for review by the Contracting Agency at all times. The Contractor shall bring the Record Drawings to each progress meeting for review.

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The preparation and upkeep of the Record Drawings is to be the assigned responsibility of a single, experienced, and qualified individual. The quality of the Record Drawings, in terms of accuracy, clarity, and completeness, is to be adequate to allow the Contracting Agency to modify the computer-aided drafting (CAD) Contract Drawings to produce a complete set of Record Drawings for the Contracting Agency without further investigative effort by the Contracting Agency.

The Record Drawing markups shall document all changes in the Work, both concealed and visible. Items that must be shown on the markups include but are not limited to:

- Actual dimensions, arrangement, and materials used when different than shown in the Plans.
- Changes made by Change Order or Field Order.
- Changes made by the Contractor.
- Accurate locations of storm sewer, sanitary sewer, water mains and other water appurtenances, structures, conduits, light standards, vaults, width of roadways, sidewalks, landscaping areas, building footprints, channelization and pavement markings, etc. Include pipe invert elevations, top of castings (manholes, inlets, etc.).

If the Contract calls for the Contracting Agency to do all surveying and staking, the Contracting Agency will provide the elevations at the tolerances the Contracting Agency requires for the Record Drawings.

When the Contract calls for the Contractor to do the surveying/staking, the applicable tolerance limits include, but are not limited to, the following:

_	Vertical	Horizontal
As-built sanitary and storm invert and grate elevations	± 0.01 foot	± 0.01 foot
As-built monumentation	± 0.001 foot	± 0.001 foot
As-built waterlines, inverts, valves,	± 0.10 foot	± 0.10 foot
hydrants		
As-built ponds/swales/water features	± 0.10 foot	± 0.10 foot
As-built buildings (fin. Floor elev.)	± 0.01 foot	± 0.10 foot
As-built gas lines, power, TV, Tel, Com	± 0.10 foot	± 0.10 foot
As-built signs, signals, etc.	N/A	± 0.10 foot

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Making Entries on the Record Drawings:

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- Use erasable colored pencil (not ink) for all markings on the Record Drawings, conforming to the following color code:
- Additions Red

Deletions - Green 1 2 Comments - Blue 3 Dimensions - Graphite 4 Provide the applicable reference for all entries, such as the change order number, 5 the request for information (RFI) number, or the approved shop drawing number. Date all entries. 6 Clearly identify all items in the entry with notes similar to those in the Contract 7 8 Drawings (such as pipe symbols, centerline elevations, materials, pipe joint abbreviations, etc.). 9 10 The Contractor shall certify on the Record Drawings that said drawings are an accurate 11 depiction of built conditions and in conformance with the requirements detailed above. 12 The Contractor shall submit final Record Drawings to the Contracting Agency. 13 14 Contracting Agency acceptance of the Record Drawings is one of the requirements for 15 achieving Physical Completion. 16 1-07 LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES TO THE PUBLIC 17 1-07.1 Laws to be Observed 18 (October 1, 2005 APWA GSP) 19 Supplement this section with the following: 20 21 In cases of conflict between different safety regulations, the more stringent regulation 22 shall apply. 23 24 The Washington State Department of Labor and Industries shall be the sole and 25 paramount administrative agency responsible for the administration of the provisions of 26 the Washington Industrial Safety and Health Act of 1973 (WISHA). 27 28 The Contractor shall maintain at the project site office, or other well-known place at the project site, all articles necessary for providing first aid to the injured. The Contractor 29 30 shall establish, publish, and make known to all employees, procedures for ensuring 31 immediate removal to a hospital, or doctor's care, persons, including employees, who may have been injured on the project site. Employees should not be permitted to work 32 33 on the project site before the Contractor has established and made known procedures for 34 removal of injured persons to a hospital or a doctor's care.

The Contractor shall have sole responsibility for the safety, efficiency, and adequacy of the Contractor's plant, appliances, and methods, and for any damage or injury resulting from their failure, or improper maintenance, use, or operation. The Contractor shall be solely and completely responsible for the conditions of the project site, including safety for all persons and property in the performance of the work. This requirement shall apply continuously, and not be limited to normal working hours. The required or implied duty of the Engineer to conduct construction review of the Contractor's

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- 1 performance does not, and shall not, be intended to include review and adequacy of the
- 2 Contractor's safety measures in, on, or near the project site.

1-07.7 Load Limits

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- 4 (March 13, 1995 WSDOT GSP)
- 5 If the sources of materials provided by the Contractor necessitates hauling over roads
- 6 other than State Highways, the Contractor shall, at the Contractor's expense, make all
- 7 arrangements for the use of the haul routes.

1-07.16 Protection and Restoration of Property

9 1-07.16(1) Private/Public Property

- 10 (*****)
- Section 1-07.16(1) is supplemented with the following:

12 Survey Monuments

- All existing property corner markers shall be protected from movement by the
- 14 Contractor. All existing markers that must be removed for construction purposes are to
- be referenced by survey ties and then replaced by a Professional Land Surveyor
- registered in the State of Washington. All existing property corner markers disturbed or
- 17 removed by the Contractor's operations which, in the opinion of the Engineer, were not
- required to be removed for construction purposes shall be replaced at the Contractor's
- own expense by a Professional Land Surveyor registered in the State of Washington.

20 1-07.17 Utilities and Similar Facilities

- 21 (April 2, 2007 WSDOT GSP)
- 22 Locations and dimensions shown in the Plans for existing facilities are in accordance with
- 23 available information obtained without uncovering, measuring, or other verification.
- 25 Public and private utilities, or their Contractors, will furnish all work necessary to adjust,
- 26 relocate, replace, or construct their facilities unless otherwise provided for in the Plans or
- 27 these Special Provisions. Such adjustment, relocation, replacement, or construction will be
- done during the prosecution of the work for this project. It is anticipated that utility
- 29 adjustment, relocation, replacement, or construction within the project limits will be
- 30 completed as follows:

31 Snohomish County Public Utility District No. 1 (PUD):

- 32 Relocation of utility poles and overhead wires. This work will occur during the course
- of the construction.

1	Frontier:
2 3	Replacing exiting pedestals with utility vaults. This work will occur during the course of the construction.
4	Wave Broadband:
5	Relocate overhead wires per new PUD pole locations.
6 7 8 9	The Contractor shall attend a mandatory utility preconstruction meeting with the Engineer, all affected Subcontractors, and all utility owners and their Contractors prior to beginning onsite work.
10 11 12 13	The following addresses and telephone numbers of utility companies or their Contractors that will be adjusting, relocating, replacing, or constructing utilities within the project limits are supplied for the Contractor's use:
14	WSDOT Traffic Signals
15 16 17 18 19	Alex Zhang 206-440-4419 zhangal@wsdot.wa.gov Rick Hardin
20 21	425-339-1777 hardinr@wsdot.wa.gov
22	Snohomish County PUD #1
23 24 25	David Wood 425-735-7508 dwood@snopud.com
26	Frontier
27 28 29 30	Ashley Charouhas Office: 425-261-6282 ashley.charouhas@ftr.com
31 32 33	Herb Autery 360-658-2264 Herbert.autery@ftr.com
34	Wave Broadband
35 36 37	Tim Davidson 206-391-8679 tdavidson@wavebroadband.com

1 1-07.17(3) Utility Potholing (New Section) 2 1-07.17(3)A Description 3 The Contractor shall pothole utilities where directed by the Engineer to determine the horizontal and vertical location of existing utilities in advance of the Contractor's 4 operations. Illumination pole locations noted on plan. 5 6 7 For unidentified utilities found during construction that the Engineer determines 8 may interfere with the Contractor's operation. 9 To provide additional information on utility locations not available during the design of the project at locations identified by the Engineer. 10 At locations identified by the Contractor when determined to be necessary to 11 prevent potential substantial delays in the projects construction and approved by 12 13 the Engineer. 14 15 The horizontal and vertical locations of potholed utilities shall be shown on the Contractor maintained redlined drawings for the project to a rag tape level of accuracy. 16 1-07.18 17 **Public Liability and Property Damage Insurance** 18 Delete this section in its entirety, and replace it with the following: 19 1-07.23 **Public Convenience and Safety** 20 1-07.23(1) Construction under Traffic 21 Section 1-07.23(1) is supplemented with the following: (****) 22 23 Work Zone Clear Zone 24 The Work Zone Clear Zone (WZCZ) applies during working and nonworking hours. The WZCZ applies only to temporary roadside objects introduced by the Contractor's 25 operations and does not apply to preexisting conditions or permanent Work. Those work 26 operations that are actively in progress shall be in accordance with adopted and approved 27 28 Traffic Control Plans, and other contract requirements. 29 30 During nonworking hours, equipment or materials shall not be within the WZCZ unless they are protected by permanent guardrail or temporary concrete barrier. The use of 31 32 temporary concrete barrier shall be permitted only if the Engineer approves the installation and location. 33 34 35 During actual hours of work, unless protected as described above, only materials absolutely necessary to construction shall be within the WZCZ and only construction 36 37 vehicles absolutely necessary to construction shall be allowed within the WZCZ or 38 allowed to stop or park on the shoulder of the roadway.

1 2 3 4	The Contractor's nonessential vehicles and employees private vehicles shall not be permitted to park within the WZCZ at any time unless protected as described above.
5 6 7	Deviation from the above requirements shall not occur unless the Contractor has requested the deviation in writing and the Engineer has provided written approval.
8	The minimum WZCZ distances will be 10 feet from the edge of traveled way.
9	(****)
10 11	Lane closures are subject to the following restrictions:
12	1. Two-way traffic must be maintained on SR 531 at all times.
13	2. Single-lane closures are permitted only between 8:30 am and 2:30 pm.
14	3. Existing turning movements on SR 531 must be maintained at all times.
15	4. Emergency, fire, and local access must be maintained at all times.
10	Emergency, ric, and room access mass or maintained at air times.
16	1-07.24 Rights of Way
17	(October 1, 2005 APWA GSP *****)
18 19	Delete this section in its entirety, and replace it with the following:
20 21 22 23	Street right of way lines, limits of easements, and limits of construction permits are indicated in the Plans. The Contractor's construction activities shall be confined within these limits, unless arrangements for use of private property are made.
23 24 25 26 27 28	Generally, the Contracting Agency will have obtained, prior to bid opening, all rights of way and easements, both permanent and temporary, necessary for carrying out the work. Exceptions to this are noted in the Bid Documents or will be brought to the Contractor's attention by a duly issued Addendum.
29 30 31 32 33 34	Whenever any of the work is accomplished on or through property other than public right of way, the Contractor shall meet and fulfill all covenants and stipulations of any easement agreement obtained by the Contracting Agency from the owner of the private property. Copies of the easement agreements may be included in the Contract Provisions or made available to the Contractor as soon as practical after they have been obtained by the Engineer.
35 36 37 38	Whenever easements or rights of entry have not been acquired prior to advertising, these areas are so noted in the Plans. The Contractor shall not proceed with any portion of the work in areas where right of way, easements, or rights of entry have not been acquired

until the Engineer certifies to the Contractor that the right of way or easement is

available or that the right of entry has been received. If the Contractor is delayed due to

acts of omission on the part of the Contracting Agency in obtaining easements, rights of

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entry, or right of way, the Contractor will be entitled to an extension of time. The Contractor agrees that such delay shall not be a breach of contract.

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Each property owner shall be given 48 hours written notice prior to entry by the Contractor. This includes entry onto easements and private property where private improvements must be adjusted.

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The Contractor shall be responsible for providing, without expense or liability to the Contracting Agency, any additional land and access thereto that the Contractor may desire for temporary construction facilities, storage of materials, or other Contractor needs. However, before using any private property, whether adjoining the work or not, the Contractor shall file with the Engineer a written permission of the private property owner, and, upon vacating the premises, a written release from the property owner of each property disturbed or otherwise interfered with by reasons of construction pursued under this contract. The statement shall be signed by the private property owner, or proper authority acting for the owner of the private property affected, stating that permission has been granted to use the property and all necessary permits have been obtained or, in the case of a release, that the restoration of the property has been satisfactorily accomplished. The statement shall include the parcel number, address, and date of signature. Written releases must be filed with the Engineer before the Completion Date will be established.

22 1-08 PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

- 23 Add the following new section:
- 24 1-08.0 Preliminary Matters
- 25 (May 25, 2006 APWA GSP)
- Add the following new section:
- 27 1-08.0(1) Preconstruction Conference
- 28 (October 10, 2008 APWA GSP)

Prior to the Contractor beginning the work, a preconstruction conference will be held between the Contractor, the Engineer, and such other interested parties as may be invited. The purpose of the preconstruction conference will be:

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- 1. To review the initial progress schedule:
- 2. To establish a working understanding among the various parties associated or affected by the work;
- 3. To establish and review procedures for progress payment, notifications, approvals, submittals, etc.;
- 4. To establish normal working hours for the work;
- 5. To review safety standards and traffic control; and
 - 6. To discuss such other related items as may be pertinent to the work.

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The Contractor shall prepare and submit at the preconstruction conference the following:

- 1. A breakdown of all lump sum items;
- 2. A preliminary schedule of working drawing submittals; and
- 3. A list of material sources for approval if applicable.

Add the following new section:

1-08.0(2) **Hours of Work**

(March 8, 2013 APWA GSP)

Except in the case of emergency or unless otherwise approved by the Contracting Agency, the normal straight time working hours for the Contract shall be any consecutive 8-hour period between 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. of a working day with a maximum 1-hour lunch break and a 5-day work week. The normal straight time 8-hour working period for the Contract shall be established at the preconstruction conference or prior to the Contractor commencing the work.

One-way flagged traffic is allowed between 8:30 a.m. and 2:30 p.m. Two-way traffic must be maintained at all other times. Vehicular traffic will not be allowed to back up to I-5 mainline from the southbound and northbound off-ramps during one-way flagged traffic operations. The Contractor will be required to monitor the ramp traffic and allow westbound SR 531 movements during one-way operations when ramp back-ups exist.

 Written permission from the Engineer is required, if a Contractor desires to perform work on holidays, Saturdays, or Sundays; before 7:00 a.m. or after 6:00 p.m. on any day; or longer than an 8-hour period on any day. The Contractor shall apply in writing to the Engineer for such permission, no later than noon on the working day prior to the day for which the Contractor is requesting permission to work.

Permission to work between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. during weekdays and between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 9:00 a.m. on weekends or holidays may also be subject to noise control requirements. Approval to continue work during these hours may be revoked at any time the Contractor exceeds the Contracting Agency's noise control regulations or complaints are received from the public or adjoining property owners regarding the noise from the Contractor's operations. The Contractor shall have no claim for damages or delays should such permission be revoked for these reasons.

Permission to work Saturdays, Sundays, holidays, or other than the agreed upon normal straight time working hours Monday through Friday may be given subject to certain other conditions set forth by the Contracting Agency or Engineer. These conditions may include but are not limited to:

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 The Engineer may require designated representatives to be present during the work. Representatives who may be deemed necessary by the Engineer include, but are not limited to: survey crews; personnel from the Contracting Agency's material testing lab; inspectors; and other Contracting Agency employees when in the opinion of the Engineer, such work necessitates their presence. Considering the work performed on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays as working days with regard to the contract time. Considering multiple work shifts as multiple working days with respect to contract time, even though the multiple shifts occur in a single 24-hour period.
10	1-08.3 Progress Schedule
11	1-08.3(2)AType A Progress Schedule
12	(March 13, 2012 APWA GSP)
13 14	Revise this section to read:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	The Contractor shall submit three (3) copies of a Type A Progress Schedule no later than at the preconstruction conference, or some other mutually agreed upon submittal time. The schedule may be a critical path method (CPM) schedule, bar chart, or other standard schedule format. Regardless of which format used, the schedule shall identify the critical path. The Engineer will evaluate the Type A Progress Schedule and approve or return the schedule for corrections within 15 calendar days of receiving the submittal.
22	1-08.5 Time for Completion
23	(****)
24	Section 1-08.5 is supplement with the following:
25 26 27	Time of completion for this project shall be 90 working days from the Notice to Proceed Date.
28	1-10 TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL
29	1-10.2 Traffic Control Management
30	1-10.2(1) General
31	(December 1, 2008 WSDOT GSP)
32 33	Section 1-10.2(1) is supplemented with the following:

1 2 3	Only training with WSDOT TCS card and WSDOT training curriculum is recognized in the State of Washington. The Traffic Control Supervisor shall be certified by one of the following:
4	The Northwest Laborers-Employers Training Trust
5 6 7	27055 Ohio Ave. Kingston, WA 98346 (360) 297-3035
8	Evergreen Safety Council
9 10 11	401 Pontius Ave. N. Seattle, WA 98109 1-800-521-0778 or (206) 382-4090
12	The American Traffic Safety Services Association
13 14 15 16	15 Riverside Parkway, Suite 100 Fredericksburg, Virginia 22406-1022 Training Dept. Toll Free (877) 642-4637 Phone: (540) 368-1701
17	1-10.2(2) Traffic Control Plans
18	(*****)
19 20	The first sentence of Section 1-10.2(2) is replaced with the following:
21 22 23 24	No approved Traffic Control Plan is provided by the Contracting Agency in the Contract Plans. The Contractor shall submit site-specific Traffic Control for all phases of the project to the Engineer for approval:
25 26 27 28 29	 A minimum of twenty (20) working days in advance of when the Traffic Control will be implemented for work within WSDOT Limited Access (SR 531 and 27th Ave NE traffic signal modification and 27th Ave NE widening). A minimum of five working days in advance of when the Traffic Control will be implemented for work outside WSDOT Limited Access.
30 31 32 33 34 35	The Traffic Control Plans shall be shown on a plan depicting the project site. The Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD, Part 6) shall be used as a guide. Informational WSDOT Traffic Control Plans are included in Appendix D of the Project Manual.
36 37 38	The second paragraph of Section 1-10.2(2) is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:
39 40	The Contractor shall not implement any lane, ramp, roadway or sidewalk closures without a site specific Traffic Control Plan approved by the Engineer.

1 1-10.2(4) Construction Phasing Plan (New Section) 2 (******) 3 This project requires the contractor to completely re-build a three-leg intersection and maintain traffic on a drivable surface throughout the duration of the project. 5 Construction phasing and traffic control are completely interlinked and interdependent for this project. Therefore, a comprehensive construction-phasing plan that is linked to a

comprehensive traffic control plan is required. The intent of the phasing plan is for the Contractor to show how the major elements of work and traffic routing will be accomplished to meet the required goals and parameters established by the City. The intent of the traffic control plan per Section 1-10.2(2) is to show specifically how the

phasing plan traffic routing will be handled.

The construction phasing plans appearing in the Contract Plans show a method of phasing the major construction. All construction alignments, striping, paving, and other traffic control devices shown are schematic only.

The Contractor shall prepare, designate, and adopt in writing the specific construction phasing plan(s) required for their method of performing the work by showing the necessary construction alignments, temporary striping, paving, temporary signs, and other traffic control devices required for the project. The Contractor's construction phasing plan(s) shall be in accordance with the established standards for plan development as shown in the MUTCD, Part VI, as adopted by WSDOT. The Contractor's letter designating and adopting the specific construction phasing plan(s) or any proposed modified plan(s) for the project shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval at least five calendar days in advance of the time the construction begins.

The following restrictions will apply:

Roadway Closure – No complete roadway closure is allowed. The intersection must remain open to traffic at all times.

Emergency Access – Emergency vehicles shall be provided access through the intersection construction at all times.

Minimum Lane Configuration – Eleven (11) feet is the minimum lane width.

Two-way Traffic - Two-way traffic must be maintained on SR 531 at all times.

Single-lane Closures - Single-lane closures are permitted only between 8:30 a.m. and 2:30 p.m..

Turning Movements – Existing turning movements on SR 531 must be maintained at all times.

1	Driving surface – Vehicles will be allowed to drive on subgrade for a maximum of
2	48 hours during construction in accordance with an approved phasing and traffic
3	control plan. All other times will require a temporary driving surface of a minimum
4	of 1-1/2 inches of asphalt-treated base (ATB). Potholes and ruts greater than 2
5	inches deep shall be repaired immediately.
6	
7	The contractor is encouraged to place ATB such that it is at the final ATB grades per
8	the pavement section as shown in the Plans and does not require removal.
9	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

1 2	DIVISION 2 EARTHWORK
3	2-01 CLEARING, GRUBBING, AND ROADSIDE CLEANUP
4	2-01.1 Description
5	(March 13, 1995 WSDOT GSP)
6	Section 2-01.1 is supplemented with the following:
7 8 9	Clearing and grubbing on this project shall be performed within the following limits:
10	The cut and fill limits as shown on the Plans.
11	2-01.3 Construction Requirements
12	Section 2-01.3 is supplemented with the following:
13 14 15 16 17	Existing landscaping, including, but not limited to, sod, rockeries, bark mulch or wood chips, decorative gravel or rock, bushes, and shrubbery adjacent to the work area shall be protected from damage. The cost of this work shall be included in the "Clearing and Grubbing" lump sum bid item.
18	2-01.3(3)A Surface Improvements (New Section)
19 20 21	The Contractor shall be responsible for the protection and preservation of existing surface improvements and trees outside the construction limits and any damage resulting from the Contractor's operations shall be the Contractor's sole responsibility.
22	2-01.3(3)B Subsurface Improvements (New Section)
23 24	The Contractor shall be responsible for locating subsurface improvements and utilities and for coordinating activities with utilities and others.
25	2-02 REMOVAL OF STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS
26	2-02.1 Description
27	Section 2-02.1 is supplemented with the following:
28 29 30 31 32	This work involves the removal of catch basins, storm drainage manholes, storm drainpipes, culverts and full depth pavement at locations shown on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer. The work also includes backfilling trenches, holes, or pits that result from such removal.

1 2-02.2 Materials 2 Section 2-02.2 is supplemented with the following: 3 4 Backfill for structure removal shall meet the requirements of Section 9-03.14(1) for 5 gravel borrow. 2-02.3 Construction Requirements 6 7 Section 2-02.3 is supplemented with the following: 8 9 The Contractor shall stack the material where directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall contact the Engineer at least five working days prior to scheduled delivery of the 10 items to confirm delivery arrangements. 11 12 13 Incidental items shall be removed and disposed of in accordance with the requirements 14 of Section 2-02 of the Standard Specifications. 15 16 The Contractor shall remove and dispose of existing drainage structures or pipes 17 identified for removal in the Plans that lie wholly or partially within the right-of-way. The resulting voids shall be backfilled in accordance with Section 2-03.3(14)C, 18 Method B. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to use native material for backfill if 19 20 the Engineer determines that material is suitable for such use. 21 22 The salvage of any structures shall be in accordance with Section 2-02.3. 23 24 Add the following new section: 25 2-02.3(4) Sawcutting (New Section) 26 Where sawcutting is required, the sawcut shall be 3 inches deep, minimum. Where the existing pavement is more than 3 inches thick, the portion below the top 3 inches may be 27 28 broken after the sawcut is made. Sawcuts shall be cleaned by the use of high-pressure 29 water (1,400 psi or greater), or another method as approved by the Engineer. 30 31 Care shall be taken to prevent damage to the existing pavement specified to remain. All 32 damage to existing pavement specified to remain shall be repaired in accordance with Section 1-07.13. 33

The Contractor shall perform all sawcutting work, including all containment, collection,

and disposal of sawcutting debris and wastewater, in accordance with Section 1-07.5(3)

Add the following new section:

as supplemented in these Special Provisions.

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1	2-02.3(5) Sawcut Residue and Slurry (New Section)
2 3	Construction activities that generate residue from sawcutting shall be subject to the following:
4	Collection, Containment, and Disposal
5	Removal of residue and slurry from the immediate roadway shall be done on a
6	continuous basis. Residue and slurry shall not be allowed to drain across traffic lanes
7	and shoulders or drain into any stormwater conveyance system, including catch basins,
8	inlets, or ditches. Any discharge to surface waters, including wetlands, is a violation of
9	State water quality standards.
10	
11	The Contractor shall develop a Collection, Containment, and Disposal Plan identifying
12 13	how the residue and slurry will be contained and collected. The residue and slurry shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be disposed of by hauling to a
14	Contractor-provided disposal site.
15	Contractor provided disposar site.
16	The approved Collection, Containment, and Disposal Plan shall be implemented prior to
17	commencing any pavement grinding or sawcutting operation.
18	
19	The Contractor shall submit the following items to the Engineer for review and approval
20	ten calendar days prior to commencing the sawcutting operation:
21	
22	1. Collection, Containment, and Disposal Plan identifying all proposed methods to
23	prevent discharges into the existing drainage systems.
24 25	2. Location of all off-site disposal sites, including copies of all applicable permits and approvals for the use of those sites.
26	approvals for the use of those sites.
27	Preparation and implementation of the Collection, Containment, and Disposal Plan shall
28	be incidental to the lump sum cost for "Removal of Structures and Obstructions".
29	2-03 ROADWAY EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT
30	2-03.3 Construction Requirements
31	2-03.3(14)C Compacting Earth Embankments
32 33	Supplement this section with the following:
34	Method B shall be used for this project.

2-05 PAVEMENT PULVERIZING

(New Section)

2 2-05.1 Description

- 3 This Work consists of pulverizing the existing asphalt concrete as indicated on the
- 4 Plans. The Work shall include lowering and protecting existing utility lids; and pulverizing
- 5 in conformance with these specifications and in conformity with the lines, grades, depths,
- 6 and typical cross sections shown on the Plans or as established by the Engineer.

2-05.3 Construction Requirements

- 8 The Work of this Section shall be performed in sequence with other work of this project as
- 9 indicated in Section 1-05.14, "Cooperation with Other Contractors."

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- 11 As shown on the Plans, existing asphalt concrete pavement within the project limits shall be
- pulverized by a method that does not damage or dislodge the material below the existing
- asphalt. Full depth pavement shown on the Plans for removal shall be removed and
- 14 disposed of offsite.

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16 Existing raised pavement markers shall be removed prior to pulverizing of pavement.

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18 The pulverized material shall conform to the following gradation:

Sieve Size 2" square opening Percent Passing (by weight) 100%

- 20 Acceptance of the gradation will be based on visual inspection by the Contracting Agency.
- 21 Pulverized pavement cannot be used under sidewalks or side slopes outside sidewalks.
- 22 Pulverized pavement can only be used within the roadway section.

1 2	DIVISION 5 SURFACE TREATMENTS AND PAVEMENTS
3	5-04 HOT MIX ASPHALT
4	5-04.3 Construction Requirements
5	5-04.3(3)AMaterial Transfer Device / Vehicle
6	(*****)
7 8	The first paragraph of this section is revised to read:
9	Additionally, a material transfer device or vehicle (MTD/V) is not required.
10	5-04.3(7)A2 Statistical or Nonstatistical Evaluation
11	(January 16, 2014 APWA GSP)
12 13	Delete this section and replace it with the following:
14 15	Mix designs for HMA accepted by Nonstatistical or Commercial evaluation shall;
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	 Be submitted to the Engineer on WSDOT Form 350-042 Have the aggregate structure and asphalt binder content determined in accordance with WSDOT Standard Operating Procedure 732 and meet the requirements of Sections 9-03.8(2) and 9-03.8(6). Have anti-strip requirements, if any, for the proposed mix design determined in accordance with WSDOT Test Method T 718 or based on historic anti-strip and aggregate source compatibility from WSDOT lab testing. Anti-strip evaluation of HMA mix designs utilized that include RAP will be completed without the inclusion of the RAP.
26 27 28	At or prior to the preconstruction meeting, the contractor shall provide one of the following mix design verification certifications for Contracting Agency review:
29 30 31 32 33	 The proposed mix design indicated on a WSDOT mix design/anti-strip report that is within one year of the approval date The proposed HMA mix design submittal (Form 350-042) with the seal and certification (stamp & signature) of a valid licensed Washington State Professional Engineer.
34 35 36	• The proposed mix design by a qualified City or County laboratory mix design report that is within one year of the approval date.
37 38 39	The mix design will be performed by a lab accredited by a national authority such as Laboratory Accreditation Bureau, L-A-B for Construction Materials Testing, The Construction Materials Engineering Council (CMEC's) ISO 17025 or AASHTO

1 2 3	Accreditation Program (AAP) and shall supply evidence of participation in the AASHTO Material Reference Laboratory (AMRL) program.
5 5 6	At the discretion of the Engineer, agencies may accept mix designs verified beyond the one-year verification period with a certification from the Contractor that the materials and sources are the same as those shown on the original mix design.
7	5-04.3(8)A1 General
8	(January 16, 2014 APWA GSP)
9 10	Delete this section and replace it with the following:
11 12 13	Acceptance of HMA shall be as defined under nonstatistical or commercial evaluation.
14 15 16	Nonstatistical evaluation will be used for all HMA not designated as Commercial HMA in the contract documents.
17 18 19 20	The mix design will be the initial JMF for the class of HMA. The Contractor may request a change in the JMF. Any adjustments to the JMF will require the approval of the Engineer and must be made in accordance with Section 9-03.8(7).
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Commercial evaluation may be used for Commercial HMA and for other classes of HMA in the following applications: sidewalks, road approaches, ditches, slopes, paths, trails, gores, prelevel, and pavement repair. Other nonstructural applications of HMA accepted by commercial evaluation shall be as approved by the Engineer. Sampling and testing of HMA accepted by commercial evaluation will be at the option of the Engineer. Commercial HMA can be accepted by a contractor certificate of compliance letter stating the material meets the HMA requirements defined in the contract.
29	5-04.3(8)A4 Definition of Sampling Lot and Sublot
30	(January 16, 2014 APWA GSP)
31 32	Section 5-04.3(8)A4 is supplemented with the following:
33 34 35 36 37	For HMA in a structural application, sampling and testing for total project quantities less than 400 tons is at the discretion of the engineer. For HMA used in a structural application and with a total project quantity less than 800 tons but more than 400 tons, a minimum of one acceptance test shall be performed:
38 39	i. If test results are found to be within specification requirements, additional testing will be at the Engineer's discretion.
40 41	ii. If test results are found not to be within specification requirements, additional testing as needed to determine a CPF shall be performed.

- 1 5-04.3(8)A5 Test Results
- 2 (January 16, 2014 APWA GSP)
- 3 The first paragraph of this section is deleted.
- 4 5-04.3(8)A6 Test Methods
- 5 (January 16, 2014 APWA GSP)
- 6 Delete this section and replace it with the following:

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- 8 Testing of HMA for compliance of Va will be at the option of the Contracting
- 9 Agency. If tested, compliance of Va will be use WSDOT Standard Operating
- 10 Procedure SOP 731. Testing for compliance of asphalt binder content will be by
- WSDOT FOP for AASHTO T 308. Testing for compliance of gradation will be by
- WAQTC FOP for AASHTO T 27/T 11.

13 5-05 Cement Concrete Pavement

14 5-05.1 Description

- 15 Section 5-05.1 is supplemented with the following:
- 16 (August 6, 2012)
- 17 This Work consists of furnishing and placing for pigmented, textured, or textured and
- pigmented cement concrete pavement for truck aprons and hardscape areas at the
- locations and depth as shown in the Plans.

20 **5-05.2** Materials

- 21 Section 5-05.2 is supplemented with the following:
- 22 (August 6, 2012)
- 23 Pigment color for cement concrete pavement for truck apron shall be one chosen from
- the manufactures and colors listed below:

Manufacturer	Pigment Color
BASF	"Red River Clay,"
	RC5006
Bominite	"Brick Red"
Dvais Colors	"Brick Red," 160
Increte Systems	"Brick Red"
Solomon Colors	"Brick," 417

Pigment color for cement concrete pavement for hardscape areas shall be one chosen from the manufactures and colors listed below: 2

3

1

Manufacturer	Pigment Color
Davis Colors	"Dark Gray (iron oxide) 860"
Increte Systems	"Dark Gray"

5

6

7

The pigment shall be incorporated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

5-05.3 Construction Requirements

Section 5-05.3 is supplemented with the following:

8 9 10

(****)

11 12

Work shall be performed by workers experienced with concrete stamping and concrete coloring.

13 14 15

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For textured cement concrete pavement, the Contractor shall provide a job-site sample to be approved by the Engineer prior to placing textured cement concrete. The sample shall be a minimum of 6 feet by 6 feet, completed panel, including stamp pattern, integral color, color hardener, powder release agent, and sealer. The job site sample shall be 4-inch depth concrete. The approved sample shall be the standard for the balance of the Work installed and shall be protected against damage until final approval from the Engineer.

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Transverse construction joints and transverse contraction joints shall be placed perpendicular or radial to the back of curb. Joint spacing shall be a maximum of 15 feet apart and equally spaced along the length of the textured cement concrete. Joints and reinforcing shall be constructed as shown in the WSDOT Standard Plan A-40.10-02 of these special provisions.

(August 6, 2012)

Pigmented Cement Concrete

Curing shall be in accordance with Section 5-05.3(13) and be applied to the surface in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If liquid membrane-forming concrete curing compound is used it shall meet the requirements of ASTM C 309 Type 1-D.

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The Contractor shall provide a 2 foot by 2 foot sample panel, that has been cured a minimum seven days, showing the color of cement concrete to the Engineer for acceptance before placing any pigmented cement concrete pavement.

1 (August 6, 2012)

Textured Cement Concrete

Textured cement concrete pavement pattern for truck aprons shall be one chosen from the manufactures and patterns listed below:

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5	

2

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Manufacturer	Pattern
Bomanite	"Running Bond Cobblestone"
Brickform	"Pennsylvania Cobble-Sanded Joint," TM820
Increte Systems, Inc.	"Euro Cobble Running Bond," SECR S001
Matcrete	"Large Cobblestone," P-16
Renew-Crete Systems	"London Cobblestone"
Scofield	"Old Belgium Stone: Running Bond" (4530)

6 7

Textured cement concrete pavement pattern for hardscape areas shall be one chosen from the manufactures and patterns listed below:

8 9

Manufacturer	Pattern
Bomanite	River Rock
Increte Systems,	Savanah Stone
Matcrete	Large River Rock

10 11

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26

- A mat or stamp shall be used to imprint the pattern into the concrete surface.
- 12 Curing shall be in accordance with Section 5-05.3(13) and be applied to the surface in
- accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If liquid membrane-forming
- concrete curing compound is used it shall meet the requirements of ASTM C309
- 15 Type 1-D.

5-05.3(1) Concrete Mix Design for Paving

17 (April 3, 2006)

Submittals

- 19 Prior to beginning any concrete work, the Contractor shall submit a plan, for the
- 20 Engineer's review and approval, outlining the procedures to be used to prevent high pH
- stormwater or dewatering water from entering surface waters. The plan shall include
- how the pH of the water will be maintained between pH 6.5 and pH 8.5 prior to being
- 23 discharged from the project or entering surface waters. The plan shall conform to the
- requirements of Section 8-01.
- 25 (August 6, 2012)

Aggregate for Textured Cement Concrete Pavement

- 27 Coarse aggregate for Textured Cement Concrete Pavement shall conform to
- Section 9-03.1(4), AASHTO grading No. 7. An alternate for combined gradation for
- 29 Textured Cement Concrete Pavement conforming to Section 9-03.1(5) may be proposed,
- 30 that has a nominal maximum aggregate size of 1/2 inch sieve.

1 2 3	DIVISION 7 DRAINAGE STRUCTURES, STORM SEWERS, SANITARY SEWERS, WATER MAINS AND CONDUITS	
4	7-04 STORM SEWERS	
5	7-04.2 Materials	
6 7	Section 7-04.2 is supplemented with the following:	
8 9 10	One of the following materials shall be used for Storm Drain (SD) Pipe unless otherwis indicated on the Plans and approved by the Engineer:	e
11 12 13	Corrugated Polyethylene Storm Sewer Pipe 9-05.20 Polypropylene Storm Sewer Pipe 9-05.24 Ductile Iron Sewer Pipe 9-05.13	
14	7-12 VALVES FOR WATER MAINS 7-12.3 Construction Requirements	
15	7-12.3(2) Adjust Valve and Meter Boxes to Grade (New Section	n)
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Where shown on the Plans, water meter boxes, water meter vaults, blow off valves, existing valve boxes, and covers shall be adjusted to grade as staked or otherwise designated by the Engineer. Adjustments to valves shall also include adjustments to operating nuts as directed by the Engineer. Adjustments to grade shall be performed according to Section 7-05.3(1) Adjusting Manholes, Catch Basins, and Other Structures to Grade.	3
23 24 25	Relocation operations shall be conducted preventing damage to boxes. Parts or material damaged due to Contractor's operations shall be replaced at his expense.	ıls
26 27 28	Contractor shall conduct his box adjustments so fully adjusted box allows respective valve or meter to be fully operational. Contractor shall remove debris from adjusted boxes to ensure such operational condition.	
29	7-17 SANITARY SEWERS	
30	7-17.3 Construction Requirements	
31	7-17.3(3) Adjust Sanitary Sewer Manhole to Grade (New Section	n)
32 33 34 35	Where shown in Plans, sanitary sewer manholes, covers, and cleanouts shall be adjuste to grade as staked or otherwise designated by Engineer. Adjustments to grade shall be performed according to Section 7-05.3(1) Adjusting Manholes, Catch Basins, and Othe Structures to Grade.	

Removal operations shall be conducted preventing damage to manholes. Parts or materials damaged due to Contractor's operations shall be replaced at his expense.

1 2	DIVISION 8 MISCELLANEOUS CONSTRUCTION
3	8-01 EROSION CONTROL AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL
4	8-01.3 Construction Requirements
5	8-01.3(1) General
6	Section 8-01.3(1) is supplemented with the following:
7	Off-Site Stormwater
8 9	Stormwater is known to enter the project site at the following locations:
10 11	1. Through a combination of enclosed systems and open ditches along SR 531
12 13 14 15 16	The Contractor shall, prior to disruption of the normal water course, intercept the off-site stormwater and pipe it either through or around the project site in such a manner that it is not combined with on-site stormwater and is discharged at its pre-construction outfall point in such a manner that there is no increase in erosion below the site.
17 18	The method for performing this work shall be included in the Contractor's amended Temporary Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan.
19	8-01.3(1)ASubmittals
20 21 22 23 24 25	Section 8-01.3(1)A is supplemented with the following: The Contractor shall submit the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures (SPCC) Plan, the amended TESC Plan, and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for Construction Activities and Monitoring Plan at the preconstruction conference.
26	8-01.3(1)B Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Lead
27 28 29 30 31 32	Section 8-01.3(1)B is supplemented with the following: The ESC Lead shall be responsible for implementing the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan for Construction Activities and Monitoring Plan (SWPPP), the approved Temporary Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (TESC), and Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures (SPCC) plan.
33 34	8-01.3(1) F Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan for Construction Activities and Monitoring Plan (SWPPP) (New Section)
35 36	The Contractor's ESC Lead shall update the SWPPP for Construction Activities and Monitoring Plan continually as necessary throughout the life of the project. The SWPPP

2	submit a copy of the SWPPP to the engineer at the pre-construction conference.
3	8-01.3(2) Seeding, Fertilizing, and Mulching
4	8-01.3(2)A Preparation for Application
5	Section 8-01.3(2)A is supplemented with the following:
6	
7	No cultivation shall occur in areas within the drip line of existing vegetation
8 9	scheduled to remain.
10	All areas that are to be seeded or landscaped shall be cleared of undesirable and
11	1
	unwanted vegetation, which may or may not be present on the project site, including
12	Reed Canary Grass, Purple Loosestrife, Himalayan and Evergreen Blackberry,
13	Scotch Broom, Morning Glory, Thistle, Butterfly Bush, Phragmites, and Japanese
14	Knotweed. The site may also include other invasive and competitive vegetation, as
15	determined by the Engineer, which needs to be controlled.
16	
17	Topsoil type A shall not be placed, when in the opinion of the Engineer, a condition
18	detrimental to successful application and incorporation exists.
19	
20	The Contractor shall place topsoil type A to a reasonable even grade in accordance
21	with grading Plans as shown in the Plans and without localized low areas to trap
22	water.
23	8-01.3(2)B Seeding and Fertilizing
24	Section 8-01.3(2)B is supplemented with the following:
25	(January 3, 2006)
26	Grass seed shall be a commercially prepared mix, made up of low growing species
27	which will grow without irrigation at the project location, and approved by the
28	Engineer. The application rate shall be two pounds per 1000 square feet.
20	Engineer. The application rate shall be two pounds per 1000 square reet.
29	(January 3, 2006)
30	Fertilizer shall be a commercially prepared mix of 10-20-20 and shall be applied at
31	the rate of 10 pounds per 1000 square feet.
32	the face of 10 pounds per 1000 square feet.
33	Samples shall be supplied to the Engineer for approval at least 10 days prior to
34	application. Approval is required before usage.
J-T	application. Approval is required before usage.
35	8-01.3(2)C Liming
36	Section 8-01.3(2)C is supplemented with the following:
37	() 11
38	Lime shall be applied at the rate of 1,000 pounds per acre.
39	, r

must be available on site for review by the Department of Ecology. The Contractor shall

8-01.3(8) Street Cleaning

Section 8-01.3(8) is supplemented with the following:

The Contractor shall be responsible for controlling dust and mud within the project limits and on any street that is utilized by his equipment for the duration of the project. The Contractor shall be prepared to use power sweepers and any other pieces of equipment necessary to avoid creating a nuisance or safety hazard. All streets used by the Contractor under this Contract shall be maintained in a clean condition.

Contractors, operating dump trucks and other equipment on paved streets and roadways outside the area of construction, shall clean these streets at the conclusion of each day's operation and, if required by the Contracting Agency, during the day. Streets within the area of construction will require cleaning on a daily basis.

Any violation of these requirements will result in a citation for littering the traveled way and will be sufficient grounds for the Contracting Agency to order the roadways, streets, and appurtenances cleaned by others and to deduct all costs of such cleaning from any monies due or to become due to the Contractor.

Complaints of dust, mud, or unsafe practices and/or property damage to Contracting Agency will be transmitted to the Contractor and prompt action in correcting will be required. Written notice of correction of complaint items will be required should repetitive complaints be received by the Contracting Agency. Should the Contractor fail to perform, the Contracting Agency shall, at the Contractor's expense, hire the necessary work done.

Upon completion of the work, the Contractor shall remove all rubbish, scrap material, tools, surplus materials, and equipment used in and about the work.

Before the Contract shall be considered complete and prior to final payment, the Contractor shall remove all surplus materials, temporary structures, including foundations, thereof, debris of every nature, resulting from his operations, shall clean out all ditches that may have been filled during the work, replace damaged surfacing, and put the site in a neat, orderly condition.

8-02 ROADSIDE RESTORATION

8-02.1 Description

38 Section 8-02.1 is replaced with following:

This work consists of furnishing and placing topsoil, compost, mulch, soil amendments, quarry spalls, landscape boulders, and weed barrier fabric and furnishing and planting container plants, balled and burlapped plants, seeding, controlling weeds, performing

1 2 3 4 5	plant establishment activities, and soil bioengineering in accordance with these Specifications and as shown in the Plans or as designated by the Engineer. Trees, shrubs, ground covers, and seeds will hereinafter be referred to collectively as "plants" or "plant material".
6 7 8	Plant material quantity, size and condition, and spacing shall be as indicated in the Plans or these Special Provisions.
9 10 11 12 13 14	All landscape work shall be performed by a licensed Landscaping Contractor registered in the State of Washington. Landscaping shall be performed as shown on the Plans, in accordance with the 2014 Standard Specifications, the latest edition of the American Nursery and Landscape Association (the A.N.L.A. Standard) and these Special Provisions.
15 16 17 18 19 20	The Contractor must be experienced in landscape work of the highest quality and have facilities and personnel adequate for the work specified. The Contractor shall be acquainted with all other work related to site improvements and other work which might affect preparation for or installation of planting. The Contractor must be familiar with the A.N.L.A. Standard.
21 22 23	Layout is diagrammatic and may require field adjustment according to the direction of the Engineer. Any discrepancies in the Plans shall be brought to the immediate attention of the Engineer before work proceeds further.
242526	Definition: The word "provide" means "furnish and install" for this Work.
	2.2 Materials
28	Section 8-02.2 is supplemented with the following:
29	Tree Root Barriers
30 31 32	Tree root barriers shall be an injection molded or extruded modular component made of high-density polypropylene or polyethylene plastic with a minimum of 30% recycled materials. Panels shall have a minimum thickness of 0.080" (2 mm). Each
33 34 35 36 37	panel shall have molded vertical ribs (four minimum) and locking strips, integral male/female sliding locks, intergraded zipper joining system. Vertical root-deflecting ribs or channels shall be between 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) and 0.008" (0.2 mm) high, perpendicular to the panel, and between 5.91 inches (150 mm) and 7.87 inches (200 mm) apart. Panels shall be a minimum of 24-inches wide by 36-inches deep, or
38 39	as shown on the Plans. The Contractor shall submit for approval a catalogue cut for the material and installation.

8-02.3 Construction Requirements

8-02.3(4)ATopsoil Type "A"

Section 8-02.3(4) A is supplemented with the following:

40

1 2

Topsoil Type A shall be Cedar Grove 3-Way Topsoil. Provide a 1-gallon sample, fertility analysis, and sieve analysis from an approved topsoil laboratory to Engineer for approval prior to delivery.

8-02.3(5) Planting Area Preparation

Section 8-02.3(5) is supplemented with the following:

After the initial planting area weed control, soil placement, and grading are completed, and prior to the installation of planting, all designated planting areas shall be amended with Topsoil Type A.

<u>Subgrades</u>: Contractor shall establish subgrades at a depth sufficient for the specified depth of topsoil, mulch, and quarry spalls. Establish subgrades during dry soil conditions immediately prior to topsoil placement to avoid construction activity compaction. Remove and dispose of vegetation, crushed rock, excess asphalt, surface irrigation components not to remain, excess material, construction waste debris, and rock as required to create subgrades. Eradicate any surface vegetation rooted in the subgrade. Thoroughly scarify and rip all compacted subgrades in landscape planting beds and street tree planting areas to a depth of 6 inches during dry conditions prior to topsoil placement. Remove all surface rocks, vegetation, and debris larger than 3 inches.

The Contractor shall rake planting areas free of all rock, roots, vegetation, and debris larger than 1 inch and remove and dispose off site prior to planting.

8-02.3(7) Layout of Planting

Section 8-02.3(7) is replaced with the following:

The Contractor shall stake the locations of plants for approval by the Engineer prior to any installation activities. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to relocate any plant material installed without the prior location approval of the Engineer. The Plans are diagrammatic. Promptly notify the Engineer of any conflicts between Drawing locations of plant materials and field conditions. The placement of trees shall comply with the City of Marysville's code requirements for minimum setbacks from underground utilities, fire hydrants, and light poles. Trees shall be located so that their trunk is a minimum of one-third of the spray radius away from the nearest sprinkler head.

8-02.3 (10)Fertilizers

Section 8-02.3(10) is supplemented with the following:

Fertilizer: The Contractor shall provide slow release granular or pelleted fertilizer consisting of 50 percent water-insoluble nitrogen, phosphorous, and potassium in the following composition by weight:

1	20 percent nitrogen
2	10 percent phosphorous
3	10 percent potassium
4	
5	Fertilizer shall be less than 0.5 percent inert contaminants and free of toxic
6	substances.
7	
8	Fertilizer Tablets: The Contractor shall provide slow release commercial grade 21
9	gram fertilizer in tablet form in the following composition by weight plus
10	micronutrients:
11	
12	20 percent nitrogen
13	10 percent phosphorous
14	5 percent potassium
15	
16	Fertilizer shall be less than 0.5 percent inert contaminants and free of toxic
17	substances.
18	
19	The Contractor shall provide and apply fertilizer at the time of initial planting. The
20	contractor shall retain empty fertilizer containers for review by the Engineer.
21	
21 22 23 24	<u>Landscape Area:</u> The Contractor shall apply fertilizer according to the
23	manufacturer's instructions throughout area to be planted.
24	
25	<u>Fertilizer Tablets:</u> The Contractor shall evenly distribute within the planting pits
26	6 fertilizer tablets per tree and 2 fertilizer tablets per shrub.
27	8-02.3 (13) Plant Establishment
	Section 8-02.3(13) is supplemented with the following:
28 29	Section 8-02.3(13) is supplemented with the following.
30	The plant establishment plan shall show the scheduling, frequency, dates, materials,
31	and equipment utilized, whichever may apply, for all plant establishment activities
32	including, but not limited to, the following:
33	merading, but not ininted to, the following.
34	A. Plant Establishment Activities:
35	71. Trant Establishment receivates.
36	1. Weed Control: Remove weeds and invasive plant materials not installed with
37	this Work bi-weekly from April 1 to October 1 and monthly during other
38	months.
39	2. Fertilizing: Apply fertilizer to the landscape area, excluding the bio-retention
40	cells, according to manufacturer's instructions once annually in April.
41	3. Litter and Debris Removal: Remove litter from the site monthly and remove
42	any litter or landscape debris from hardscape surfaces with each visit. Rake
43	and remove leaves once annually in November.
	J

1 2	4. Pruning: Once annually prune as required to remove damaged plant materials throughout the year. For trees, prune only as necessary to remove			
3	damaged limbs.			
4	5. Insect and Disease Control.			
5	6. Erosion Control Methods and Procedures: Promptly notify Engineer of any			
6	visible signs of erosion or settlement and corrective action being taken.			
7	7. Plant care: Adjust tree staking as required. Immediately remove and replace			
8	broken tree stakes. Adjust plant material that has settled or is leaning.			
9	Remove and replace diseased, dying, dead, or missing plant materials during			
10	the plant establishment period. Remove and replace any trees with a			
11	damaged or missing central leader. The Work does not include vehicular			
12	damage caused by others than the Contractor.			
13				
14	B. Other items as determined by the Contractor.			
15	-			
16	C. Supervisor/Responsible Contact Name.			
17				
18	1. Local address.			
19	2. Local telephone number.			
20				
21	D. Sign and date the Plant Establishment Plan.			
22				
23	Failure to comply with the plant establishment plan or to revise the plan as outlined by			
24	the Engineer will increase the duration of the plant establishment period.			
25				
26	Failure to comply with corrective steps as outlined by the Engineer will result in a			
27	suspension of time for the plant establishment period.			
28				
29	Any such suspension of time will not be lifted until all unsatisfactory conditions have			
30	been corrected to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Any suspensions for noncompliance			
31	will increase the duration of the plant establishment period.			
32	8-04 CURB, GUTTERS, AND SPILLWAYS			
33	8-04.3 Construction Requirements			
33	0-04.5 Construction requirements			
34	8-04.3(1) Cement Concrete Curbs, Gutters, and Spillways			
35	Section 8-04.3(1) is supplemented with the following:			
36				
37	Truck Apron Cement Concrete Curb shall be constructed with air entrained concrete			
38	Class 4000 conforming to the requirements of Section 6-02. All other requirements			
39	for Cement Concrete Curb shall apply to Truck Apron Cement Concrete Curb.			
40	The state of the s			
41	Concrete placement shall be accomplished with line and grade control such that a			
42	10-foot-long straight edge placed on the concrete surface in the gutter or against the			

1		face of the curb shows no variance greater than 1/8 inch in grade or 1/4 inch on line,		
2	except at a designed angle point. Under no circumstances shall variances be allowed			
3	that cause drainage away from the catch basin or other drainage structures.			
4				
5	Th	ne first sentence in the fourth paragraph of Section 8-04.3(1) is revised to read:		
6				
7		Expansion joints in the curb or curb and gutter shall be spaced at 15-foot intervals, at		
8		the beginning and end of curb returns, drainage structures, bridges, and cold joints		
9		with existing curbs and gutters.		
10	8-06	CEMENT CONCRETE DRIVEWAY ENTRANCES		
11	8-06.1	Description		
12 13	Sectio	n 8-06.1 is supplemented with the following:		
14	Th	is Work shall consist of constructing Cement Concrete Driveway as shown in the		
15		ans and in accordance with these Specifications.		
16	8-06.3	Construction Requirements		
17 18	Delete	e this Section and replace it with the following:		
19	Th	the concrete mix for all work shall be air-entrained concrete Class 4000 according to		
20		ction 6-02 Concrete Structures, with a maximum slump of 3-1/2 inches. The		
21	Contractor shall use a three-day mix to minimize the down time for access.			
22		And action than about an object to minimize the down time for access.		
23	Th	ne Contractor shall maintain access to all properties at all times by use of crushed		
24		rfacing top course or as directed by the Engineer. All costs associated with		
25		aintaining access during construction shall be considered incidental to and included in		
26		e various bid items involved.		
27				
28	Co	ontractor shall place and maintain crushed surfacing material adjacent to all existing		
29		iveway and sidewalk edges to provide a temporary gradual surface transition until		
30	fin	nal pavement is placed.		
31				
32	Co	ontractor shall notify property owners, in writing, with additional copy given to City's		
33		oject Manager, a minimum of 48 hours in advance of removal of each property		
34	ow	vners' driveway.		
35				
36	Dr	iveways shall be placed in two sections to maintain access, unless otherwise approved		
37	by	the property owner and the Engineer.		
38				
39	Dr	riveway surface finish shall comply with Section 8-14.3 of the Standard Specifications.		

8-14 CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALKS

2	8-14.3 Construction Requirements
3	Section 8-14.3 is supplemented with the following:
5 6 7	Cement concrete bike ramp and sidewalk ramp, shall be constructed per details shown in the Plans.
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Any sidewalk damaged, defaced, cracked, chipped, or determined to be of poor workmanship, in the opinion of the Contracting Agency, shall be removed, wastehauled, and replaced by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense. Damaged sidewalk shall be removed at a construction or expansion joint; sawcutting will not be allowed. Sacking, grinding, or spot repaired shall not be considered an acceptable means for repairing unacceptable sections. The Contractor shall further provide verbal and written notice (door hanger) to property owners abutting the Project identifying restricted use of these facilities, etc. This notice must be provided 1 week prior and again 1 day prior to the work being performed.
17 18	8-20A ILLUMINATION, TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEMS, AND ELECTRICAL - SIGNAL MODIFICATION ONLY
19	8-20A.1 Description
20 21 22 23 24	These special provisions pertain to the proposed traffic signal modification at the SR 531/27th Ave. NE intersection. The traffic signal modification is a result of adding an additional southbound lane. Modification will include replacement of vehicle detection loops, pedestrian signal indication relocation, traffic signal display modification, installation of new traffic signs, new conduit installation, and electrical conductor replacement as necessary.
25	8-20A.2 Materials
26	Section 8-20.2 is supplemented with the following:
27	Conduit, Innerduct, and Outerduct
28	Section 9-29.1 is supplemented with the following:
29	(NWR August 10, 2009)
30	Conduit Sealing
31 32	Mechanical plugs for cabinet conduit sealing shall be one of the following:
33 34	 Tyco Electronics - TDUX Jackmoon – Triplex Duct Plugs
35	3. O-Z Gedney – Conduit Sealing Bushings

1	The mechanical plug shall withstand a minimum of 5 psi of pressure.
2	Rigid Metal Conduit Fittings and Appurtenances
3	Section 9-29.1(2) is supplemented with the following:
4	(August 10, 2009)
5	Conduit Coatings
6	Electroplated couplings are not allowed.
7	(NWR March 4, 2009)
8	Surface Mounting Conduit Attachment Components
9 10 11	Channel supports and all fastening hardware components shall be Type 304 stainless steel. Conduit clamps shall be one piece, two bolt units with lock washers.
12	Junction Boxes, Cable Vaults, and Pull Boxes
13	Standard Duty Junction Boxes
14	Section 9-29.2(1)A is supplemented with the following:
15	(January 7, 2013)
16	Concrete Junction Boxes
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Both the slip-resistant lid and slip-resistant frame shall be treated with Mebac#1 as manufactured by IKG industries, or SlipNOT Grade 3-coarse as manufactured by W.S. Molnar Co. Where the exposed portion of the frame is ½ inch wide or less the slip-resistant treatment may be omitted on that portion of the frame. The slip-resistant lid shall be identified with permanent marking on the underside indicating the type of surface treatment ("M1" for Mebac#1; or "S3" for SlipNOT Grade 3-coarse) and the year manufactured. The permanent marking shall be 1/8 inch line thickness formed with a stainless steel weld bead.
25	Standard Duty Cable Vaults and Pull Boxes
26	Section 9-29.2(2)A is supplemented with the following:
27	(January 7, 2013)
28 29 30 31 32 33	Both the slip-resistant lid and slip-resistant frame shall be treated with Mebac#1 as manufactured by IKG industries, or SlipNOT Grade 3-coarse as manufactured by W.S. Molnar Co. Where the exposed portion of the frame is 1/2 inch wide or less the slip-resistant treatment may be omitted on that portion of the frame. The slip-resistant lid shall be identified with permanent marking on the underside indicating the type of surface treatment ("M1" for Mebac#1; or "S3" for

1 2	SlipNOT Grade 3-coarse) and the year manufactured. The permanent marking shall be 1/8 inch line thickness formed with a stainless steel weld bead.
3	Cover Markings
4	Section 9-29.2(4) is supplemented with the following:
5	(NWR February 11, 2013)
6	Junction Box Identification
7 8 9 10 11	Junction boxes shall be marked "WSDOT" when the junction boxes are to be installed as part of a future raceway system in a bridge structure, vehicle barrier, pedestrian barrier, or roadway crossing and the future raceway system is not connected to an illumination, signal, interconnect, or ITS raceway system.
12 13 14	Junction boxes, pull boxes and cable vaults containing only Traffic Signal Interconnect (fiber optics) cable shall be marked or embossed with the legend "COMM".
15	Electrical Conductors and Cable
16	Section 9-29.3(2) is supplemented with the following:
17	(NWR October 5, 2009)
18	Video Detection Cable
19 20 21 22 23	Coaxial cable or combination (composite/Siamese) cable for video detection shall be RG59/U with a manufacturer's rating of 600 Volts (Non UL - manufacturer's voltage rating of the insulation is acceptable). Combination cable shall be in accordance with the video detection system manufacturer's recommendations for the length of cable required.
24	Multi-Conductor Cable
25	Section 9-29.3(2)B is supplemented with the following:
26	(NWR August 19, 2013)
27 28	Two-conductor through ten-conductor unshielded control cable shall be size 14 AWG.

1	Detector Lo	oop Wire		
2	Section 9-29	29.3(2)F is revised to read as follows:		
3	(NWR October 5, 2009)			
4 5 6	conf	form to IMSA Specification	4 AWG stranded copper conductors, and shall n 51-7, with cross-linked polyethylene (XLPE) nylene outer jacket (PE tube).	
7	Twisted Par	ir Communications Cabl	e	
8	Section 9-29	9.3(2)I is supplemented wi	ith the following:	
9	(NW	R August 10, 2009)		
10	Aeri	ial Communication Cabl	e	
1 1 2		Aerial communication cable shall meet REA specification PE-38 and shall be 22 gauge. The number of cable pairs shall be as shown in the Plans.		
13	Light And Sign	ıal Standards		
14	Section 9-29.6 i	is supplemented with the f	following:	
15	(April 1, 2013)			
16	Traffic Signal Standards			
17 18 19	Traffic signal standards shall be furnished and installed in accordance with the methods and materials noted in the applicable Standard Plans, pre-approved plans, or special design plans.			
20 21 22 23 24	Structural S	upports for Highway Sign	AASHTO Standard Specifications for s, Luminaires and Traffic Signals. Welding 6-03.3(25)A Welding Inspection.	
25 26 27	Hardened washers shall be used with all signal arm connecting bolts instead of lockwashers. All signal arm ASTM A 325 connecting bolts tightening shall comply with Section 6-03.3(33).			
28 29 30	Traffic signal standard types and applicable characteristics are as follows:			
31 32	Type PPB	Pedestrian push button p to one of the following	posts shall conform to Standard Plan J-20.10 or pre-approved plans:	
33 34 35 36 37		<u>Fabricator</u> Northwest Signal Supply Inc. Valmont Ind. Inc.	Drawing No. NWS 3540 Rev. 2 and NWS 3540B Rev. 2 DB00655 Rev. J	
38			Sheet's 1, 2 & 3	

1 2 3 4 5		Ameron Pole Prod. Div. Union Matal Corp.	WA10TR-1 & WAPPBPBA TA-10035 Rev. R6
5 6 7		Union Metal Corp.	Sht. 1
8 9 10		West Coast Engineering Group	WSDOT-PP-01 Rev. 1
11 12		KW Industries	10-200-PED-1 Rev. 7, Sheets 1, 2 and 3
13 14 15 16	Type PS	Pedestrian signal standards shal to one of the following pre-appr	l conform to Standard Plan J-20.16 or roved plans:
17		Fabricator	Drawing No.
18		Northwest Signal	NWS 3540 Rev. 2 and
19		Supply Inc.	NWS 3540B Rev. 2
20		2 PF - 7	
21		Valmont Ind. Inc.	DB00655 Rev.J
22			Sht. 1, 2 & 3
23			Sit. 1, 2 & 3
24		Ameron Pole	WA10TR-1 & WA10TR-2
25		Prod. Div.	WMIOTR-I & WMIOTR-2
		Flod. Div.	
26		II.: Martal Cama	TA 10025 D D17
27		Union Metal Corp.	TA-10025 Rev. R17
28			Sht. 1 & 2
29		W G	
30		West Coast	
31		Engineering Group	WSDOT-PP-02 Rev. 1
32			
33		American Pole	WS-PP-03 Rev. 1D
34		Structures, Inc.	
35			
36		KW Industries	10-200-PED-1
37			Rev. 7, Sheets 1, 2 and 3
38 39	Type I Type I vehicle the following pre-ap	•	to Standard Plan J-21.15 or to one of
40		Fabricator	<u>Drawing No.</u>
41		Northwest Signal	NWS 3540 Rev. 2 and
42		Supply Inc.	NWS 3540B Rev. 2
43		Sappij me.	1 55 10 5 10. 2
44		Valmont Ind. Inc.	DB00655 Rev. J

1			Sht. 1 2 & 3
2 3		Ameron Pole	WA10TR-1 & WA10TR-2
4		Prod. Div	WMIOIR-I & WMIOIR-2
5			
6		Union Metal Corp.	TA-10025 Rev. R17
7			Sht. 1 & 2
8			
9		W C	
10		West Coast	WCDOT DD 02 Day 1
11 12		Engineering Group	WSDOT-PP-02 Rev. 1
13		American Pole	WS-PP-03 Rev. 1D
14		Structures, Inc.	WB 11 03 Rev. 12
15		24.000.205, 2	
16		KW Industries	10-200-PED-1
17			Rev. 7, Sheets 1, 2 and 3
18			
19	Type FB		ard shall conform to Standard Plan J-
20		21.16 or the following pre-appr	oved plan:
21		7.1	5 · V
22		Fabricator	Drawing No.
23 24		Union Metal Corp	50200-B58 Rev. R6
24 25			Sht. 1 & 2
26		Valmont Ind. Inc.	DB00655 Rev.J
27		vaimont md. mc.	Sht. 1 2 & 3
28			Sit. 12 & 3
29		Ameron Pole	WA10TR-1 & WA10TR-2
30		Prod. Div.	
31			
32		Northwest Signal	NWS 3540 Rev. 2 and
33		Supply, Inc.	NWS 3540B Rev. 2
34			10 200 777
35		KW Industries	10-200-PED-1
36			Rev. 7, Sheets 1, 2 and 3
37 38	Tyma DM	Type DM romp motor standard	shall conform to Standard Dlan I 22 15
38 39	Type RM	or the following pre-approved p	shall conform to Standard Plan J-22.15
40		Fabricator	Drawing No.
41		Union Metal Corp	50200-B58 Rev. R6
42		emon Metar corp	Sht. 1 & 2
43			
44		Valmont Ind. Inc.	DB00655 Rev. J
45			Sht. 1 2 & 3
46			

1 2 3		Ameron Pole Prod. Div.	WA10TR-1 & WA10TR-2
4 5 6		Northwest Signal Supply, Inc.	NWS 3540 Rev. 2 and NWS 3540B Rev. 2
7 8 9		KW Industries	10-200-PED-1 Rev. 7, Sheets 1, 2 and 3
10 11 12	Type CCTV	Type CCTV camera pole standa following pre-approved Plans:	rds shall conform to one of the
13 14		<u>Fabricator</u> Valmont Industries, Inc.	Drawing No. DB 00759 Rev. L
15			
16 17		Ameron Pole Product Div.	W6CCTV1 Rev F & W6CCTV2 Rev A
18 19		West Coast Engineering Group	AD WSDOT CD 01 Pay 2
20		West Coast Engineering Group	AF-WSDOT-CF-01-Rev. 3
21 22		American Pole Structures, LLC	WS-CP-01 Rev. 1C Sht. 1 & 2
23		Union Metal Corporation	Drawing No. P33-B318, R11.1,
24 25		Union Metal Corporation	Sheets 1, 2 of 2 Drawing No. P33-B323, Rev. 3
26 27		•	Sheets 1, 2 of 2
28		Northwest Signal Supply,Inc.	Drawing No. NWS 3545 (For Type
29			CCTV) Rev. 1
30 31		KW Industries	Drawing No. 10-200-CAM-1
32		Kw maustres	Rev. 6, Sheets 1 and 2
33			,
34 35	Type II	Characteristics:	
35 36		Luminaire mounting height	N.A.
37		Luminaire arms	N.A.
38		Luminaire arm length	N.A.
39		Signal arms	One Only
40		C	•
41		Type II standards shall conform	to one of the following pre-approved
42		plans, provided all other require	ments noted herein have been satisfied.
43			loadings in cubic feet are noted after
44		fabricator.	
45			
46			

1	Signal Arm		
	Length (max)	$\underline{Fabricator}_{-}(x) (y) (z)$	Drawing No.
2 3	65 ft.	Valmont Ind. Inc(2894)	DB00625-Rev.R,
4		,	Shts. 1, 2,3 & 4
5			
6	65 ft.	Union Metal Corp. (2900)	71026-B86 Rev. R10.1,
7		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Shts. 1, 2, & 3 of 3
8			
9	65 ft.	Ameron Pole-(2900)	W3724-1 Rev. J &
10		Prod. Div.	W3724-2 Rev.G
11			
12	65 ft.	Northwest Signal-(2802)	NWS 3500 Rev. 4
13		Supply Inc.	or NWS 3500B
14			Rev. 4
15			
16	45 ft.	American Pole(1875)	WS-T2-L Rev. 8
17		Structures, Inc.	Sheet 1 & 2 of 2
18			
19	65 ft.	American Pole (2913)	WS-T2-H Rev. 8
20		Structures, Inc.	Sheets 1 & 2 of 2
21			
22	65 ft.	KW Industries	10-200-TSP-4 Rev. 5,
23			Sheets 1, 2, and 3
24			
25	65 ft	West Coast	WSDOT-TS-01 Rev. 3
26		Engineering Group	Sheets 1, 2, and 3
27			
28			
29	65 ft.	Maico	WSDOTMA Rev. 3
30		Industries (2894)	Sheets 1, 2 and 3
31			
32	Type III C	haracteristics:	
33	_		
34	L	uminaire mounting height 30 ft.,	
35		35 ft.,	
36		40 ft.,	
37	_	or 50 f	
38		uminaire arms One O	2
39		uminaire arm type Type 1	
40		uminaire arm length (max.) 16 ft.	
41	S	ignal arms One O	nly
42	T		
43		standards shall conform to one of the follow	
44		all other requirements noted herein have b	
45	(x)(y)(z) signal arm loadings in cubic feet are note	d after fabricator.
46			

1 2 3 4 5 6	Signal Arm Length (max) 65 ft.	Fabricator-(x) (y) (z) Valmont Ind. Inc(2947)	Drawing No. DB00625-Rev.R, Shts. 1, 2, 3 & 4 and"J" luminaire arm
7 8	65 ft.	Union Metal Corp. (2900)	71026-B87 Rev. R11 Shts. 1, 2 & 3
9 10 11 12	65 ft.	Ameron Pole-(2900) Prod. Div.	W3724-1 Rev. J & W3724-2 Rev. G and "J" luminaire arm
13 14 15 16	65 ft.	Northwest Signal-(2802) Supply Inc.	NWS 3500 Rev. 4 or NWS 3500B Rev. 4
17 18 19 20	45 ft.	American Pole (1875) Structures, Inc.	WS-T3J-L, Rev. 11 Sheets 1 & 2 of 2
21 22 23	65 ft.	American Pole (2913) Structures, Inc.	WS-T3J-H, Rev. 10 Sheets 1 & 2 of 2
24 25 26	65 ft	West Coast Engineering Group	WSDOT-TS-01 Rev. 3 Sheets 1, 2, and 3
27 28 29	65 ft.	Maico Industries (2947)	WSDOTMA Rev. 3 Sheets 1, 2 and 3 and "J" luminaire arm
30 31 32 33	65 ft.	KW Industries	10-200-TSP-3 Rev. 5, Sheets 1, 2, and 3
34 35 36 37	71 71 1	oole standards shall be consisten ard Plan J-7c or one of the follo	
38 39 40 41	Fabricator Northwest Signa Supply Inc.	Drawing No. al NWS 3520 Rev. 2 or N	WS 3520B Rev. 2,
42 43 44	Valmont Industr	ries, Inc. DB006885, R Sheets 1 and 2	
45 46	Ameron Pole Prod. Div.	M3650 Rev.	G

1		TT	Matal Cama	EA 10224 B B12
2 3		Unio	n Metal Corp.	EA-10224 Rev. R13 Sheet 1 of 1
4				Sheet 1 of 1
5		Amer	rican Pole	9000-12-037 Rev. A
6		Struc	tures, Inc.	
7				
8		Maic	o Industries	WA-SP-4 Rev.2, Sheets 1 and 2 of 2
9		12337 1	[10 200 CD 1 D 4
10 11		KWI	Industries	10-200-SP-1 Rev. 4, Sheets 1 and 2
12				Sheets 1 and 2
13		KW I	Industries	10-200-SP-2 Rev. 5,
14		11.11	industries	Sheets 1 and 2
15				2.1000 1 und 2
16	Type V	Type	V combination strain p	pole and lighting standards shall be
17	2.1	consi	stent with details in the pla	ans and Standard Plan J-7c or one of the
18		follow	ving pre-approved plans:	
19				
20		<u>Fabri</u>		<u>Drawing No.</u>
21			west Signal	NWS 3520 Rev. 2
22		Supp	ly Inc.	or NWS 3520B Rev. 2
23		3 7 1		DD00<007 D
24		valm	ont Industries, Inc.	DB006885, Rev. A
25				Sheets 1 and 2
26 27		Amor	on Pole	M3650 Rev. G
28		Prod.		W3030 Rev. G
29		i iou.	DIV.	
30		Unio	n Metal Corp.	EA-10225, Rev. R13
31			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Shts. 1 & 2
32				
33		Amer	rican Pole	9020-12-007 Rev. B
34		Struc	tures, Inc.	
35				
36		Maic	o Industries	WA-SP-5 Rev. 2, Sheets 1, 2 & 3
37				and "J" luminaire arm
38			701 1 · · · 1 11 1	T 1.160
39				be Type 1, 16 foot maximum and the
40 41			· · ·	at shall be 40 feet or 50 feet as noted in
42			the plans.	
43	Type S	D	Type SD standards requi	ire special design. All special design
44	Type b			test AASHTO Standard Specifications
45				for Highway Signs, Luminaires and
46				oproved plans and as follows:
				•

	1. A 90 mph wind loading shall be used.
	2. The Design Life and Recurrence Interval shall be 50 years
	for luminaire support structures.
	2 F (1 : 1 !! C
	3. Fatigue design shall conform to AASHTO Section 11,
	Table 11-1 using fatigue category III.
	Complete coloulations for structural design, including anchor
	Complete calculations for structural design, including anchor
	bolt details, shall be prepared by a Professional Engineer,
	licensed under Title 18 RCW, State of Washington, in the branch
	of Civil or Structural Engineering or by an individual holding
	valid registration in another state as a civil or structural Engineer.
J	Eligilicei.
	All shop drawings and the cover page of all calculation
	submittals shall carry the Professional Engineer's original
	signature, date of signature, original seal, registration number,
	and date of expiration. The cover page shall include the contract
	number, contract title, and sequential index to calculation page
	numbers. Two copies of the associated design calculations shall
	be submitted for approval along with shop drawings.
'	oc submitted for approval along with shop drawings.
1	Details for handholes and luminaire arm connections are
	available from the Bridges and Structures Office.
•	available from the Bridges and Butdetares Office.
Foundations for vari	ous types of standards shall be as follow:
1 oundations for vari	ous types of standards shall be as follow.
Type PPB	As noted on Standard Plan J-20.10.
	As noted on Standard Plan J-21.10-02
* *	As noted on Standard Plan J-21.10-02
	As noted on Standard Plan J-21.10-02
	As noted on Standard Plan J-29.15-00
5 1	As noted in the Plans.
- 1	As noted in the Plans.
	As noted in the Plans and Standard Plan J-7c.
	As noted in the Plans and Standard Plan J-7c.
Type SD	As noted in the Plans.
~ 1	
	Foundations for variable Type PPB Type PS Type I Type FB Type RM Type CCTV Type II Type III Type III Type IV Type IV

1	Steel Light and Signal Standards
2	Section 9-29.6(1) is supplemented with the following:
3	(NWR May 1, 2006)
4	Light and Signal Standard Painting
5	Galvanized steel light and signal standards shall not be painted.
6	Electrical Splice Materials
7	Section 9-29.12 is supplemented with the following:
8	Traffic Signal Splice Material
9	Section 9-29.12(2) is supplemented with the following:
10	(NWR March 1, 2011)
11 12	Induction loop splices shall be either the heat shrink type or the re-enterable type with end cap seals.
13	Vehicular Signal Heads, Displays and Housing
14	Section 9-29.16 is supplemented with the following:
15	(NWR February 11, 2013)
16	Back Plate
17	Back plates shall be constructed of louvered anodized aluminum.
18	(NWR March 8, 2000)
19	Fiber Optic Signal Head
20 21	A 12 inch fiber optic signal section capable of alternately displaying a yellow arrow and a green arrow shall be furnished and installed where specified in the Plans.
22	Conventional Traffic Signal Heads
23	Optical Units
24	Section 9-29.16(2)A is supplemented with the following:
25	(NWR March 8, 2004)
26	LED Signal Displays
27 28 29 30	All traffic signal displays shall be the Light Emitting Diode (LED) type and shall be from one of the following manufacturers:

1 **Dialight Corporation** 1913 Atlantic Avenue 2 3 Manasquan, NJ 08736 4 Telephone: (732) 223-9400 5 Fax: (732) 223-8788 6 7 GELcore, LLC 8 6810 Halle Drive 9 Valley View, OH 44125 10 Telephone: (216) 606-6555 Fax: (216) 606-6556 11 12 13 Precision Solar Controls, Inc. 14 2960 Market Street 15 Garland, TX 75041 Telephone: (972) 278-0553 16 Fax: (972) 271-9583 17 18 19 Each LED signal module shall be designed to be installed in the door frame of a standard traffic signal housing. The lamp socket, reflector holder and lens used 20 with an incandescent lamp shall not be used in a signal section in which a LED 21 22 signal module is installed. The installation of a LED signal module shall not require any modification to the housing. The LED signal module shall be a 23 single, self-contained device, not requiring onsite assembly for installation into 24 an existing traffic signal housing. 25 26 27 All red and yellow LED signal modules shall be manufactured with a matrix of AllnGaP LED light sources and green LED signal modules shall be 28 29 manufactured with a matrix of InGaN LED light sources. The LED traffic signal module shall be operationally compatible with controllers and conflict monitors 30 on this project. The LED lamp unit shall contain a disconnect that will show an 31 32 open switch to the conflict monitor when less than 60% of the LEDs in the unit are operational. 33 34 35 Each LED module shall conform to the current standards in Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) VTCSH Part 2 and a Certificate of Compliance 36 with these standards shall be submitted by the manufacturer for each type of 37 38 signal head. The certificate shall state that the lot of signal heads meets the current ITE specification. A label shall be placed on each LED signal module 39 40 certifying conformance to this specification. The manufacturer's name, trademark, serial number and other necessary identification shall be permanently 41

marked on the backside of the LED signal module. LED signal modules used on

this project shall be from the same manufacturer. A label shall be provided on

the LED housing and the Contractor shall mark the label with a permanent

marker to note the installation date.

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43 44

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1 2 3 4	The manufacturer shall provide a written warranty against defects in materials and workmanship for the LED signal modules for a period of 60 months after the installation of the modules. All warranty documentation shall be given to the Engineer prior to installation.
5	Traffic Signal Cover
6	Section 9-29.16(4) is supplemented with the following:
7	(NWR August 10, 2009)
8	Covering Material
9 10	Signal head covering material shall consist of 4 mil minimum thickness black polyethylene sheeting.
11	Vehicle Detector
12	Section 9-29.18 is supplemented with the following:
13	(NWR February 11, 2013)
14	Loop Sealant
15	Loop sealant for use in HMA pavement shall be one of the following:
16	A DAVE G LONGERY
17	1. RAI Pro-Seal 6006EX
18	2. QCM EAS-14
19	3. 3M Black 5000
20	4. Craftco Inc. Part #34271
21	Loop goalant for use an congrete bridge dealer and DCC neverment shall be one of the
22 23	Loop sealant for use on concrete bridge decks and PCC pavement shall be one of the
24	following:
25	1. 3M Black 5000
26	2. Gold Label Flex 1P
27	3. QCM EAS-14
28	(NWR July 18, 2005)
29	Preformed Loops
30	Preformed detector loops shall be factory assembled. Homeruns shall be pre-wired
31	and shall be an integral part of the loop assembly. The loop configurations and
32	homerun lengths shall be assembled for the specific application shown in the Plans.
33	
34	All materials used to protect the wire in the preformed loop shall have properties that
35	shall withstand the temperature and pressure of paving applications without melting
36	or cracking.
37	

1 2 3 4	The loop and homerun shall be constructed using synthetic cord reinforced hydrauliflex hose. Hose for the loop and homerun shall each be one piece. The only allowable joints or splices in the hose shall be where the homeruns connect to the loops.
5 6 7 8	Hose tee connections shall be high temperature synthetic rubber. The tee shall be of proper size to attach directly to the hose to minimize glue joints. The tee shall have the same flex properties as the hose.
9	The number of turns in the loop shall be as shown in the Plans. Homerun wire pair
11 12 13 14	shall be twisted a minimum of two turns per foot. No wire splices shall be allowed in the preformed detector loop assembly. The direction of the twist shall be identified as CW for clockwise and CCW for counter clockwise twist. The loops shall be available to order from the manufacturer with both twist directions available
15 16 17	The loop and homeruns shall be filled and sealed with a flexible sealant. The sealant, when set up, shall not soften at 180 degrees Fahrenheit, nor get brittle at minus 20 degrees Fahrenheit.
19 20 21 22	All preformed detector loops shall carry a manufacturer's warranty stating that the loops will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a service period o ten (10) years from the date of purchase.
23	8-20A.3 Construction Requirements
24	8-20A.3(1)General
25	Section 8-20.3(1) is supplemented with the following:
26	(NWR May 15, 2000)
27	Energized Equipment
28 29	Work shall be coordinated so that electrical equipment, with the exception of the service cabinet, is energized within 72 hours of installation.
30	(NWR June 20, 1995)
31	Pole Removal
32	Poles designated for removal shall not be removed prior to approval of the Enginee
33	(NWR January 11, 2005)
34	Signal Display Installation
35 36	Signal displays shall be installed no more than 30 days prior to scheduled signal tur on or changeover.

1	(NWR May 15, 2000)
2	Electrical Equipment Removals
3 4	Removals associated with the electrical system shall not be stockpiled within the job site without the Engineer's approval.
5	(NWR February 11, 2013)
6	Contracting Agency Owned Equipment
7 8 9	A portion of the temporary or existing electrical equipment to be removed shall remain the property of the Contracting Agency.
10 11 12	The following shall be disconnected, dismantled, and delivered to the Contracting Agency:
13 14	Doghouse style traffic signal head Left Turn Yield on Green Ball Sign (R10-12)
15 16 17 18	Removed electrical equipment which remains the property of the Contracting Agency shall be delivered to:
19 20 21 22	WSDOT Signal Shop 3700 9th Ave. So. Seattle WA 98134 Phone: (206) 442-2110
23 24 25 26 27	Five days written advance notice shall be delivered to both the Engineer and the Electronic Parts Specialist at the address listed above. Delivery shall occur during the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. Monday through Friday. Material will not be accepted without the required advance notice.
28 29 30 31	Equipment damaged during removal or delivery shall be repaired or replaced to the Engineer's satisfaction at no cost to the Contracting Agency.
32 33	The Contractor shall be responsible for unloading the equipment where directed by the Engineer at the delivery site.
34	(NWR April 11, 2001)
35	Wire Removal
36 37	Remove all wires from salvaged light and signal standards.

1	(NWR April 11, 2001)
2	Contractor Owned Removals
3	All removals associated with an electrical system, which are not designated to
4	remain the property of the Contracting Agency, shall become the property of the
5	Contractor and shall be removed from the project.
6	
7	The Contractor shall:
8	
9	Remove all wires for discontinued circuits from the conduit system.
10	
11	Remove elbow sections of abandoned conduit entering junction boxes.
12	All and and a subsite an arrant and dening arrantism about be more as the standard
11 12 13 14	Abandoned conduit encountered during excavation shall be removed to the nearest outlets or as directed by the Engineer.
15	8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
16	Remove foundations entirely, unless the Plans state otherwise.
17	•
18	Backfill voids created by removal of foundations and junction boxes.
19	Backfilling and compaction shall be performed in accordance with
20	Section 2-09.3(1)E.
21	(NWR May 15, 2000)
22	Surface Mounted Appurtenances
23	Electrical appurtenances to be surface mounted on structures shall be mounted so
24	that a minimum 1/4 inch space is maintained between the appurtenance and
24 25	structure.
26	8-20A.3(5)Conduit
27	(NWR June 24, 2013)
28	Conduit Seal
29	Exisitng conduits, entering cabinets that are scheduled to have cables added or
30	removed shall be sealed with an approved mechanical plug or waterproof foam at
31	both ends of the conduit run.
32	
33	Existing Outer duct and inner duct conduit, entering cabinets that are scheduled to
34	have cables added or removed shall be sealed according to this section.
35	8-20A.3(6)Junction Boxes, Cable Vaults, and Pull boxes
36	Section 8-20.3(6) is supplemented with the following:

1 (NWR February 11, 2013)

Unless otherwise noted in the Plans or approved by the Engineer, junction boxes, cable vaults and pull boxes shall not be placed within the traveled way or paved shoulders.

All junction boxes, cable vaults, and pull boxes placed within the traveled way or paved shoulders shall be heavy-duty.

Wiring shall not be pulled into any conduit until all associated junction boxes have been adjusted to, or installed in, their final grade and location, unless installation is necessary to maintain system operation. If wire is installed for this reason, sufficient slack shall be left to allow for future adjustment.

Prior to installing new cables or reinstalling existing cables into new or existing cable vaults, pull boxes or junction boxes, the cable vault, pull box or junction box shall be cleaned of all dirt and debris.

 When junction boxes, cable vaults and pull boxes are installed or adjusted prior to construction of finished grade, pre-molded joint filler for expansion joints may be placed around the junction boxes, cable vaults, and pull boxes. The joint filler shall be removed prior to adjustment to finished grade.

The six-inch gravel pad required in Standard Plan J-40.10.01 and J-40.30.00 shall be maintained. When existing junction boxes do not have this gravel pad, it shall be installed as part of the adjustment to finished grade.

Heavy-duty Type 4, 5 and 6 junction boxes, cable vaults, and pull boxes shall be installed in accordance with the following:

1. Excavation for junction boxes, cable vaults, and pull boxes shall be sufficient to leave one foot in the clear between their outer surface and the earth bank.

32 2.

Junction boxes, cable vaults and pull boxes shall be installed on a level 6-inch layer of crushed surfacing top course, in accordance with 9-03.9(3), placed on a compacted or undisturbed foundation. The crushed surfacing shall be compacted in accordance with Section 2-09.3(1)E.

3. After installation, the lid/cover shall be kept bolted down during periods when work is not actively in progress at the junction box, cable vault or pull box.

 4. Before closing the lid/cover, the lid/cover and the frame/ring shall be thoroughly brushed and cleaned of all debris. There shall be absolutely no visible dirt, sand or other foreign matter between the bearing surfaces.

5. When the lid/cover is closed for the final time, a liberal coating of anti-seize compound shall be applied to the bolts and nuts and the lid shall be securely tightened.

1 6. Hinges on the Type 4, 5 and 6 junction boxes shall be located on the side of the box, which is nearest to adjacent shoulder. Hinges shall allow the lid to 2 3 open 180 degrees. 4

8-20A.3(8)Wiring

- 5 Section 8-20.3(8) is supplemented with the following:
- 6 (NWR April 14, 2003)

7 Wire Labels

8

11

12

13 14

16

19

20

At each junction box, all illumination wires, power supply wires, and communication 9 cable shall be labeled with a PVC marking sleeve. For illumination and power supply circuits the sleeve shall bear the circuit number. For communication cable the 10 sleeve shall be marked "Comm.".

(NWR March 13, 1995)

Wire Splices

- All splices shall be made in the presence of the Engineer.
- 15 (NWR May 1, 2006)

Illumination Circuit Splices

17 Temporary splices shall be the heat shrink type.

AC+ Input

18 (March 13, 1995)

501

Field Wiring Chart

21	502 AC- Input			5A1-5D5 Emergency Pre-empt							
22	503-510 Control-Displa		ay	541-580 Coordination							
23	511-515 Sign Lights			581-599 Spare							
24											
25	Movement Number		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
26											
27	Vehicle Head										
28	Red		611	621	631	641	651	661	671	681	691
29	Yellow		612	622	632	642	652	662	672	682	692
30	Green		613	623	633	643	653	663	673	683	693
31	Spare		614	624	634	644	654	664	674	684	694
32	Spare		615	625	635	645	655	665	675	685	695
33	AC-		616	626	636	646	656	666	676	686	696
34	Red Auxiliary		617	627	637	647	657	667	677	687	697
35	Yellow Auxiliary		618	628	638	648	658	668	678	688	698
36	Green Auxiliary		619	629	639	649	659	669	679	689	699

516-520 Railroad Pre-empt

1	Pedestrian Heads & Dets.									
2	Hand	711	721	731	741	751	761	771	781	791
3	Man	712	722	732	742	752	762	772	782	792
4	AC-	713	723	733	743	753	763	773	783	793
5	Detection	714	724	734	744	754	764	774	784	794
6	Common-Detection	715	725	735	745	755	765	775	785	795
7	Spare	716	726	736	746	756	766	776	786	796
8	Spare	717	727	737	747	757	767	777	787	797
9	Spare	718	728	738	748	758	768	778	788	798
10	Spare	719	729	739	749	759	769	779	789	799
11	Detection									
12	AC+	811	821	831	841	851	861	871	881	891
13	AC-	812	822	832	842	852	862	872	882	892
14	Common-Detection	813	823	833	843	853	863	873	883	893
15	Detection A	814	824	834	844	854	864	874	884	894
16	Detection B	815	825	835	845	855	865	875	885	895
17	Loop 1 Out	816	826	836	846	856	866	876	886	896
18	Loop 1 In	817	827	837	847	857	867	877	887	897
19	Loop 2 Out	818	828	838	848	858	868	878	888	898
20	Loop 2 In	819	829	839	849	859	869	879	889	899
21	Supplemental Detection									
22	Loop 3 Out	911	921	931	941	951	961	971	981	991
23	Loop 3 In	912	922	932	942	952	962	972	982	992
24	Loop 4 Out	913	923	933	943	953	963	973	983	993
25	Loop 4 In	914	924	934	944	954	964	974	984	994
26	Loop 5 Out	915	925	935	945	955	965	975	985	995
27	Loop 5 In	916	926	936	946	956	966	976	986	996
28	Loop 6 Out	917	927	937	947	957	967	977	987	997
29	Loop 6 In	918	928	938	948	958	968	978	988	998
30	Spare	919	929	939	949	959	969	979	989	999

8-20A.3(9) Bonding, Grounding

Section 8-20.3(9) is supplemented with the following:

(NWR August 21, 2006)

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37 38 Where shown in the Plans or where designated by the Engineer, the metal frame and lid of existing junction boxes shall be grounded to the existing equipment grounding system. The existing equipment grounding system shall be derived from the service serving the raceway system of which the existing junction box is a part.

1	8-20A.3(11)	Testing
2	Section 8-20.3(1	1) is supplemented with the following:
3	(NWR Octob	er 16, 2010)
4	Traffic Sign	al Turn-on
5	Prior to a Tra	affic Signal Turn-on event, the contractor shall conduct a Pre Turn-on
6		meeting with the following Contracting Agency personnel included as
7	invited attend	
8		
9	Proje	ct Engineer
10	Proje	ct Chief Inspector
11	Elect	rical Inspector
12	Signa	al Operations Engineer
13	Signa	al Maintenance Technician
14		
15		tor shall provide the Engineer a minimum of 5 days written notice of the
16	proposed Pre	Turn-on coordination meeting date and time.
17		
18		Pre Turn-on coordination meeting, the Contractor shall complete the
19		k detailed in the Traffic Signal Turn-on Checklist and submit the
20		necklist to the Engineer. The Traffic Signal Turn-on Checklist form will
21	be furnished	to the Contractor by the Engineer.
22		
23		duling a turn-on date, the Contractor shall provide verification to the
24	Engineer tha	t tests 1, 2, and 3 as specified in this section have been completed.
25	8-20A.3(14)Sign	nal Systems
26	Section 8-20.3(1	4) is supplemented with the following:
27	Signal Head	S
28	In Section 8-	20.3(14)B the first paragraph is revised to read as follows:
29	(NWI	R February 11, 2013)
30	Signa	al Heads Installation with Back Plates
31	Signa	al heads shall be installed with back plates.
32	~ -8	F-11111
33	When	re the yellow reflective tape is applied, the application surface of the
34		plate shall be cleaned, degreased with isopropyl alcohol, and dried prior
35		plication of the sheeting.
36		- -

1 **Induction Loop Vehicle Detectors** 2 (*NWR February* 22, 2005) 3 In Section 8-20.3(14)C, Items 2 and 11 and the last two sentences of Item 4 are 4 deleted. 5 6 Section 8-20.3(14)C is supplemented with the following: 7 (NWR August 16, 2010) 8 **Round Loops** 9 Round loops shall be constructed in accordance with the following requirements: 10 1. Loop conductor and lead in cable shall conform to these Special Provisions. 11 12 13 2. Round sawcuts shall be six feet in diameter and shall be constructed using equipment designed for cutting round loops. The equipment shall use a 14 concave, diamond-segmented blade. The sawcuts shall be normal to the 15 16 pavement surface and shall be a minimum of 0.25 inches wide. The 17 sawcut depth shall be a minimum of 2 5/8 inches and a maximum of three inches measured at any point along the perimeter, except on bridge decks. 18 Other methods of constructing the round sawcut, such as anchoring a 19 router or flat blade saw, will not be allowed. 20 21 22 3. The bottom of the sawcut shall be smooth. No edges created by differences in sawcut depths will be allowed. 23 24 25 4. All sawcut corners shall be rounded to a minimum 1.5 inch radius. 26 27 5. All sawcuts shall be cleaned with a 1000 psi high pressure washer as certified by the manufacturer's label on the machine or as measured by an 28 in line pressure gauge. Wash water and slurry shall be vacuumed out and 29 the sawcut shall be blown dry with compressed air. Disposal of the wash 30 water and slurry shall comply with the requirements of Section 1-07.5(3) 31 and the Special Provision LEGAL RELATIONS AND 32 RESPONSIBILITIES TO THE PUBLIC. 33 34 35 6. Loops shall be installed after grinding and prior to the final lift of 36 roadway surfacing material. 37 38 7. The conductor shall be installed one turn on top of the previous turn. All turns shall be installed in a clockwise direction. The conductors shall be 39 secured to prevent floating with 2-inch lengths of high temperature foam 40 41 backer rod sized for a snug fit. The backer rod shall be spaced at 2-foot 42 intervals around the perimeter of the sawcut and at corners.

1 2 3 4	8. Installation of the sealant shall completely encapsulate the loop conductors. A minimum of one inch of sealant shall be provided between the top of the conductors and the top of the sawcut. The top of the sealant shall be flush to 1/8 inch below the top of the sawcut.
5 6	9. Use of kerosene solvent is prohibited.
7	(NWR October 5, 2009)
8	Existing Traffic Loops
9 10 11	The Contractor shall notify the Area Traffic Engineer through the Engineer a minimum of five working days in advance of pavement removal or grinding in areas with existing loops.
12 13 14 15 16 17	If the Engineer suspects that damage to any loop, not identified in the Plans as being replaced, may have resulted from Contractor's operations or is not operating adequately, the Engineer may order the Contractor to perform the field tests specified in Section 8 20.3(14)D. The test results shall be recorded and submitted to the Engineer. Loops that fail any of these tests shall be replaced.
19 20	Loops that fail the tests, as described above, and are replaced shall be installed in accordance with current WSDOT design standards and Standard Plans, as determined by the Engineer.
21 22 23 24 25 26	If traffic signal loops that fail the tests, as described above, are not replaced and operational within 48 hours, the Contractor shall install and maintain interim video detection until the replacement loops are operational. The type of interim video detection furnished shall be approved by the Engineer prior to installation.
27	Test for Induction Loops and Lead-in Cable
28	Section 8-20.3(14)D is supplemented with the following:
29	(NWR October 5, 2009)
30	Induction Loop Tests
31	Test A and Test D are revised as follows:
32 33 34 35 36 37	Test A – The DC resistance between the 2 lead-in cable wires, including the loop, shall be measured by a volt ohmmeter. The resistance shall not exceed 5-ohms or lower the Q of the circuit below 5 where Q is equal to the "Inductive Impedance @ 50 kHz" divided by "Resistance".
38 39 40	Test D - An inductance test shall be made to determine the inductance level of each inductance loop. The Contractor shall record the inductance level of each inductance loop installed on the project and shall furnish the findings to the

Engineer. An induction level, as measured from the controller cabinet, below 50-microhenries is considered a failure 3 (NWR October 5, 2009) 4 **Existing Lead-in Cable Test** 5 When new induction loops are scheduled to be installed and spliced to an existing two-conductor shielded detector lead-in cable, the Contractor shall perform the 6 7 following: 8 9 1. Disconnect the existing detector lead-in cable in the controller cabinet and at 10 the loop splice. 11 12 2. Megger test both detector lead-in cable conductors. A resistance reading of less than 100-megohms is considered a failure. 13 14 15 3. Detector lead-in cables that fail the test shall be replaced and then retested. 16 17 4. After final testing of the detector lead-in cable, the loop installation shall be completed and the loop system tested according to Tests A, C and D. 18 19 20 5. Connect the detector lead-in cables in the controller cabinet. 21 (*NWR February 11, 2013*) 22 **Loop Sealant** 23 Loop sealants shall be installed per manufacturer's recommendations. 24 25 3M Black 5000 sealant shall be installed so that the sealant is protected from wheel 26 tracking prior to the sealant being fully cured. When 3M Black 5000 loop sealant is installed below the final lift of an HMA installation, a minimum of 5 consecutive 27 days of cure time is required before the final lift is installed. 28 29 (NWR October 5, 2009) 30 **Existing Loop Test** 31 When two-conductor shielded detector lead-in cable is scheduled to be installed and 32 spliced to an existing loop, the Contractor shall perform the following: 33 1. Disconnect the existing loop from the detector lead-in splice. 34 35 2. Megger test the existing loop wire. A resistance reading of less than 36 100-megohms is considered a failure. 37 38 39 3. Loops that fail the test shall be replaced and then retested.

4. After the final testing of the loops, the detector lead-in cable installation shall be completed and the loop system tested according to Tests A, C and D.

3 8-20B ILLUMINATION, TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEMS, AND ELECTRICAL -

4 ILLUMINATION SYSTEM ONLY

5 8-20B.1 Description

- 6 Section 8-20.1 is supplemented with the following:
- 7 This Work shall consist of the construction of illumination systems as shown and described in the Contract Documents.

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The Contractor shall provide all labor, equipment, and materials for a complete and operational illumination system(s) in accordance with the Plans, WSDOT Standard Specifications, WSDOT Standard Plans and these Special Provisions. Work to be performed shall include, but not be limited to the following items:

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1. The Contractor shall provide and install all underground illumination components such as foundations, conduits (with pull string), ground rods, junction boxes, wiring, and other hardware for the lighting systems as required by the Plans and Contract Documents.

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2. The Contractor shall provide and install illumination, components such as service cabinet, light poles, luminaire arms, luminaires and other hardware for the lighting systems as required by the Plans and Contract Documents.

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- The Contractor shall coordinate with Snohomish County PUD for installation or modification of service connections in accordance with PUD requirements and as soon as required in order to prevent project delays. PUD Contact: David Wood (360) 435-7508 and Dave Lindemuth (425) 783-8202. The Contractor shall complete the PUD service request form on behalf of the City and will be responsible to pay all fees to the
- 29 PUD associated with establishing electrical service.

8-20B.1(1) Regulations and Code

- 31 Section 8-20.1(1) is supplemented with the following:
- 32 (March 22, 2013 *****)
- Where applicable, materials shall conform to the latest requirements of the Washington
- 34 State Department of Labor and Industries, Snohomish County Public Utilities District
- and City of Marysville Electrical Inspector.

(March 22, 2013 *****) 2 3 The following is added at the end of the first paragraph of this section: 4 5 National Electrical Safety Code (NESC), Secretary NESC, NESC Committee, IEEE Post 6 Office Box 1331445 Hoes Lane, Piscataway, NJ 08855-1331. 7 8-20B.2 **Materials** 8-20B.2(1) 8 **Equipment List and Drawings** 9 Section 8-20.2(1) is supplemented with the following: 10 Manufacturer's data for materials proposed for use in the contract which requires 11 12 approval shall be submitted in one complete package. 13 8-20B.3 **Construction Requirements** 14 8-20B.3(1) General 15 Section 8-20.3(1) is supplemented with the following: 16 **Delivery of Removed Items** 17 All salvaged signal equipment and materials, including but not limit to existing controller cabinet and all its contents, signal and pedestrian displays, pedestrian 18 19 pushbuttons, junction boxes, Type PPB, PS, I and mast arm signal poles, preemption 20 devices, mast arm mounted signs and street light poles, arms and luminaires shall, unless otherwise noted on the plans or in writing from the engineer, remain the property of the 21 22 City. Unless otherwise noted on the plans, all removed wiring and conduit shall become 23 the property of the contractor. 24 25 Removed electrical equipment which remains the property of the Contracting Agency 26 shall be delivered to: 27 28 City of Marysville Public Works Attn: Senior Traffic Systems Control Technician 29 80 Columbia Avenue 30 Marysville, Washington 98270 31 32 Phone: 425-754-8289 33 34 Forty-eight (48) working hours advance notice shall be communicated to both the Engineer and the Technician at the address listed above. Delivery shall occur during the 35 hours of 8:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. Monday through Friday. Material will not be accepted 36 37 without the required advance notice.

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8-20B.1(2) Industry Codes and Standards

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2 3	Equipment damaged during removal or delivery shall be repaired or replaced to the Engineer's satisfaction at no cost to the Contracting Agency.	
4 5 6	The Contractor shall be responsible for unloading the equipment where directed by the Engineer or Signal Technician at the delivery site.	
7	Contractor Owned Removals	
8 9 10	All removals associated with an electrical system, which are not designated to remain the property of the Contracting Agency, shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the project.	
11 12	The Contractor shall:	
13 14 15 16	1. Remove all wires for discontinued circuits from the conduit system or as directed by the Engineer.	
17 18 19	2. Remove elbow sections of abandoned conduit entering junction boxes or as directed by the Engineer.	
20 21 22	3. Abandoned conduit encountered during excavation shall be removed to the nearest outlets or as directed by the Engineer.	
23 24	4. Remove foundations entirely, unless the Plans state otherwise.	
25 26	5. Backfill voids created by removal of foundations and junction boxes. Backfilling and compaction shall be performed in accordance with Section 2-19 09.3(1)E.	
27 28	Section 8-20.3(1) is supplemented with the following:	
29	(May 15, 2000 WSDOT NWR)	
30	Energized Equipment	
31 32	Work shall be coordinated so that electrical equipment, with the exception of the service cabinet, is energized within 72 hours of installation.	
33	(June 20, 1995 WSDOT NWR)	
34	Pole Removal	
35 36	Poles designated for removal shall not be removed prior to approval of the Engineer.	

1	(October 31, 2005 WSDOT NWR)
2	Construction Core Installation
3 4 5 6 7	The Contractor shall coordinate installation of construction cores with Contracting Agency maintenance staff through the Engineer. The Contractor shall provide written notice to the Engineer, a minimum of seven working days in advance of proposed installation. The Contractor shall advise the Engineer in writing when construction core are ready to be removed.
8	(May 15, 2000 WSDOT NWR)
9	Electrical Equipment Removals
10 11	Removals associated with the electrical system shall not be stockpiled within the job sit without the Engineer's approval.
12	8-20B.3(2) Excavating and Backfilling
13	8-20B.3(2)A Resolving Utility Conflicts (New Section
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	The Contractor shall be responsible for verifying the exact location of all utilities near underground Work. The Contractor shall check with the utility companies concerning any possible conflict prior to commencing excavation in any area. All underground street lighting conduits which have at the time of the locate request been installed or relocated by the contractor shall be the responsibility of the contractor to locate until project completion. Once located by City or Utility staff, it is responsibility of the contractor to maintain locate marks throughout the project. The Contractor shall coordinate with the utility companies and arrange for the movemer or adjustment, either temporary or permanent, of their facilities within the project limits. If a conflict is identified, the Contractor shall contact the Engineer. The Contractor and Contracting Agency shall locate alternative locations for poles, cabinet, or junction boxes. The Contractor shall get approval from the Engineer prior to installation. The Contractor may consider changing depth or alignment of conduit to avoid utility conflicts.
31 32 33 34	The location of controllers, service cabinets, light standards, junction boxes, conduits, and appurtenances shown in the Plans are approximate; and the exact location will be established by the Engineer in the field.
35 36 37 38 39	Before beginning any excavation Work for foundations, vaults, junction boxes or conduruns, the Contractor shall confirm that the location proposed in the Plans does not conflict with utility location markings placed on the surface by the various utility companies. If a conflict is identified, the following process shall be used to resolve the conflict:

- 1. Contact the Engineer and determine if there is an alternative location for the foundation, junction box, vault or conduit trench.
- 2. If an adequate alternate location is not obvious for the underground Work, select a location that may be acceptable and pothole to determine the exact location of other utilities. Potholing must be approved by the Engineer.
- 3. If an adequate alternate alignment still cannot be identified following potholing operations, the pothole area should be restored and Work in the area should stop until a new design can be developed. See Section 1-04.7.
- 4. The Contractor shall not attempt to adjust the location of an existing utility unless specifically agreed to by the utility owner.

14 8-20B.3(2)A Trench and Backfill (New Section)

- 15 The Contractor shall provide trenching as specified herein, regardless of the material
- encountered, as necessary for complete and proper installation of all conduits shown in the
- 17 Plans. Trenching by backhoe, or shall conform to the following:

Uniform Construction

- Trenching for conduit runs shall be done in a neat manner, and the trench bottom shall be graded to provide a uniform grade. All trenches for placement of conduit shall be straight and as narrow in width as practical to provide a minimum of surface disturbance. Conduits
- shall be placed in the same trench with other conduits when possible.

Trench Inspection

- No Work shall be covered until it has been examined by the Engineer and the Contracting Agency's Electrical Inspector. Earth that fills around and over the conduit shall be free of rocks greater than 2 inches up to a depth of 6 inches. When trenching is being
- accomplished within unpaved areas, the backfill can be made with acceptable materials
- from the excavation as approved by the Engineer and shall be considered a necessary part
- of, and incidental to, the excavation in accordance with the Standard Specifications. The
- compaction requirements for the Roadway backfill shall apply.

Sawcut for Trench

- Thoroughly clean sawcuts where necessary by the use of high-pressure water (1,400 psi or
- greater). All wastewater shall be collected and disposed of in accordance with
- 34 Section 1-07.15 of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions. Impervious
- surfaces contaminated from cutting operations shall be cleaned in accordance with
- 36 Section 1-07.15 of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

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1 Trenching and Restoration, Other Unpaved Areas

- 2 Trenches shall be placed to have minimum impact on existing landscaping and
- 3 irrigation systems. Any damage due to the Contractor's operation shall be repaired or
- 4 replaced by the Contractor at its own expense and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Trench Locating

- An orange #18AWG tracer wire shall be installed in the trench with all interconnect
- 7 conduits. The wire shall extend a minimum of 12 inches into each junction box and be
- 8 secured inside the junction box to prevent future removal from the conduit system.

8-20B.3(4) Foundations

Section 8-20.3(4) is supplemented with the following:

Excess materials from digging and constructing foundations shall be removed from the construction site and disposed of at the Contractor's expense.

Concrete foundations shall be placed against undisturbed earth if possible. CDF shall be used to backfill around signal pole foundations that are not placed against undisturbed earth. Before placing the concrete, the Contractor shall block out around any other underground utilities that lie in the excavated base so that the concrete will not adhere to the utility line. The Contractor shall secure the anchor bolts required for the item to be mounted on the foundation. The Contractor shall also securely locate all conduit required to be used to connect the pole or controller cabinet ground wire to the ground rod in the nearest junction box. Concrete foundations shall be troweled, brushed, edged, and finished in a workmanship-like manner. Concrete shall be promptly cleaned from the exposed portion of the anchor bolts and conduit after placement. Concrete and steel rebar shall be furnished and placed as shown in the Standard Plans. Concrete Class 3000 shall be used for all foundations.

Where a foundation is placed adjacent to the back edge of the sidewalk, the top of the foundation shall be poured flush with the finished sidewalk grade. Where round foundations are allowed, the top 4 inches shall be square in shape with sides equal to the diameter. If necessary, the sidewalk shall be notched around the foundation and a 3/4-inch through expansion joint shall be provided at all points where the foundation and sidewalk are in contact, such that the foundation can be removed without damage to the surrounding sidewalk. If no sidewalk exists, the top of the foundation shall be as shown in the Plans.

Location of all concrete foundations shall be approved by the Engineer prior to excavation.

The Contractor shall be responsible for shoring, dewatering or making any required adjustments needed to install the foundation in accordance with the Plans, Standard Specifications, and these Special Provisions. The Contractor shall submit their approach for installing the foundations to the Engineer for approval prior to

1 constructing the foundations. No additional payment will be made for preventing 2 sloughing (i.e. casing and/or temporary shoring) or disposing of the additional 3 material from the excavation due to sloughing. 8-20B.3(5) Conduit 4 5 Section 8-20.3(5) is supplemented with the following: (December 16, 2014 *****) 6 7 Conduits for illumination circuits systems under roadways and driveways shall be rigid galvanized steel or Schedule 80 polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Schedule 40 PVC may be 8 used when not under the roadway or driveways. 9 10 11 All conduits shall have a minimum buried depth of twenty-four inches (24"). PVC conduitt ends shall have bell end PVC bushings. 12 13 14 Conduits for illumination circuits when under the railroad or within railroad property shall be rigid galvanized steel conduit. Conduit under the tracks or within railroad 15 property shall have 48-inch minimum cover depth unless specified by the railroad 16 company. Conduit runs shall be of the same type for full length from junction box to 17 18 junction box. 19 20 Conduit trenches shall be straight and as narrow in width as is practical to provide a minimum of pavement disturbance. 21 22 23 When conduit risers are installed, they shall be attached to the pole every 4 feet and shall 24 be equipped with weather heads. 25 26 Conduit for the service wires between the Snohomish County Public Utilities District pole and the service panel and all above ground conduit shall be hot-dip galvanized rigid 27 28 steel. 29 30 Conduits shall be clearly labeled at each junction box, handhole, vault or other utility appurtenance. Labeling shall be permanent and shall consist of the owner/type name 31 32 and a unique conduit number or color. The owner name shall be approved by the Engineer prior to starting work. The recommended owner/type abbreviations are: 33 34 35 PUD – Snohomish County Public Utilities District 36 FRONTIER – Front 37 COMCAST(AT&T)/C – Cable 38 COMCAST(AT&T)/F – Fiber SIC – City Signal Interconnect 39 TS – City Traffic Signal 40 41 City Spare – City spares IL – City illumination system 42

1 Section 8-20.3(5) is supplemented with the following: 2 (August 10, 2009 WSDOT NWR) 3 **Conduit Seal, Detectable Tape and Location Wire** 4 Upon installation of wiring, all conduits entering pad mounted cabinets, all conduit 5 entering ITS hubs, and all ITS conduit 2 inches in diameter or larger shall be sealed with an approved mechanical plug at both ends of the conduit run. Installation of mechanical 6 7 plugs shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations. Upon installation of wiring at other locations, conduit shall be sealed with duct seal. Upon installation of the pull 8 9 string, spare conduit shall be plugged. 10 11 A pull string rated for 200 lbs. or greater shall be installed in all spare conduits. 12 13 Detectable underground warning tape shall be placed 12-inches above all innerduct installed in trenches. 14 15 Location 14 AWG stranded orange USE insulated wire shall be placed in conjunction 16 with all innerduct installed in trenches. The location wire shall be placed directly above 17 the conduit containing innerduct in single conduit installations or between the conduits 18 19 containing innerduct in multiple conduit installations. 20 21 Location wire routed into pull boxes or cable vaults shall be attached to the "C" channel or the cover hinge bracket with stainless steel bolts and straps. A 1-foot loop of locate 22 wire shall be provided above the channel as shown in the Plans. 23 24 (October 16, 2006 WSDOT NWR) 25 **Boring** 26 In addition to the requirements for boring with casing, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval a pit plan and a proposed method of boring that includes, but is 27 28 not limited to, the following: 29 30 1) A pit plan depicting: a) Protection of traffic and pedestrians. 31 32 b) The dimension of the pit. 33 c) Shoring, bracing, struts, walers or sheet piles. 34 d) Type of casing. 35 36 2) The proposed method of boring, including: a) The boring system. 37 38 b) The support system. 39 c) The support system under and at the bottom of the pit. 40 41 The shoring and boring pit plan shall be prepared by and bear the seal and signature of a Washington State licensed Professional Civil Engineer. 42

- Installed casing pipe shall be free from grease, dirt, rust, moisture and any other deleterious contaminants.
- Commercial concrete meeting the requirements of Section 6-02.3(2)B may be used to seal the casing.

8-20B.3(6) Junction Boxes, Cable Vaults, and Pull Boxes

- 7 All junction boxes shall be supplied by the Contractor. The locations of the junction boxes
- 8 as shown in the Plans are approximate and the exact locations shall be determined in the
- 9 field by the Engineer and Contractor. Junction boxes shall be located outside the Traveled
- Way, wheelchair ramps and landings, and driveways. The new junction box shall not
- interfere with any other previous or relocated installation. The lid of the junction box shall
- be flush with its frame and with the surrounding area, whether it is shoulder, sidewalk, or other surface.

other surface

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42 43 Junction boxes, cable vaults and pull boxes which are placed within the sidewalk shall have slip resistant lids which meet the requirements of Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and Public Right-of-Way Accessibility Guideline (PROWAG). Approved products are:

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19
1.) Mebac1 (their most agg

- 1.) Mebac1 (their most aggressive surface) manufactured by IKG Industries
- 2.) SlipNOT Grade 3-coarse manufactured by W.S. Molnar Company.

Approved slip resistant surfaces shall have coefficient of friction of no less than 0.6 and have a proven track record of outdoor application which lasts for at least 10 years.

Wiring shall not be pulled into any conduit until all associated junction boxes have been adjusted to, or installed in, their final grade and location, unless installation is necessary to maintain system operation. If wire is installed for this reason, sufficient slack shall be left to allow for future adjustment.

When junction boxes are installed or adjusted prior to construction of finished grade, premolded joint filler for expansion joints may be placed around the junction boxes. The joint filler shall be removed prior to adjustment to finished grade.

All junction box lids shall be grounded in a manner that will allow removal of the lid without breaking the ground.

The Contractor is to maintain the integrity of all junction boxes during reconfiguration of the conduits, installation of new conduits or when excavating.

Heavy-duty Type 4, 5 and 6 junction boxes, cable vaults, and pull boxes shall be installed in accordance with the following:

Lakewood Station/SR 531 Roundabout

1. Excavation and backfill shall be in accordance with Section 2-09. Excavation for junction boxes, cable vaults, and pull boxes shall be sufficient to leave one foot in the clear between their outer surface and the earth bank.

2. Junction boxes, cable vaults and pull boxes shall be installed on a level 6-inch layer of crushed surfacing top course, in accordance with 9-03.9(3), placed on a compacted or undisturbed foundation. The crushed surfacing shall be compacted in accordance with Section 2-09.3(1)E.

3. After installation, the lid/cover shall be kept bolted down during periods when work is not actively in progress at the junction box, cable vault or pull box.

4. Before closing the lid/cover, the lid/cover and the frame/ring shall be thoroughly brushed and cleaned of all debris. There shall be absolutely no visible dirt, sand or other foreign matter between the bearing surfaces.

5. When the lid/cover is closed for the final time, a liberal coating of anti37 seize compound shall be applied to the bolts and nuts and the lid shall be securely tightened.

6. Hinges on the Type 4, 5 and 6 junction boxes shall be located on the side of the box, which is nearest to adjacent shoulder. Hinges shall allow the lid to open 180 degrees.

8-20B.3(8) Wiring

The third paragraph of Section 8-20.3(8) is deleted and replaced with the following:

 Splices in underground illumination circuits shall be installed in junction boxes. All connections with #10 and smaller wire shall use compression butt joint copper crimped connectors installed with a positive-action (ratchet) tool, except for quick disconnects as described in Section 9-29.7. The non-insulated die shall be an indent type and the insulated die shall be of a smooth shape capable of crimping pre-insulated terminals and connectors. The tool shall be a compound-lever type with a ratchet mechanism to ensure positive closure for the full crimping cycle. The tool shall be field adjustable to proper calibration with common tools and materials. Each individual conductor shall then have an approved waterproof heat-shrink tube installed, which completely covers the compression connector and extends a minimum of one-half inch beyond each end of the compression connector. All conductor connections shall be offset from adjacent connections by a minimum of one inch. A final approved waterproof heat shrink tube shall then be installed over the pair of splices in each circuit.

The second sentence in the eleventh paragraph is revised to read:

2 3 4	wire marking sleeve bearing, as its legend, the circuit number indicated in the Contract.
5	Section 8-20.3(8) is supplemented with the following:
6	(April 14, 2003 WSDOT NWR)
7	Wire Labels
8 9 10	At each junction box, all illumination wires, and power supply wires shall be labeled with a PVC marking sleeve. For illumination and power supply circuits the sleeve shall bear the circuit number.
11	(May 1, 2006 WSDOT NWR)
12	Illumination Circuit Splices
13	Temporary splices shall be the heat shrink type.
14	8-20B.3(9) Bonding, Grounding
15	Section 8-20.3(9) is supplemented with the following:
16 17 18 19	In addition to the conductors called for in the Contract, all conduit shall be installed with an equipment grounding conductor sized per NEC 250-122, with the exception that the minimum size shall be 8AWG.
20 21	Section 8-20.3(9) is supplemented with the following:
22	(August 21, 2006 WSDOT NWR)
23	Junction Box Grounding
24 25 26 27	Where shown in the Plans or where designated by the Engineer, the metal frame and lid of existing junction boxes shall be grounded to the existing equipment grounding system. The existing equipment grounding system shall be derived from the service serving the raceway system of which the existing junction box is a part.
28	8-21 PERMANENT SIGNING
29	8-21.1 Description
30	Section 8-21.1 is deleted and replaced with the following:

1 (April 7, 2014)

1	(March 13, 2012 *****)
2 3 4 5 6 7	This work shall consist of furnishing and installing permanent signing, sign removal, sign relocation, and the project sign installation and removal, in accordance with the Plans, these Specifications, the Standard Plans, MUTCD, and the City of Marysville Standard Details at the locations shown in the Plans or where designated by the Engineer. Signs to be removed as shown on the Plans shall be returned to the Owner.
8	This work shall also include furnishing and installing school zone beacon assemblies.
9	8-21.2 Materials
10 11	Section 8-21.2 is modified as follows:
12	Sentence three is deleted and replaced with the following:
13	(March 27, 2013 *****)
14	Materials for sign mounting shall conform to Section 9-28.11.
15 16 17	Section 8-21.2 is supplemented with the following:
18 19 20	New ground-mounted signs shall be high intensity prismatic Type 4 with anti-graffiti coating per Section 9-28.12(4) of the Special Provisions.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Overhead signing, regulatory (R series) of fluorescent yellow color, and school (S series of florescent yellow color shall meet the specifications of Type IX Micro Prismatic Retroreflective Element Material sheeting in accordance with Section 9-28.12 of the Standard Specifications. This standard applies to signs mounted above the roadway, on span wire or signal mast arms and regulatory (R series) and school (S series) signs of fluorescent yellow color. The reflectivity standard of supplemental plaques shall match that of the primary sign.
29 30	Steel posts shall be Telespar 2x2 quick punch posts or approved substitute with installation per the plans.
31 32	School zone beacon assemblies shall meet the requirements of Section 9-29.22.
33	8-21.3(4) Sign Removal
34 35	Section 8-21.3(4) is deleted and replaced with the following:
36 37 38 39 40	Where shown on the Plans, existing signs, sign posts, and sign structures shall be removed by the Contractor. Wood posts to be removed shall become the property of the Contractor. Metal signs and metal sign posts shall remain the property of the City and shall be returned to the City Public Works Department at:

1	City of Marysville Public Works
2	Attn: Dean Briscoe
3	80 Columbia Avenue
4	Marysville, Washington 98270
5	Phone: 360-363-8263
6	
7	Signs shall be disassembled from sign posts at time of delivery.
8	8-22 PAVEMENT MARKING
9	8-22.2 Materials
9 10	8-22.2 Materials Section 8-22.2 is supplemented with the following:

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1	DIVISION 9
2	MATERIALS

3 9-03 AGGREGATES

4 9-03.8 Aggregates for Hot Mix Asphalt

5 9-03.8(2) HMA Test Requirements

- 6 (March 10, 2010 APWA GSP)
- 7 Section 9-03.8(2) is supplemented with the following:
- 8 ESALs
- 9 The number of ESALs for the design and acceptance of the HMA shall be 3 to 30 million.

9-03.8(7) HMA Tolerances and Adjustments

- 12 (March 10, 2010 APWA GSP)
- Delete Item 1 and replace it with the following:

14 15

16

1. **Job Mix Formula Tolerances**. After the JMF is determined as required in 5-04.3(7)A, the constituents of the mixture at the time of acceptance shall conform to the following tolerances:

17 18

	Nonstatistical Evaluation	Commercial Evaluation
Aggregate, percent passing		
1", 3/4", 1/2", and 3/8" sieves	±6%	±8%
U.S. No. 4 sieve	±6%	±8%
U.S. No. 8 sieve	±6%	±8%
U.S. No. 200 sieve	±2.0%	±3.0%
Asphalt Binder	±0.5%	±0.7%

19 20

22

23

These tolerance limits constitute the allowable limits as described in Section 1-06.2.

21 The tolerance limit for aggregate shall not exceed the limits of the control points

section, except the tolerance limits for sieves designated as 100 percent passing will be

99-100. The tolerance limits on sieves shall only apply to sieves with control points.

9-15 IRRIGATION SYSTEM

9-15.6 Gate Valves

3	Section 9-15.6 is replaced with the following:
4 5	Gate valves shall be of the type, manufacturer, and size shown on Plans.
6	9-15.7 Control Valves
7	9-15.7(2) Automatic Control Valves
8 9	Section 9-15.7(2) is replaced with the following:
10	Automatic control valves shall be of the type, manufacturer, and size shown on Plans
11	9-15.8 Quick Coupling Equipment
12	Section 9-15.8 is replaced with the following:
13 14	Quick coupling valves shall be of the type, manufacturer, and size shown on Plans.
15	9-15.9 Drain Valves
16 17	Section 9-15.9 is replaced with the following:
18	Drain valves shall be of the type, manufacturer, and size shown on Plans.
19	9-15.11 Cross Connection Control Devices
20	Section 9-15.11 is replaced with the following:
21 22	Double check valve shall be of the type, manufacturer, and size shown on Plans.
23	9-28 SIGNING MATERIALS AND FABRICATION
24	9-28.12 Reflective Sheeting
25	Section 9-28.12 is supplemented with the following:
26 27 28	Ground-mounted signs shall be high intensity prismatic Type 4 with anti-graffiti coating per Section 9-28.12(4) of the Special Provisions.

2 3 4	Signs shall be overlaid with 3M protective Overlay Film 1160 or approved substitute. The film provided shall meet the compatibility requirements of the manufacturer providing the sign sheeting.	
5	9-29 ILLUMINATION, SIGNAL, AND ELECTRICAL	
6	9-29.1 Conduit, Innerduct, and Outerduct	
7	Section 9-29.1 is supplemented with the following:	
8	(June 5, 2000 WSDOT NWR)	
9	Conduit Coatings	
10 11 12	Conduit fittings for steel conduit shall be coated with galvanizing repair paint in the same manner as conduit couplings. Electroplated fittings are not allowed.	
13 14 15	Steel conduit entering concrete shall be wrapped in 2-inch-wide pipe wrap tape with a minimum 1-inch overlap for 12 inches on each side of the concrete face. Pipe wrap tape shall be installed per the manufacturer's recommendations.	
16	9-29.1(1) Rigid Metal Conduit, Galvanized Steel Outerduct, and Fittings	
17	Section 9-29.1(1) is supplemented with the following:	
18	(August 10, 2009 WSDOT NWR)	
19	Conduit Sealing	
20 21	Mechanical plugs for cabinet conduit sealing shall be one of the following:	
22	1. Tyco Electronics - TDUX	
23	2. Jackmoon – Triplex Duct Plugs	
24	3. O-Z Gedney – Conduit Sealing Bushings	
25		
26	The mechanical plug shall withstand a minimum of 5 psi of pressure.	
27	9-29.1(2) Rigid Metal Conduit Fittings and Appurtenances	
28 29	Section 9-29.1(2) is supplemented with the following:	

Protective Overlay Film

1 **9-28.12(4)**

(New Section)

2	Conduit Coatings
3	Electroplated couplings are not allowed.
4	(March 4, 2009 WSDOT NWR)
5	Surface Mounting Conduit Attachment Components
6 7	Channel supports and all fastening hardware components shall be Type 304 stainless steel.
8	9-29.2(1) Standard Duty Junction Boxes
9	Section 9-29.2(1) is supplemented with the following:
10	(January 21, 2011 WSDOT NWR)
11	Concrete Junction Boxes
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	The Non-slip lid and frame shall be made of the following material: Non-slip lid ASTM A36 flat steel Non-slip frame ASTM A36 flat steel Both the non-slip lid and non-slip frame shall be treated with Mebac1 (their most aggressive surface) as manufactured by IKG industries, or SlipNOT Grade 3-coarse as manufactured by W.S. Molnar Co. The non-slip lid shall be identified with permanent marking on the underside indicating the type of surface treatment ("M1" for Mebac 1; o "S3" for SlipNot3) and the year of manufacturer. The permanent marking shall be 1/8 inch line thickness formed by engraving, stamping or with a stainless steel weld bead.
21	9-29.2(1)A Standard Duty Junction Boxes
22 23 24 25 26	Section 9-29.2(1)A, The first sentence of the second paragraph which begins "The Standard Duty Concrete Junction Box steel frame" is deleted and replaced with the following: The Standard Duty Concrete Junction Box steel frame, lid support and lid shall be hotdip galvanized in accordance with ASTM A 111.
27	Section 9-29.2(2)A is supplemented with the following:
28	(January 7, 2013)
29 30 31 32 33 34	Both the slip-resistant lid and slip-resistant frame shall be treated with Mebac#1 as manufactured by IKG industries, or SlipNOT Grade 3-coarse as manufactured by W.S. Molnar Co. Where the exposed portion of the frame is 1/2 inch wide or less the slip-resistant treatment may be omitted on that portion of the frame. The slip-resistant lid shall be identified with permanent marking on the underside indicating the type of surface treatment ("M1" for Mebac#1; or "S3" for SlipNOT Grade 3-coarse) and the

(August 10, 2009 WSDOT NWR)

year manufactured. The permanent marking shall be 1/8 inch line thickness formed with a stainless steel weld bead. 3 9-29.3(3) Wire Marking Sleeves (New Section) 4 (WSDOT April 7, 2014) 5 Wire marking sleeves shall be full-circle in design, non-adhesive, printable using an indelible ink and shall fit snugly on the wire or cable. Marking sleeves shall be made 6 7 from a PVC or polyolefin, and provide permanent identification for wires and cables. 9-29.6 8 **Light and Signal Standards** Section 9-29.6 is supplemented with the following: 9 10 (December 17, 2013 *****) 11 **Decorative Steel Street Light Standards** 12 All decorative street light installations shall be Philips Lumec Renaissance Series color BRTX (textured bronze) or approved equal. 13 14 15 Phillips Lumec order shall include the below or latest model: 16 17 1. Philips Lumec Renaissance Series fixture product numbers: a. RN20-90W80LED4K-ACDR-LE3R-240-BRTX 18 19 b. RN20-135W80LED4K-ACDR-LE3R-240-BRTX c. RN20-135W80LED4K-ACDR-LE4R-240-BRTX 20 21 22 2. Philips Lumec pole product number SSM8V-25-BRTX including pole, access door, plant support, decorative cover, ballast module, ballast tray, weld cover, 23 24 base cover. 25 26 3. Philips Lumec Renaissance Series mounting arm product number NM-1A-BRTX. 27 28 29 4. Banner Arms product number BA-134 30 31 Decorative street light standards shall be furnished and installed in accordance with the methods and materials noted in the applicable Standard Plans, pre-approved plans, or 32 special design plans. All welds shall comply with the latest AASHTO Standard 33 Specifications for Support of Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals. Welding 34 inspection shall comply with Section 6-03.3(25)A, Welding Inspection. 35 36 37 Decorative street light standards shall meet the following: 38

1. All poles and arms shall be round tapered steel.

39

1 2. All lamps and electrical components shall be accessible without tools. 2 3 3. Optical systems shall be IP66 rated. 4 5 4. Luminaires shall incorporate LED lamps with an L70 rated LED lamp and driver 6 life of 100,000 hours or greater. 7 8 5. LED lamps shall have a color temperature of 4000K (+/- 350K). 9 10 6. Decorative street light standards, luminaire arms, banner arms (if required), decorative bases, and visible mounting hardware shall be of the color BRTX 11 (textured bronze) or approved equivalent with a powder coating. 12 13 14 7. Anchor bolts shall be provided and installed per manufacturer recommendations. 15 8. All poles shall have a handhole for access to the tray-mounted ballasts. 16 17 18 9. All standards shall be rated to withstand 100 MPH steady wind with a gust factor of 1.3. 19 20 10. Bolt circle allowed shall be 11" @ 13". 21 22 11. All poles and luminaire arms shall incorporate decorative elements identical too 23 or similar to those shown within the Plans. 24 25 26 Decorative street light standards with Banner Arms, as noted on the plans, shall meet the 27 following: 28 29 1. Have banner arms permanently mounted at a height of 20 feet and banner arms mounted to an adjustable clamp assembly at a height of 12 feet. Banner arms 30 shall be thirty-six (36) inches long and have a three (3) inch ball at the end. 31 32 33 2. Banner arm mounts shall be oriented 180 degrees from the steel arms of the 34 luminaire. 35 Decorative street light standards shall be engineered by the pole manufacturer. Drawings 36 shall be stamped by a licensed structural engineer with current valid State of Washington 37 38 stamp. The foundation shall be engineered by a licensed structural engineer using pole manufacture data and project supplied soils testing report. Engineered/ stamped plans by 39 a currently licensed structural engineer shall be submitted to the project engineer. 40 Foundation work and pole manufacture shall not commence until engineered plans have 41 been approved by the project engineer. Poles shall be circular in cross-section. 42 43 44 All poles shall have semi-flush handholes designed to avoid clearance problems with 45 decorative bases. 46

1 2 3	After delivering the standards to the job site and before they are installed, they shall be stored in a place that will not inconvenience the public. Standards shall be installed in compliance with Washington State Utility and Electrical Codes.
4	9-29.6(1) Steel Light and Signal Standards
5	Section 9-29.6(1) is supplement with the following:
6	(May 1, 2006 WSDOT NWR)
7 8	Light and Signal Standard Painting Galvanized steel light and signal standards shall not be painted.
9	9-29.11(2) Photoelectric Control
10	Section 9-29.11(2) is supplemented with the following:
11	(March 27, 2013 *****)
12 13 14	One photocell shall be installed for all luminaires in the signal system. The photocell shall be located on the top of the electrical service cabinet unless otherwise specified in the plans.
15	9-29.24 Service Cabinets
16 17	Section 9-29.24, Item 9 is deleted and replaced with the following:
18 19 20 21	 Service enclosures shall be fabricated of 0.125-inch (minimum) 5052 alloy aluminum H32 ASTM designator or B209 aluminum.
22 23	END SPECIAL PROVISIONS

APPENDIX A AMENDMENTS TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

INTRO.AP1

2 INTRODUCTION	
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3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	The following Amendments and Special Provisions shall be used in conjunction with the 2014 Standard Specifications for Road, Bridge, and Municipal Construction.
	AMENDMENTS TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS
	The following Amendments to the Standard Specifications are made a part of this contract and supersede any conflicting provisions of the Standard Specifications. For informational purposes, the date following each Amendment title indicates the implementation date of the Amendment or the latest date of revision.
12 13 14 15	Each Amendment contains all current revisions to the applicable section of the Standard Specifications and may include references which do not apply to this particular project.
16	1-01.AP1
17 18	Section 1-01, Definitions and Terms August 4, 2014
19 20	1-01.3 Definitions The definition for " Engineer " is revised to read:
21 22 23 24	The Contracting Agency's representative who directly supervises the engineering and administration of a construction Contract.
25	The definition for "Inspector" is revised to read:
26 27 28	The Engineer's representative who inspects Contract performance in detail.
29 30	The definition for "Project Engineer" is revised to read:
31 32	Same as Engineer.
33 34	The definition for "Working Drawings" is revised to read:
35 36 37 38	Drawings, plans, diagrams, or any other supplementary data or calculations, including a schedule of submittal dates for Working Drawings where specified, which the Contractor must submit to the Engineer.
39	1-02.AP1
40 41	Section 1-02, Bid Procedures and Conditions April 7, 2014
42 43	1-02.8(1) Noncollusion Declaration The third paragraph is revised to read:

AMENDMENTS TO THE 2014 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS BOOK Revised: 4/6/15

1 2 3 4 5	Therefore, by including the Non-collusion Declaration as part of the signed bid Proposal, the Bidder is deemed to have certified and agreed to the requirements of the Declaration.
	1-03.AP1
6 7	Section 1-03, Award and Execution of Contract January 5, 2015
8 9 10	1-03.3 Execution of Contract The first paragraph is revised to read:
11 12 13 14	Within 20 calendar days after the Award date, the successful Bidder shall return the signed Contracting Agency-prepared Contract, an insurance certification as required by Section 1-07.18, and a satisfactory bond as required by law and Section 1-03.4, and shall be registered as a contractor in the state of Washington.
15 16 17 18	1-03.4 Contract Bond The last word of item 3 is deleted.
19	Item 4 is renumbered to 5.
20 21 22	The following is inserted after item 3 (after the preceding Amendments are applied):
23 24 25	 Be conditioned upon the payment of taxes, increases, and penalties incurred on the project under titles 50, 51, and 82 RCW; and
26 27 28	1-03.5 Failure to Execute Contract The first sentence is revised to read:
29 30 31 32 33 34	Failure to return the insurance certification and bond with the signed Contract as required in Section 1-03.3, or failure to provide Disadvantaged, Minority or Women's Business Enterprise information if required in the Contract, or failure or refusal to sign the Contract, or failure to register as a contractor in the state of Washington shall result in forfeiture of the proposal bond or deposit of this Bidder.
35	1-04.AP1
36 37	Section 1-04, Scope of the Work August 4, 2014
38 39	1-04.4 Changes In the third paragraph, item number 1 and 2 are revised to read:
40 41 42	When the character of the Work as altered differs materially in kind or nature from that involved or included in the original proposed construction; or

B. When an item of Work, as defined elsewhere in the Contract, is increased in excess of 125 percent or decreased below 75 percent of the original Contract

AMENDMENTS TO THE 2014 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS BOOK

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43

1 2	quantity. For the purpose of this Section, an item of Work will be defined as any item that qualifies for adjustment under the provisions of Section 1-04.6.
3 4	The last two paragraphs are deleted.
5 6	This section is supplemented with the following new subsections:
7 8	1-04.4(2) Value Engineering Change Proposal (VECP)
9	
10	1-04.4(2)A General
11 12	A VECP is a Contractor proposed change to the Contract Provisions which will accomplish the projects functional requirements in a manner that is equal to or
13	better than the requirements in the Contract. The VECP may be: (1) at a less cost
14	or time, or (2) either no cost savings or a minor increase in cost with a reduction in
15	Contract time. The net savings or added costs to the Contract Work are shared by
16	the Contractor and Contracting Agency.
17	
18	The Contractor may submit a VECP for changing the Plans, Specifications, or
19	other requirements of the Contract. The Engineer's decision to accept or reject all
20	or part of the proposal is final and not subject to arbitration under the arbitration
21	clause or otherwise subject to litigation.
22 23	The VECP shall meet all of the following:
24	The VEOL shall meet all of the following.
25	 Not adversely affect the long term life cycle costs.
26	,
27	Not adversely impact the ability to perform maintenance.
28	
29	Provide the required safety and appearance.
30 31	4. Provide substitution for deleted or reduced Disadvantaged Business
32	Enterprise Condition of Award Work, Apprentice Utilization and Training.
33	
34	VECPs that provide a time reduction shall meet the following requirements:
35	
36	 Time saving is a direct result of the VECP.
37 38	2. Liquidated damages panalties are not used to calculate servings
30 39	Liquidated damages penalties are not used to calculate savings.
40	3. Administrative/overhead cost savings experienced by either the
41	Contractor or Contracting Agency as a result of time reduction accrue to
42	each party and are not used to calculate savings.
43	
44	1-04.4(2)B VECP Savings
45	4.04.4(0)P4. P
46 47	1-04.4(2)B1 Proposal Savings The incentive payment to the Contractor shall be one half of the not savings
47 48	The incentive payment to the Contractor shall be one-half of the net savings of the proposal calculated as follows:
4 0 49	or the proposal calculated as follows.
50	 (gross cost of deleted work) – (gross cost of added work) = (gross
51	savings)

- (gross savings) (Contractor's engineering costs) (Contracting Agency's costs) = (net savings)
- 3. (net savings) / 2 = (incentive pay)

The Contracting Agency's costs shall be the actual consultant costs billed to the Contracting Agency and in-house costs. Costs for personnel assigned to the Engineer's office shall not be included.

1-04.4(2)B2 Added Costs to Achieve Time Savings

The cost to achieve the time savings shall be calculated as follows:

- (cost of added work) + (Contractor's engineering costs Contracting Agency's engineering costs) = (cost to achieve time savings)
- 2. (cost to achieve time savings) / 2 = (Contracting Agency's share of added cost)

If the timesaving proposal also involves deleting work and, as a result, creates a savings for the Contracting Agency, then the Contractor shall also receive one-half of the savings realized through the deletion.

1-04.4(2)C VECP Approval

1-04.4(2)C1 Concept Approval

The Contractor shall submit a written proposal to the Engineer for consideration. The proposal shall contain the following information:

- 1. An explanation outlining the benefit provided by the change(s).
- A narrative description of the proposed change(s). If applicable, the
 discussion shall include a demonstration of functional equivalency or
 a description of how the proposal meets the original contract scope of
 work.
- 3. A cost discussion estimating any net savings. Savings estimates will generally follow the outline below under the section, "Proposal Savings".
- 4. A statement providing the Contracting Agency with the right to use all or any part of the proposal on future projects without future obligation or compensation.
- 5. A statement acknowledging and agreeing that the Engineer's decision to accept or reject all or part of the proposal is final and not subject to arbitration under the arbitration clause or otherwise be subject to claims or disputes.
- 6. A statement giving the dates the Engineer must make a decision to accept or reject the conceptual proposal, the date that approval to

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proceed must be received, and the date the work must begin in order to not delay the contract. If the Contracting Agency does not approve the VECP by the date specified by the Contractor in their proposal the VECP will be deemed rejected.

 The submittal will include an analysis on other Work that may have costs that changed as a result of the VECP. Traffic control and erosion control shall both be included in addition to any other impacted Work.

After review of the proposal, the Engineer will respond in writing with acceptance or rejection of the concept. This acceptance shall not be construed as authority to proceed with any change contract work. Concept approval allows the Contractor to proceed with the Work needed to develop final plans and other information to receive formal approval and to support preparation of a change order.

1-04.4(2)C2 Formal Approval

The Contractor's submittal to the Engineer for formal approval shall include the following:

- Deleted Work Include the calculated quantities of unit price Work to be deleted. Include the proposed partial prices for portions of lump sum Work deleted. For deletion of force account items include the time and material estimates.
- Added Work Include the calculated quantities of unit price Work to be added, either by original unit Contract prices or by new, negotiated unit prices. For new items of Work include the quantities and proposed prices.
- Contractor's Engineering Costs Submit the labor costs for the engineering to develop the proposal; costs for Contractor employees utilized in contract operations on a regular basis shall not be included.
- 4. Schedule Analysis If the VECP is related to time savings, the Contractor shall submit a partial progress schedule showing the changed Work. The submittal shall also include a discussion comparing the partial progress schedule with the approved progress schedule for the project.
- 5. Working Drawings Type 3 Working Drawings shall be submitted; those drawings which require engineering shall be a Type 3E.

Formal approval of the proposal will be documented by issuance of a change order. The VECP change order will contain the following statements which the Contractor agrees to by signing the change order:

1. The Contractor accepts design risk of all features, both temporary and permanent, of the changed Work.

AMENDMENTS TO THE 2014 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS BOOK Revised: 4/6/15

- 2. The Contractor accepts risk of constructability of the changed Work.
- 3. The Contractor provides the Contracting Agency with the right to use all or any part of the proposal on future projects without further obligation or compensation.

VECP change orders will contain separate pay items for the items that are applicable to the Proposal. These are as follows:

- 1. Deleted Work.
- 2. Added Work.
- 3. The Contractor's engineering costs, reimbursed at 100 percent of the Contractor's cost.
- 4. Incentive payment to the Contractor.

When added Work costs exceed Deleted Work costs, but time savings make a viable proposal, then items 3 and 4 above are replaced with the following:

- 3. The Contracting Agency's share of added cost to achieve time savings.
- 4. The Contractor's share of savings from deleted Work.

1-04.4(2)C3 Authority to Proceed with Changed Work

The authority for the Contractor to proceed with the VECP Work will be provided by one of the following options:

- 1. Execution of the VECP change order, or
- 2. At the Contractor's request the Contracting Agency may provide approval by letter from the Engineer for the Work to proceed prior to execution of a change order. All of the risk for proceeding with the VECP shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Additionally, the following criteria are required to have been met:
 - a) Concept approval has been granted by the Contracting Agency.
 - b) All design reviews and approvals have been completed, including plans and specifications.
 - c) The Contractor has guaranteed, in writing, the minimum savings to the Contracting Agency.

1-05.AP1

2 Section 1-05, Control of Work

3 August 4, 2014

4 1-05.1 Authority of the Engineer

In this section, "Project Engineer" is revised to read "Engineer".

The second paragraph (up until the colon) is revised to read:

The Engineer's decisions will be final on all questions including the following:

The first sentence in the third paragraph is revised to read:

The Engineer represents the Contracting Agency with full authority to enforce Contract requirements.

1-05.2 Authority of Assistants and Inspectors

The first paragraph is revised to read:

The Engineer may appoint assistants and Inspectors to assist in determining that the Work and materials meet the Contract requirements. Assistants and Inspectors have the authority to reject defective material and suspend Work that is being done improperly, subject to the final decisions of the Engineer.

In the third paragraph, "Project Engineer" is revised to read "Engineer".

1-05.3 Plans and Working Drawings

This section's title is revised to read:

Working Drawings

This section is revised to read:

The Contract may require the Contractor to submit Working Drawings for the performance of the Work. Working Drawings shall be submitted by the Contractor electronically to the Engineer in PDF format; drawing details shall be prepared in accordance with conventional detailing practices. If the PDF format is found to be unacceptable, at the request of the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide paper copies of the Working Drawings with drawings on 11 by 17 inch sheets and calculations/text on 8½ by 11 inch sheets.

Working Drawings will be classified under the following categories:

 Type 1 – Submitted for Contracting Agency information. Submittal must be received by the Contracting Agency a minimum of 7 calendar days before work represented by the submittal begins.

2. **Type 2** – Submitted for Contracting Agency review and comment. Unless otherwise stated in the Contract, the Engineer will require up to 20 calendar

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days from the date the Working Drawing is received until it is returned to the Contractor. The Contractor shall not proceed with the Work represented by the Working Drawing until comments from the Engineer have been addressed.

- 3. **Type 2E** Same as a Type 2 Working Drawing with Engineering as described below.
- 4. **Type 3** Submitted for Contracting Agency review and approval. Unless otherwise stated in the Contract, the Engineer will require up to 30 calendar days from the date the Working Drawing is received until it is returned to the Contractor. The Contractor shall obtain the Engineer's written approval before proceeding with the Work represented by the Working Drawing.
- 5. **Type 3E** Same as a Type 3 Working Drawing with Engineering as described below.

All Working Drawings shall be considered Type 3 Working Drawings except as specifically noted otherwise in the Contract. Unless designated otherwise by the Contractor, submittals of Working Drawings will be reviewed in the order they are received by the Engineer. In the event that several Working Drawings are received simultaneously, the Contractor shall specify the sequence in which they are to be reviewed. If the Contractor does not submit a review sequence for simultaneous Working Drawing submittals, the review sequence will be at the Engineer's discretion.

Working Drawings requiring Engineering, Type 2E and 3E, shall be prepared by (or under the direction of) a Professional Engineer, licensed under Title 18 RCW, State of Washington, and in accordance with WAC 196-23-020. Design calculations shall carry the Professional Engineer's signature and seal, date of signature, and registration number on the cover page. The cover page shall also include the Contract number, Contract title and sequential index to calculation page numbers.

If more than the specified number of days is required for the Engineer's review of any individual Working Drawing or resubmittal, an extension of time will be considered in accordance with Section 1-08.8.

Review or approval of Working Drawings shall neither confer upon the Contracting Agency nor relieve the Contractor of any responsibility for the accuracy of the drawings or their conformity with the Contract. The Contractor shall bear all risk and all costs of any Work delays caused by rejection or nonapproval of Working Drawings.

Unit Bid prices shall cover all costs of Working Drawings.

1-07.AP1

- Section 1-07, Legal Relations and Responsibilities to the Public January 5, 2015
- **1-07.2 State Taxes**
- 47 This section is revised to read:

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The Washington State Department of Revenue has issued special rules on the state sales tax. Sections 1-07.2(1) through 1-07.2(3) are meant to clarify those rules. The Contracting Agency will not adjust its payment if the Contractor bases a Bid on a misunderstood tax liability.

The Contracting Agency may deduct from its payments to the Contractor, retainage or lien the bond, in the amount the Contractor owes the State Department of Revenue, whether the amount owed relates to the Contract in question or not. Any amount so deducted will be paid into the proper State fund on the contractor's behalf. For additional information on tax rates and application refer to applicable RCWs, WACs or the Department of Revenue's website.

1-07.2(1) State Sales Tax: Work Performed on City, County, or Federally-Owned Land

This section including title is revised to read:

1-07.2(1) State Sales Tax: WAC 458-20-171 – Use Tax

For Work designated as Rule 171, **Use Tax**, the Contractor shall include for compensation the amount of any taxes paid in the various unit Bid prices or other Contract amounts. Typically, these taxes are collected on materials incorporated into the project and items such as the purchase or rental of; tools, machinery, equipment, or consumable supplies not integrated into the project.

The Summary of Quantities in the Contract Plans identifies those parts of the project that are subject to **Use Tax** under Section 1-07.2(1).

1-07.2(2) State Sales Tax: Work on State-Owned or Private Land

This section including title is revised to read:

1-07.2(2) State Sales Tax: WAC 458-20-170 - Retail Sales Tax

For Work designated as Rule 170, **Retail Sales Tax**, the Contractor shall collect from the Contracting Agency, **Retail Sales Tax** on the full Contract price. The Contracting Agency will automatically add this **Retail Sales Tax** to each payment to the Contractor and for this reason; the Contractor shall not include the **Retail Sales Tax** in the unit Bid prices or in any other Contract amount. However, the Contracting Agency will not provide additional compensation to the Prime Contractor or Subcontractor for **Retail Sales Taxes** paid by the Contractor in addition to the **Retail Sales Tax** on the total contract amount. Typically, these taxes are collected on items such as the purchase or rental of; tools, machinery, equipment, or consumable supplies not integrated into the project. Such sales taxes shall be included in the unit Bid prices or in any other Contract amounts.

The Summary of Quantities in the Contract Plans identifies those parts of the project that are subject to **Retail Sales Tax** under Section 1-07.2(2).

1-07.2(3) Services

This section is revised to read:

Any contract wholly for professional or other applicable services is generally not subject to **Retail Sales Tax** and therefore the Contractor shall not collect **Retail Sales**

1 Tax from the Contracting Agency on those Contracts. Any incidental taxes paid as part 2 of providing the services shall be included in the payments under the contract. 3 4 1-07.23(1) Construction Under Traffic 5 In the second paragraph, the following new sentence is inserted after the second sentence: 6 7 Accessibility to existing or temporary pedestrian push buttons shall not be impaired. 8 9 1-08.AP1 Section 1-08, Prosecution and Progress 10 11 May 5, 2014 12 1-08.1 Subcontracting The eighth paragraph is revised to read: 13 14 15 On all projects, the Contractor shall certify to the actual amounts paid to Disadvantaged, Minority, Women's, or Small Business Enterprise firms that were used 16 as Subcontractors, lower tier subcontractors, manufacturers, regular dealers, or 17 service providers on the Contract. This Certification shall be submitted to the Project 18 Engineer on a monthly basis each month between Execution of the Contract and 19 Physical Completion of the contract using the application available at: 20 https://remoteapps.wsdot.wa.gov/mapsdata/tools/dbeparticipation. The monthly report 21 22 is due 20 calendar days following the end of the month. A monthly report shall be submitted for every month between Execution of the Contract and Physical Completion 23 regardless of whether payments were made or work occurred. 24 25 26 The ninth paragraph is deleted. 27 28 1-09.AP1 29 **Section 1-09, Measurement and Payment** January 5, 2015 30 31 1-09.6 Force Account 32 In the third paragraph of item number 3, the last sentence is revised to read: 33 34 In the event that prior quotations are not obtained and the vendor is not a firm 35 independent from the Contractor or Subcontractor, then after-the-fact quotations may be obtained by the Engineer from the open market in the vicinity and the lowest such 36 quotation may be used in place of submitted invoice. 37 38 1-10.AP1 39 40 Section 1-10, Temporary Traffic Control August 4, 2014 41 1-10.1(1) Materials 42 43 The following material reference is deleted from this section: 44

Barrier Drums 9-35.8

1-10.1(2) Description

The first paragraph is revised to read:

The Contractor shall provide flaggers, and all other personnel required for labor for traffic control activities and not otherwise specified as being furnished by the Contracting Agency.

1-10.2(1) General

In the third paragraph, the first two sentences are revised to read:

The primary and alternate TCS shall be certified by one of the organizations listed in the Special Provisions. Possession of a current Washington State TCS card and flagging card by the primary and alternate TCS is mandatory.

1-10.2(1)B Traffic Control Supervisor

The first paragraph is revised to read:

A Traffic Control Supervisor (TCS) shall be present on the project whenever flagging or other traffic control labor is being utilized or less frequently, as authorized by the Engineer.

The last paragraph is revised to read:

The TCS may perform the Work described in Section 1-10.3(1)A Flaggers or in Section 1-10.3(1)B Other Traffic Control Labor and be compensated under those Bid items, provided that the duties of the TCS are accomplished.

1-10.2(2) Traffic Control Plans

The first paragraph is revised to read:

 The traffic control plan or plans appearing in the Contract documents show a method of handling vehicle, bicycle, and pedestrian traffic. All construction signs, flaggers, and other traffic control devices are shown on the traffic control plan(s) except for emergency situations. If the Contractor proposes adding the use of flaggers to a plan, this will constitute a modification requiring approval by the Engineer. The modified plans shall show locations for all the required advance warning signs and a safe, protected location for the flagging station. If flagging is to be performed during hours of darkness, the plan shall include appropriate illumination for the flagging station.

In the second paragraph, the second sentence is revised to read:

Any Contractor-proposed modification, supplement or replacement shall show the necessary construction signs, flaggers, and other traffic control devices required to support the Work.

1-10.2(3) Conformance to Established Standards

In the second paragraph, the second sentence is revised to read:

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The National Cooperative Highway Research Project (NCHRP) Report 350 and the AASHTO Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) have established requirements for crash testing.

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In the third paragraph, "NCHRP 350" is revised to read "NCHRP 350 or MASH".

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In the fourth paragraph, "NCHRP 350" is revised to read "NCHRP 350 or MASH".

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In the fifth paragraph, "NCHRP 350" is revised to read "NCHRP 350 or MASH".

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1-10.3(1) Traffic Control Labor

The first paragraph is revised to read:

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The Contractor shall furnish all personnel for flagging, for the execution of all procedures related to temporary traffic control and for the setup, maintenance and removal of all temporary traffic control devices and construction signs necessary to control vehicular, bicycle, and pedestrian traffic during construction operations.

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1-10.3(1)A Flaggers and Spotters

This section's title is revised to read:

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Flaggers

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The first paragraph is revised to read:

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Flaggers shall be posted where shown on approved Traffic Control Plans or where directed by the Engineer. All flaggers shall possess a current flagging card issued by the State of Washington, Oregon, Montana, or Idaho. The flagging card shall be immediately available and shown to the Contracting Agency upon request.

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The last paragraph is deleted.

This section is revised to read:

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1-10.3(1)B Other Traffic Control Labor

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In addition to flagging duties, the Contractor shall provide personnel for all other traffic control procedures required by the construction operations and for the labor to install, maintain and remove any traffic control devices shown on Traffic Control Plans.

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1-10.3(3)B Sequential Arrow Signs

This section is supplemented with the following:

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A sequential arrow sign is required for all lane closure tapers on a multilane facility. A separate sequential arrow sign shall be used for each closed lane. The arrow sign shall not be used to laterally shift traffic. When used in the caution mode, the four corner

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1-10.3(3)C Portable Changeable Message Signs

This section is revised to read:

mode shall be used.

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1 Where shown on an approved traffic control plan or where ordered by the Engineer. 2 the Contractor shall provide, operate, and maintain portable changeable message signs (PCMS). A PCMS shall be placed behind a barrier or guardrail whenever 3 possible, but shall at a minimum provide 4 ft. of lateral clearance to edge of travelled 4 5 lane and be delineated by channelization devices. The Contractor shall remove the 6 PCMS from the clear zone when not in use unless protected by barrier or guardrail. 8 1-10.3(3)F Barrier Drums 9 This section including title is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following: 10 11 1-10.3(3)F Vacant 12 13 1-10.3(3)K Portable Temporary Traffic Control Signal The fifth paragraph is revised to read: 14 15 16 The Project Engineer or designee will inspect the signal system at initial 17 installation/operation and approve the signal timing. Final approval will be based on the 18 results of the operational inspection. 19 20 1-10.4(2) Item Bids With Lump Sum for Incidentals 21 In the second paragraph, the first and second sentences are revised to read: 22 23 "Flaggers" will be measured by the hour. Hours will be measured for each flagging station, shown on an approved Traffic Control Plan, when that station is staffed in 24 25 accordance with Section 1-10.3(1)A. 26 27 The first sentence of the last bulleted item in this section is revised to read: 28 29 Installing and removing Barricades, Traffic Safety Drums, Cones, Tubular Markers and Warning Lights and Flashers to carry out approved Traffic Control Plan(s). 30 31 32 1-10.5(2) Item Bids With Lump Sum for Incidentals 33 This section is deleted and replaced with the following: 34 35 "Traffic Control Supervisor", lump sum. 36 37 The lump sum Contract payment shall be full compensation for all costs incurred by the Contractor in performing the Work defined in Section 1-10.2(1)B. 38 39 40 "Pedestrian Traffic Control", lump sum. 41 42 The lump sum Contract payment shall be full compensation for all costs incurred by the Contractor in performing the Work for pedestrian traffic control defined in Section 1-10. 43 44

The unit Contract price, when applied to the number of units measured for this item in accordance with Section 1-10.4(2), shall be full compensation for all costs incurred

by the Contractor in performing the Work defined in Section 1-10.3(1)A.

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"Flaggers", per hour.

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1 "Other Traffic Control Labor", per hour. 2 3 The unit Contract price, when applied to the number of units measured for this item in accordance with Section 1-10.4(2), shall be full compensation for all labor costs 4 5 incurred by the Contractor in performing the Work specified for this item in Section 1-6 10.4(2). 7 8 "Construction Signs Class A", per square foot. 9 10 The unit Contract price, when applied to the number of units measured for this item in 11 accordance with Section 1-10.4(2), shall be full compensation for all costs incurred by 12 the Contractor in performing the Work described in Section 1-10.3(3)A. In the event 13 that "Do Not Pass" and "Pass With Care" signs must be left in place, a change order, as described in Section 1-04.4, will be required. When the Bid Proposal contains the 14 item "Sign Covering", then covering those signs indicated in the Contract will be 15 16 measured and paid according to Section 8-21. 17 18 "Sequential Arrow Sign", per hour. 19 20 The unit Contract price, when applied to the number of units measured for this item in 21 accordance with Section 1-10.4(2), shall be full compensation for all costs incurred by 22 the Contractor in performing the Work described in Section 1-10.3(3)B. 23 24 "Portable Changeable Message Sign", per hour. 25 26 The unit Contract price, when applied to the number of units measured for this item in 27 accordance with Section 1-10.4(2), shall be full compensation for all costs incurred by 28 the Contractor in performing the Work for procuring all portable changeable message 29 signs required for the project and for transporting these signs to and from the project. 30 31 "Transportable Attenuator", per each. 32 The unit Contract price, when applied to the number of units measured for this item in 33 34 accordance with Section 1-10.4(2), shall be full compensation for all costs incurred by the Contractor in performing the Work described in Section 1-10.3(3) J except for costs 35 36 compensated separately under the items "Operation of Transportable Attenuator" and 37 "Repair Transportable Attenuator". 38 39 "Operation of Transportable Attenuator", per hour. 40 41 The unit Contract price, when applied to the number of units measured for this item in accordance with Section 1-10.4(2), shall be full compensation for all costs incurred by 42 43 the Contractor in performing the Work for operating transportable attenuators on the 44 project. 45 "Repair Transportable Attenuator", by force account. 46 47 48 All costs of repairing or replacing transportable attenuators that are damaged by the

motoring public while in use as shown on an approved Traffic Control Plan will be paid

for by force account as specified in Section 1-09.6. To provide a common Proposal for

all Bidders, the Contracting Agency has estimated the amount of force account for

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1 "Repair Transportable Attenuator" and has entered the amount in the Proposal to 2 become a part of the total Bid by the Contractor. Transportable attenuators damaged 3 due to the Contractor's operation or damaged in any manner when not in use shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor at no expense to the Contracting Agency. 4 5 6 "Other Temporary Traffic Control", lump sum. 7 8 The lump sum Contract payment shall be full compensation for all costs incurred by the Contractor in performing the Work defined in Section 1-10, and which costs are not 9 compensated by one of the above-listed items. 10 11 12 "Portable Temporary Traffic Control Signal", lump sum. 13 14 The lump sum Contract payment shall be full compensation for all costs incurred by the 15 Contractor in performing the Work as described in Section 1-10.3(3)K, including all costs for traffic control during manual control, adjustment, malfunction, or failure of the 16 portable traffic control signals and during replacement of failed or malfunctioning 17 18 signals. 19 2-01.AP2 20 21 Section 2-01, Clearing, Grubbing, and Roadside Cleanup August 4, 2014 22 23 2-01.3(1) Clearing 24 In the second paragraph, item number 3 (up until the colon) is revised to read: 25 26 3. Follow these requirements for all stumps that will be buried deeper than 5 feet from the top, side, or end surface of the embankment or any structure and are in a 27 28 location that will not be terraced as described in Section 2-03.3(14): 29 2-02.AP2 30 31 Section 2-02, Removal of Structures and Obstructions 32 **January 5, 2015** 2-02.3(2) Removal of Bridges, Box Culverts, and Other Drainage Structures 33 This section is supplemented with the following new subsections: 34 35 36 2-02.3(2) A Bridge Removal 37 2-02.3(2)A1 Bridge Demolition Plan Submittal 38 The Contractor shall submit a Type 2E Working Drawing consisting of a bridge demolition plan, showing the method of removing the existing bridge(s), or 39 40 portions of bridges, as specified. 41 42 The bridge demolition plan shall show all equipment, sequence of operations, and 43 details required to complete the work, including containment, collection, and disposal of all debris. The plan shall include a crane foundation stability analysis 44 45 and crane load calculations for the work. The plan shall detail the containment, collection, and disposal of all debris. The plan shall show all stages of demolition. 46

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2-02.5 Payment

Lakewood Station/SR 531 Roundabout

by the Special Provisions.

"Removing Existing Bridge____", lump sum.

"Removing Existing Structure", lump sum.

"Removing Portion of Existing Bridge____", lump sum.

"Removing Portion of Existing Structure____", lump sum.

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When the bridge removal work includes removal of a truss, and when the Contractor's removal method involves use of a crane or cranes to pick, lift, and remove the truss, the Contractor shall confirm the truss dead load weight prior to beginning the truss removal operation. The operation of confirming the truss dead load shall be performed at both ends of the truss, and shall ensure that the truss is broken free of its support bearings. The Contractor's method of confirming the truss dead load, whether by hydraulic jacks or other means, shall be included in the Contractor's bridge demolition plan submittal.

When the bridge removal work involves removing portions of existing concrete without replacement, the methods and tools used to achieve the smooth surface and profile specified in Section 2-02.3(2)A2 shall be included in the Contractor's bridge demolition plan submittal.

2-02.3(2)A2 Removing Portions of Existing Concrete

Care shall be taken in removing concrete to prevent overbreakage or damage to portions of the existing Structure which are to remain. Before concrete removal begins, a saw cut shall be made into the surface of the concrete at the perimeter of the removal limits. The saw cut shall be 3/4-inch deep when the steel reinforcement is to remain, and may be deeper when the steel reinforcement is removed with the concrete.

Concrete shall be completely removed (exposing the deformed surface of the bar) from existing steel reinforcing bars which extend from the existing members and are specified to remain. Steel reinforcing bars that are not designated to remain shall be cut a minimum of 1-inch behind the final surface. The void left by removal of the steel reinforcing bar shall be filled with mortar conforming to Section 9-20.4(2). The mortar shall match the color of the existing concrete surface as nearly as practicable.

The Contractor shall roughen, clean, and saturate existing concrete surfaces, against which fresh concrete will be placed, in accordance with Section 6-02.3(12)B. When a portion of existing concrete is to be removed without replacement, concrete shall be removed to a clean line with a smooth surface of less than 1/16 inch profile.

Explosives shall not be used for bridge demolition, except as specifically allowed

2-02.3(2)A3 Use of Explosives for Bridge Demolition

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1 2 2-03.AP2 Section 2-03, Roadway Excavation and Embankment 3 4 August 4, 2014 2-03.3(14) Embankment Construction 5 6 The third paragraph is revised to read: 8 Hillside Terraces – The Contractor shall terrace the original ground or embankment 9 when the slope of the surface is 2H:1V or steeper unless otherwise directed by the 10 Engineer. The face of each terrace shall be a minimum of 1 foot and a maximum of 5 feet in height and shall be vertical or near vertical as required to remain stable during 11 12 material placement and compaction. The bench of the terrace shall slope outward to drain and shall not be inclined steeper than 0.05 foot per foot. Terraces damaged 13 during work shall be reestablished. The Engineer may order the Contractor to place 14 15 gravel backfill, pipe drains or both to drain any seepage. 16 17 2-03.3(14)L Embankment Widening for Guardrail The first sentence is revised to read: 18 19 20 Embankments widened for the installation of beam guardrail shall be terraced in 21 accordance with the requirements for hillside terraces in Section 2-03.3(14). 22 23 The second sentence is deleted. 24 25 2-09.AP2 26 Section 2-09, Structure Excavation **January 5, 2015** 27 28 2-09.4 Measurement 29 The seventh paragraph is revised to read: 30 31 For pipelines the lower limit in measuring structure excavation will be the foundation 32 level as shown in the Plans or as directed by the Engineer. 33 2-12.AP2 34 35 **Section 2-12, Construction Geosynthetic January 5, 2015** 36 37 2-12.3(4) Permanent Erosion Control and Ditch Lining In the fourth paragraph, "Section 9-13.2" is revised to read "Section 9-13.1(4)". 38

2	Section 3-04, Acceptance of Aggregate April 6, 2015									
4 5 6 7	3-04.5 PaymentIn Table 1, the "Maximum Sublot Size (Tons)" value for the item HMA Aggregate is revised to read "2000".In Table 2, the row containing the item "HMA Aggregate" is revised to read:									
8 9										
J	9-03.8(2)	HMA Aggregate						15	15	Uncompacted Void Conten
10 11 12	5-01.AP5									1 20
13 14	Section 5-01, Cement Concrete Pavement Rehabilitation August 4, 2014									
15 16 17	5-01.2 Ma The reference	terials ced section for the	e following	item	is revis	ed to r	ead:			
17 18 19	Dowel E	Bars	9-07.5							
20 21 22	5-01.3(4) Replace Portland Cement Concrete Panel In the third paragraph, the last sentence is deleted.									
23 24 25	The seventeenth paragraph (beginning with "The Contractor shall place a bond-breaking material") is deleted.									
26	5-02.AP5									
27 28	Section 5- August 4,	02, Bituminous 2014	Surface	Trea	tment					
29 30 31		Temporary Ra 's title is revised t		emen	t Marl	kings				
32 33	Tempo	rary Pavement N	/larkings							
34	The word "ra	aised" is deleted f	rom this s	ection						

3-04.AP3

5-04.AP5

2 Section 5-04, Hot Mix Asphalt

April 6, 2015

5-04.2 Materials

The third through eighth paragraphs are deleted and replaced with the following:

The Contractor may choose to utilize recycled asphalt pavement (RAP) or reclaimed asphalt shingles (RAS) in the production of HMA. The RAP may be from pavements removed under the Contract, if any, or pavement material from an existing stockpile. The RAS may be from reclaimed shingles.

If greater than 20 percent RAP by total weight of HMA or any amount of RAS is utilized in the production of HMA, the Contractor shall sample and test the RAP and RAS during stockpile construction in accordance with WSDOT FOP for AASHTO T 308 for determination of asphalt binder content and WSDOT FOP for WAQTC/AASHTO T 27/T 11 for gradation of the aggregates. The RAP shall be sampled and tested at a frequency of one sample for every 1,000 tons produced and not less than ten samples per project. The RAS shall be sampled and tested at a frequency of one sample for every 100 tons produced and not less than ten samples per project. The asphalt content and gradation test data shall be reported to the Contracting Agency prior to or when submitting the mix design for approval on the QPL. If utilized, the amount of RAS shall not exceed 5-percent of the total weight of the HMA. The Contractor shall include the RAP and RAS as part of the mix design as defined in these Specifications.

The grade of asphalt binder shall be as required by the Contract. Blending of asphalt binder from different sources is not permitted. For HMA with greater than 20 percent RAP by total weight of HMA or any amount of RAS, the final blended asphalt binder (after inclusion of RAP, RAS, new asphalt binder and recycling agent) shall be the grade as required by the Contract and comply with the requirements of Section 9-02.1(4).

The Contractor may only use warm mix asphalt (WMA) processes in the production of HMA with 20 percent or less RAP by total weight of HMA and no RAS. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval the process that is proposed and how it will be used in the manufacture of HMA.

When the Contracting Agency provides aggregates or provides a source for the production of aggregates, the Contract Provisions will establish the approximate percentage of asphalt binder required in the mixture for each class of HMA.

Production of aggregates shall comply with the requirements of Section 3-01.

Preparation of stockpile site, the stockpiling of aggregates, and the removal of aggregates from stockpiles shall comply with the requirements of Section 3-02.

5-04.3(1) Hot Mix Asphalt Mixing Plant

The first paragraph is supplemented with the following:

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6. Equipment for Processing RAP and RAS. When producing HMA for mix designs with greater than 20 percent RAP by total weight of HMA or any amount of RAS the HMA plant shall be equipped with screens or a lump breaker to eliminate oversize RAP/RAS particles from entering the pug mill or drum mixer.

5-04.3(3)A Material Transfer Device/Vehicle

The first paragraph is supplemented with the following new sentence:

At the Contractor's request the Engineer may approve paving without an MTD/V; the Engineer will determine if an equitable adjustment in cost or time is due.

In the last sentence of the second paragraph, "Project Engineer" is revised to read "Engineer".

5-04.3(5)A Preparation of Existing Surfaces

The first sentence of the last paragraph is revised to read:

Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, the tack coat shall be CSS-1 or CSS-1h emulsified asphalt.

5-04.3(7) Preparation of Aggregates

This section is revised to read:

The aggregates, RAP and RAS shall be stockpiled according to the requirements of Section 3-02. Sufficient storage space shall be provided for each size of aggregate, RAP and RAS. The Contractor may uniformly blend fine aggregate or RAP with the RAS as a method of preventing the agglomeration of RAS particles. The aggregates, RAP and RAS shall be removed from stockpile(s) in a manner to ensure minimal segregation when being moved to the HMA plant for processing into the final mixture. Different aggregate sizes shall be kept separated until they have been delivered to the

5-04.3(7)A1 General

HMA plant.

This section is revised to read:

An approved mix design, listed on the Qualified Products List (QPL), is required for all HMA paving. The Contractor shall develop a mix design prior to the initial production of HMA and no more than 3 months prior to submitting for QPL evaluation. The mix design shall be developed in accordance with WSDOT Standard Operating Procedure 732 and meet the requirements of Sections 9-03.8(2) and 9-03.8(6).

Mix designs shall be submitted by the Contractor to the WSDOT State Materials Laboratory on WSDOT Form 350-042EF. If the mix design is approved it will be listed on the QPL for up to 24 consecutive months. Mix designs not listed on the QPL or past the 24 month approved period shall not be used. After a mix design has been on the QPL for 12 months the listing will be extended provided the Contractor submits a certification letter to the Qualified Products Engineer verifying that the aggregate and asphalt binder have not changed. The Contractor may submit the certification one month prior to expiration of the mix design approval. Within 7 calendar days of receipt of the Contractor's certification the QPL will be updated. The maximum duration for

approval of a mix design and listing on the QPL will be 24 months from the date of initial approval or as approved by the Engineer.

Changes to the job mix formula of a mix design may require the development of a new mix design and resubmittal for QPL approval. Mix designs that require resubmittal for QPL approval must be approved prior to use.

 Changes to aggregate that may require a new mix design include the source of material or a change in the percentage of material from a stockpile greater than 5 percent. Changes to the percentage of material from a stockpile will be calculated exclusive of the RAP content. The Contractor may vary the RAP percentage in accordance with Section 5-04.2.

Changes to asphalt binder that may require a new mix design include the source of the crude petroleum supplied to the refinery, the refining process, and additives or modifiers in the asphalt binder.

The Contractor shall include the brand and type of anti-stripping additive in the mix design submittal and provide certification from the asphalt binder manufacture that the anti-stripping additive is compatible with the crude source and formulation of asphalt binder proposed in the mix design. All changes to anti-strip require the submittal of a new mix design for approval.

Mix designs with 20 percent RAP or less by total weight of HMA and no RAS will be completed without the inclusion of the RAP. For HMA mix designs with greater than 20 percent RAP by total weight of HMA or any amount of RAS the Contractor shall develop a mix design including RAP, RAS, recycling agent and new asphalt binder. Asphalt binder contributed from RAS shall be determined in accordance with AASHTO PP 78. The total quantity of asphalt binder from the RAP and RAS shall not exceed 40 percent of the total asphalt binder content of the HMA.

Once the RAP and RAS stockpiles have been constructed the Contractor shall extract, recover and test the asphalt residue from the RAP and RAS stockpiles to determine the percent of recycling agent and/or grade of new asphalt binder needed to meet the grade of asphalt binder required by the contract. The asphalt extraction testing shall be performed in accordance with AASHTO T 164 or ASTM D 2172 using reagent grade trichloroethylene. The asphalt recovery shall be performed in accordance with AASHTO R 59 or ASTM D 1856. The recovered asphalt residue shall be tested in accordance with AASHTO R 29 to determine the asphalt binder grade in accordance with Section 9-02.1(4). Once the recovered asphalt binder grade is determined the percent of recycling agent and/or grade of new asphalt binder shall be determined in accordance with ASTM D 4887. The final blend of recycling agent, recovered and new asphalt shall be tested in accordance with AASHTO R 29 to confirm that it meets the grade of asphalt binder required by the contract in accordance with Section 9-02.1(4). All recovered and blended asphalt binder test data shall be reported to the Contracting Agency prior to submitting the mix design for approval on the QPL.

5-04.3(7)A2 Statistical or Nonstatistical Evaluation

This section is revised to read:

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The Contractor shall submit WSDOT Form 350-041EF to the Engineer for approval to use a mix design from the QPL. The Contractor may include changes to the job mix formula that have been approved on other contracts. The request to use a mix design from the QPL may be rejected if production of the HMA from another contract is not in compliance with Section 5-04.3(11)D.

The Contractor shall submit representative samples of the materials that are to be used in the HMA production to the State Materials Laboratory in Tumwater. For HMA mix designs with 20 percent RAP or less by total weight of HMA and no RAS, the Contractor shall submit representative samples of the mineral materials that are to be used in the HMA production; the submittal of RAP samples is not required for these mix designs. For HMA mix designs with greater than 20 percent RAP by total weight of HMA or any amount of RAS the Contractor shall submit representative samples of the mineral materials, RAP, RAS and 100 grams of recovered asphalt residue from the RAP and RAS that are to be used in the HMA production. The Contracting Agency will use these samples to evaluate the mix design for approval on the QPL in accordance with WSDOT Standard Practice QC-8.

5-04.3(7)A3 Commercial Evaluation

This section is revised to read:

Approval of a Commercial Evaluation mix design for listing on the QPL will be based on a review of the Contractor's submittal of WSDOT Form 350-042 for conformance to the requirements of Section 9-03.8(2). Testing of the HMA by the Contracting Agency for mix design approval is not required. Mix designs for HMA with greater than 20 percent RAP by total weight of HMA or any amount of RAS may be evaluated in accordance with Section 5-04.3(7)A2.

For the Bid item Commercial HMA, the Contractor shall select a class of HMA and design level of Equivalent Single Axle Loads (ESAL's) appropriate for the required use.

5-04.3(8) Mixing

When discharged, the temperature of the HMA shall not exceed the optimum mixing temperature by more than 25°F as shown on the reference mix design report or as approved by the Engineer.

The last paragraph is supplemented with the following new sentence:

The first sentence of the second paragraph is revised to read:

After the required amount of mineral materials, RAP, RAS, new asphalt binder and asphalt rejuvenator have been introduced into the mixer the HMA shall be mixed until complete and uniform coating of the particles and thorough distribution of the asphalt binder throughout the mineral materials, RAP and RAS is ensured.

5-04.3(8)A4 Definition of Sampling and Sublot

The second sentence of the second paragraph is revised to read:

The sublots shall be approximately uniform in size with a maximum sublot size based on original Plan quantity tons as specified in the following table.

This section is supplemented with the following new table:

HMA Original Plan Quantity (tons)	Sublot Size (tons)
<20,000	1,000
20,000 to 30,000	1,500
>30,000	2,000

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5-04.3(8)A7 Test Section - HMA Mixtures

This section is revised to read:

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For each class of HMA accepted by statistical evaluation with 20 percent RAP or less by total weight of HMA and no RAS, the Contractor may request a single test section to determine whether the mixture meets the requirements of Section 9-03.8(2) and 9-03.8(6). For each HMA mix design accepted by statistical evaluation with greater than 20 percent RAP by weight of HMA or any amount of RAS, the Contractor shall construct a test section to determine whether the mixture meets the requirements of Sections 9-03.8(2) and 9-03.8(6). Test sections shall be constructed at the beginning of paving and will be at least 600 tons and a maximum of 1,000 tons or as approved by the Engineer. For a test section to be acceptable the pay factor (PF) for gradation. asphalt binder and Va shall be 0.95 or greater for each constituent and the remaining test requirements in Section 9-03.8(2) (dust/asphalt ratio, sand equivalent, uncompacted void and fracture) shall conform to the requirements of that section. No further wearing or leveling HMA will be paved on any of the four calendar days following construction of the test section. The mixture in the test section will be evaluated as a lot with a minimum of three sublots required. If more than one test section is required, each test section shall be a separate lot.

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5-04.3(10)A General

In the first paragraph, "checking" and "cracking" are deleted.

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In the third paragraph, the following new sentence is inserted after the second sentence:

In the third paragraph, the following new sentence is inserted before the last sentence:

32 33 Coverage with a steel wheel roller may precede pneumatic tired rolling.

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Regardless of mix temperature, a roller shall not be operated in a mode that results in checking or cracking of the mat.

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5-04.3(10)B1 General

In this section, "Project Engineer" is revised to read "Engineer".

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The first paragraph is revised to read:

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HMA mixture accepted by statistical or nonstatistical evaluation that is used in traffic lanes, including lanes for ramps, truck climbing, weaving, and speed change, and having a specified compacted course thickness greater than 0.10-foot, shall be compacted to a specified level of relative density. The specified level of relative density

The following four new paragraphs are inserted after the first paragraph:

Tests for the determination of the pavement density will be taken in accordance the required procedures for measurement by a nuclear density gauge or roadway cores after completion of the finish rolling.

shall be a Composite Pay Factor (CPF) of not less than 0.75 when evaluated in

using cores to determine density. The specified level of density attained will be

determined by the statistical evaluation of the density of the pavement.

accordance with Section 1-06.2, using a minimum of 91 percent of the maximum

density. The percent of maximum density shall be determined by WSDOT FOP for AASHTO T 729 when using the nuclear density gauge and WSDOT SOP 736 when

If the Contracting Agency uses a nuclear density gauge to determine density the test procedures FOP for WAQTC TM 8 and WSDOT SOP T 729 will be used on the day the mix is placed.

Roadway cores for density may be obtained by either the Contracting Agency or the Contractor in accordance with WSDOT SOP 734. The core diameter shall be 4-inches unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Roadway cores will be tested by the Contracting Agency in accordance with WSDOT FOP for AASHTO T 166.

If the Contract includes the Bid item "Roadway Core" the cores shall be obtained by the Contractor in the presence of the Engineer on the same day the mix is placed and at locations designated by the Engineer. If the Contract does not include the Bid item "Roadway Core" the Contracting Agency will obtain the cores.

In the sixth paragraph (after the preceding Amendments are applied), the second sentence is revised to read:

Sublots will be uniform in size with a maximum sublot size based on original Plan quantity tons of HMA as specified in the table below.

The following new table is inserted before the second to last paragraph:

HMA Original Plan Quantity (tons)	Sublot Size (tons)
<20,000	100
20,000 to 30,000	150
>30,000	200

5-04.3(10)B4 Test Results

The first paragraph is revised to read:

The results of all compaction acceptance testing and the CPF of the lot after three sublots have been tested will be available to the Contractor through WSDOT's website. Determination of the relative density of the HMA with a nuclear density gauge requires a correlation factor and may require resolution after the correlation factor is known. Acceptance of HMA compaction will be based on the statistical evaluation and CPF so

In the second paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:

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determined.

For a sublot that has been tested with a nuclear density gauge that did not meet the minimum of 91 percent of the reference maximum density in a compaction lot with a CPF below 1.00 and thus subject to a price reduction or rejection, the Contractor may request that a core be used for determination of the relative density of the sublot.

In the second sentence of the second paragraph, "moisture-density" is revised to read "density".

In the second paragraph, the fourth sentence is deleted.

5-04.3(20) Anti-Stripping Additive

This section is revised to read:

Anti-stripping additive shall be added to the liquid asphalt by the asphalt supplier prior to shipment to the asphalt mixing plant. Anti-stripping additive shall be added in the amount designated on the QPL for the mix design.

5-04.4 Measurement

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The following new paragraph is inserted after the first paragraph:

Roadway cores will be measured per each for the number of cores taken.

The second to last paragraph is deleted.

5-04.5 Payment

The bid item "Removing Temporary Pavement Marking", per linear foot and paragraph following bid item are deleted.

The following new bid item is inserted before the second to last paragraph:

"Roadway Core", per each.

The Contractor's costs for all other Work associated with the coring (e.g., traffic control) shall be incidental and included within the unit Bid price per each and no additional payments will be made.

5-05.AP5

39 Section 5-05, Cement Concrete Pavement

April 6, 2015

5-05.3(1) Concrete Mix Design for Paving

In item number 1, the first sentence of the third paragraph is revised to read:

Ground granulated blast furnace slag, if used, shall not exceed 30 percent by weight of the total cementitious material and shall conform to Section 9-23.10.

The second and third rows of the table in item number 3 are revised to read:

Coarse Aggregate	+ 30 Pounds	- 30 Pounds		
Fine Aggregate	+ 30 Pounds	- 30 Pounds		

5-05.4 Measurement

 The fourth paragraph is supplemented with the following new sentence:

Tie bars with drill holes in cement concrete pavement placed under the Contract will not be measured.

5-05.5 Payment

 The paragraph following the Bid item "Tie Bar with Drill Hole", per each is supplemented with the following new sentence:

All costs for tie bars with drill holes in cement concrete pavement placed under the Contract shall be included in the unit Contract price per cubic yard for "Cement Conc. Pavement".

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6-01.AP6

Section 6-01, General Requirements for Structures January 5, 2015

6-01.6 Load Restrictions on Bridges Under Construction

The first sentence of the second paragraph is revised to read:

If necessary and safe to do so, and if the Contractor requests it through a Type 2E Working Drawing, the Engineer may allow traffic on a bridge prior to completion.

In the second paragraph, item number 3 (up until the colon) is revised to read:

 Provide stress calculations under the design criteria specified in the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, current edition, including at a minimum the following:

6-01.9 Working Drawings This section is revised to read:

All Working Drawings required for bridges and other Structures shall conform to Section 1-05.3.

6-01.10 Utilities Supported by or Attached to Bridges

In the second paragraph, "bridge structures" is revised to read "bridges".

6-01.14 Premolded Joint Filler

 In the second paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:

 The Contractor may substitute for the nails any adhesive acceptable to the Engineer.

6-02.AP6

2 Section 6-02, Concrete Structures

April 6, 2015

6-02.3(1) Classification of Structural Concrete

In paragraph two, item number 1 is revised to read:

Mix design and proportioning specified in Sections 6-02.3(2), 6-02.3(2)A and 6-02.3(2)A1.

Item number 3 is renumbered to 4.

After the preceding Amendments are applied, the following new numbered item is inserted after item number 2:

3. Temperature and time for placement requirements specified in Section 6-02.3(4)D.

6-02.3(2) Proportioning Materials

In the third paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:

The use of fly ash is required for Class 4000P concrete, except that ground granulated blast furnace slag may be substituted for fly ash at a 1:1 ratio.

In the table titled "Cementitious Requirement for Concrete", the row beginning with "4000D" is deleted.

The fourth paragraph is revised to read:

When both ground granulated blast furnace slag and fly ash are included in the concrete mix, the total weight of both these materials is limited to 40 percent by weight of the total cementitious material for concrete class 4000A, and 50 percent by weight of the total cementitious material for all other classes of concrete.

6-02.3(2)A Contractor Mix Design

The first paragraph is revised to read:

The Contractor shall provide a mix design in writing to the Engineer for all classes of concrete specified in the Plans except for lean concrete and commercial concrete. No concrete shall be placed until the Engineer has reviewed the mix design. The required average 28-day compressive strength shall be selected in accordance with ACI 301, Chapter 4, Section 4.2.3.3. ACI 211.1 shall be used to determine proportions. All proposed concrete mixes except Class 4000D shall meet the requirements in Cementitious Requirement for Concrete in Section 6-02.3(2).

In the fourth paragraph, the fourth sentence is deleted.

In the sixth paragraph, the first sentence is deleted.

In the seventh paragraph, the last sentence is deleted.

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The eighth paragraph is revised to read:

Air content for concrete Class 4000D shall conform to Section 6-02.3(2)A1. For all other concrete, air content shall be a minimum of 4.5 percent and a maximum of 7.5 percent for all concrete placed above the finished ground line.

The following new sub-section is added:

6-02.3(2)A1 Contractor Mix Design for Concrete Class 4000D

 All Class 4000D concrete shall be a project specific performance mix design conforming to the following requirements:

1. Aggregate shall use combined gradation in accordance with Section 9-03.1(5) with a nominal maximum aggregate size of 1-1/2 inches.

2. Permeability shall be less than 2,000 coulombs at 56 days in accordance with AASHTO T 277.

3. Freeze-thaw durability shall be provided by one of the following methods:

a. The concrete shall maintain an air content between 4.5 and 7.5 percent.
b. The concrete shall maintain a minimum air content that achieves a durability factor of 90 percent, minimum, after 300 cycles in accordance with AASHTO T 161, Procedure A. This air content shall not be less than 3.0 percent. Test samples shall be obtained from concrete batches of a minimum of 3.0 cubic yards.

4. Scaling shall have a visual rating less than or equal to 2 after 50 cycles in accordance with ASTM C 672.

5. Shrinkage at 28 days shall be less than 320 micro strain in accordance with AASHTO T 160.

6. Modulus of elasticity shall be measured in accordance with ASTM C 469.

7. Density shall be measured in accordance with ASTM C 138.

The Contractor shall submit the mix design in accordance with Section 6-02.3(2)A. The submittal shall include test reports for all tests listed above that follow the reporting requirements of the AASHTO/ASTM procedures. Samples for testing may be obtained from either laboratory or concrete plant batches. If concrete plant batches are used, the minimum batch size shall be 3.0 cubic yards. The Contractor shall submit the mix design to the Engineer at least 30 calendar days prior to the placement of concrete in the bridge deck.

6-02.3(4)D Temperature and Time For Placement

The first two sentences are revised to read:

Concrete temperatures shall remain between 55°F and 90°F while it is being placed, except that Class 4000D concrete temperatures shall remain between 55°F and 75°F

1 2	during placement. Precast concrete that is heat cured in accordance with Section 6-02.3(25)D shall remain between 50°F and 90°F while being placed.					
3 4 5						
	6-02.3(5)A General The first paragraph is revised to read:					
6 7 8	Concrete for the following applications will be accepted based on a Certificate of Compliance to be provided by the supplier as described in Section 6-02.3(5)B:					
9	1. Lean concrete.					
11 12	2. Commercial concrete.					
13 14	3. Class 4000P concrete for Roadside Steel Sign Support Foundations.					
15 16 17	 Class 4000P concrete for Type II, III, and CCTV Signal Standard Foundations that are 12'-0" or less in depth. 					
18 19 20	Class 4000P concrete for Type IV and V Strain Pole Foundations that are 12'- 0" or less in depth.					
21 22 23	6. Class 4000P concrete for Steel Light Standard Foundations Types A & B.					
23 24 25	The following new sentence is inserted at the beginning of the second paragraph:					
26 27 28	Slip-form barrier concrete will be accepted based on conformance to the requirements for temperature, air content and compressive strength at 28 days for sublots as tested and determined by the Contracting Agency.					
29 30 31	6-02.3(5)B Certification of Compliance In the list within the first paragraph, "Fly ash (if used) brand and Type" is revised to read					
32 33	"Fly ash (if used) brand and Class".					
34 35	The first sentence of the second to last paragraph is deleted.					
36 37	6-02.3(5)G Sampling and Testing Frequency for Temperature, Consistency, and Air Content					
38 39 40	In the fifth sentence of the second paragraph, "five truck loads" is revised to read "ten truck loads".					
41 42	The second paragraph is supplemented with the following:					
43 44	If the remaining quantity to be placed is less than ten truck loads; then a sample shall be randomly taken from one of the remaining truck loads.					
45 46 47 48	In the last sentence of the third paragraph, "five truck loads" is revised to read "ten truck loads".					
49	6-02.3(5)H Sampling and Testing for Compressive Strength and Initial Curing					

The second paragraph is revised to read:

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conferences shall be held before each deck placement.

6-02.3(10)D Concrete Placement, Finishing, and Texturing

6-02.3(10)D1 Test Slab Using Bridge Deck Concrete

The Contractor shall provide and maintain a sufficient number of cure boxes in accordance with WSDOT FOP for AASHTO T 23 for curing concrete cylinders. The

cure boxes shall be readily accessible and no more than 500 feet from the point of

also provide, maintain and operate all necessary power sources and connections

AASHTO T 23. The cure boxes shall have working locks and the Contractor shall

placed in the cure box, the cure box shall not be disturbed until the cylinders have

been removed. The Contractor shall retain the cure box Temperature Measuring

Device log and provide it to the Engineer upon request.

The following new paragraph is inserted after the last paragraph:

The first sentence in the first paragraph is revised to read:

The first sentence of the second paragraph is revised to read:

curing period or 7 days, whichever is greater.

6-02.3(6)A2 Cold Weather Protection

6-02.3(10)A Preconstruction Meeting

This section including title is revised to read:

6-02.3(10)A Pre-Deck Pour Meeting

placement.

All cure box costs shall be incidental to the associated item of work.

acceptance testing, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall

needed to operate the cure boxes. The cure boxes shall be in-place and functioning at

the specified temperature for curing cylinders prior to concrete placement. Concrete cylinders shall be cured in the cure boxes in accordance with WSDOT FOP for

provide the Engineer with one key to each of the locks. Once concrete cylinders are

This Specification applies when the weather forecast on the day of concrete placement

predicts air temperatures below 35°F at any time during the 7 days following

The temperature of the concrete shall be maintained above 50°F during the entire

A pre-deck pour meeting shall be held 5 to 10 working days before placing deck

concrete to discuss construction procedures, personnel, equipment to be used,

concrete sampling and testing and deck finishing and curing operations. Those

and finishing concrete, and representatives from the concrete supplier and the

change between concreting operations, or at request of the Engineer, additional

This section's content is deleted and replaced with the following new sub-sections:

attending shall include, at a minimum, the superintendent, foremen in charge of placing

If the project includes more than one bridge deck, and if the Contractor's key personnel

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concrete pump truck supplier.

After the Contractor receives the Engineer's approval for the Class 4000D concrete mix design, and a minimum of seven calendar days prior to the first placement of bridge deck concrete, the Contractor shall construct a test slab using concrete of the approved mix design.

The test slab may be constructed on grade, shall have a minimum thickness of eightinches, shall have minimum plan dimensions of 10-feet along all four edges, and shall be square or rectangular.

During construction of the test slab, the Contractor shall demonstrate concrete sampling and testing, use of the concrete temperature monitoring system, the concrete fogging system, concrete placement system, and the concrete finishing operation. The Contractor shall conduct the demonstration using the same type of equipment to be used for the production bridge decks, except that the Contractor may elect to finish the test slab with a hand-operated strike-board.

After the construction of the test slab and the demonstration of bridge deck construction operations is complete, the Contractor shall remove and dispose of the test slab in accordance with Sections 2-02.3 and 2-03.3(7)C.

6-02.3(10)D2 Preparation for Concrete Placement

Before placing bridge approach slab concrete, the subgrade shall be constructed in accordance with Sections 2-06 and 5-05.3(6).

Before any concrete is placed, the finishing machine shall be operated over the entire length of the deck/slab to check screed deflection. Concrete placement may begin only if the Engineer approves after this test.

 Immediately before placing concrete, the Contractor shall check (and adjust if necessary) all falsework and wedges to minimize settlement and deflection from the added mass of the concrete deck/slab. The Contractor shall also install devices, such as telltales, by which the Engineer can readily measure settlement and deflection.

6-02.3(10)D3 Concrete Placement

The placement operation shall cover the full width of the bridge deck or the full width between construction joints. The Contractor shall locate any construction joint over a beam or web that can support the deck/slab on either side of the joint. The joint shall not occur over a pier unless the Plans permit. Each joint shall be formed vertically and in true alignment. The Contractor shall not release falsework or wedges supporting bridge deck placement sections on either side of a joint until each side has aged as these Specifications require.

Placement of concrete for bridge decks and bridge approach slabs shall comply with Section 6-02.3(6). In placing the concrete, the Contractor shall:

1. Place it (without segregation) against concrete placed earlier, as near as possible to its final position, approximately to grade, and in shallow, closely spaced piles;

2. Consolidate it around reinforcing steel by using vibrators before strike-off by the finishing machine;

- 3. Not use vibrators to move concrete:
- 4. Not revibrate any concrete surface areas where workers have stopped prior to screeding;
- 5. Remove any concrete splashed onto reinforcing steel in adjacent segments before concreting them;
- 6. Maintain a slight excess of concrete in front of the screed across the entire width of the placement operation;
- Operate the finishing machine to create a surface that is true and ready for final finish without overfinishing or bringing excessive amounts of mortar to the surface; and
- 8. Leave a thin, even film of mortar on the concrete surface after the last pass of the finishing machine pan.

Workers shall complete all post screeding operations without walking on the concrete. This may require work bridges spanning the full width of the deck/slab.

After removing the screed supports, the Contractor shall fill the voids with concrete (not mortar).

If the surface left by the finishing machine is porous, rough, or has minor irregularities, the Contractor shall float the surface of the concrete. Floating shall leave a smooth and even surface. Float finishing shall be kept to the minimum number of passes necessary to seal the surface. The floats shall be at least 4-feet long. Each transverse pass of the float shall overlap the previous pass by at least half the length of the float. The first floating shall be at right angles to the strike-off. The second floating shall be at right angles to the centerline of the span. A smooth riding surface shall be maintained across construction joints.

The edge of completed roadway slabs at expansion joints and compression seals shall have a 3/8-inch radius.

After floating, but while the concrete remains plastic, the Contractor shall test the entire deck/slab for flatness (allowing for crown, camber, and vertical curvature). The testing shall be done with a 10-foot straightedge held on the surface. The straightedge shall be advanced in successive positions parallel to the centerline, moving not more than one half the length of the straightedge each time it advances. This procedure shall be repeated with the straightedge held perpendicular to the centerline. An acceptable surface shall be one free from deviations of more than 1/8-inch under the 10-foot straightedge.

If the test reveals depressions, the Contractor shall fill them with freshly mixed concrete, strike off, consolidate, and refinish them. High areas shall be cut down and refinished. Retesting and refinishing shall continue until a surface conforming to the requirements specified above is produced.

6-02.3(10)D4 Monitoring Bridge Deck Concrete Temperature After Placement
The Contractor shall monitor and record the concrete temperature and ambient
temperature hourly for seven calendar days after placement. The Contractor shall
monitor and record concrete temperature by placing two maturity meter temperature
monitoring devices in the bridge deck at locations specified by the Engineer. The
Contractor shall monitor ambient temperature using maturity meters near the locations
where concrete temperature is being monitored. When the bridge deck is being
enclosed and heated to meet cold weather requirements, ambient temperature
readings shall be taken within the enclosure. The Contractor shall submit the concrete
temperature and ambient temperature data to the Engineer in spreadsheet format
within 14 calendar days from placing the bridge deck concrete.

The Contractor shall submit the type and model of maturity meter temperature monitoring device, and the associated devices responsible for recording and documenting the temperature and curing time, to the Engineer at least 14 calendar days prior to the pre-concreting conference for the first bridge deck to be cast. The placement and operation of the temperature monitoring devices and associated devices will be an agenda item at the pre-concreting conference for the first bridge deck to be cast.

6-02.3(10)D5 Bridge Deck Concrete Finishing and Texturing

Except as otherwise specified for portions of bridge decks receiving an overlay or sidewalk under the same Contract, the Contractor shall texture the surface of the bridge deck as follows:

The Contractor shall texture the bridge deck using diamond tipped saw blades mounted on a power driven, self-propelled machine that is designed to texture concrete surfaces. The grooving equipment shall provide grooves that are $1/8" \pm 1/64"$ wide, $3/16" \pm 1/16"$ deep, and spaced at $3/4" \pm 1/8"$. The bridge deck shall not be textured with a metal tined comb.

 The Contractor shall submit the type of grooving equipment to be used to the Engineer for approval 30 calendar days prior to performing the work. The Contractor shall demonstrate that the method and equipment for texturing the bridge deck will not chip, spall or otherwise damage the deck. The Contractor shall not begin texturing the bridge deck until receiving the Engineer's approval of the Contractor's method and equipment.

 Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, the Contractor shall texture the concrete bridge deck surface either in a longitudinal direction, parallel with centerline or in a transverse direction, perpendicular with centerline. The Contractor shall texture the bridge deck surface to within 3-inches minimum and 15-inches maximum of the edge of concrete at expansion joints, within 1-foot minimum and 2-feet maximum of the curb line, and within 3-inches minimum and 9-inches maximum of the perimeter of bridge drain assemblies.

The Contractor shall contain and collect all concrete dust and debris generated by the bridge deck texturing process, and shall dispose of the collected concrete dust and debris in accordance with Section 2-03.3(7)C.

If the Plans call for placement of a sidewalk or an HMA or concrete overlay on the bridge deck, the Contractor shall produce the final finish of these areas by dragging a strip of damp, seamless burlap lengthwise over the bridge deck or by brooming it lightly. Approximately 3-feet of the drag shall contact the surface, with the least possible bow in its leading edge. It shall be kept wet and free of hardened lumps of concrete. When the burlap drag fails to produce the required finish, the Contractor shall replace it. When not in use, it shall be lifted clear of the bridge deck.

After the bridge deck has cured, the surface shall conform to the surface smoothness requirements specified in Section 6-02.3(10)D3.

The surface texture on any area repaired to address out-of-tolerance surface smoothness shall match closely that of the surrounding bridge deck area at the completion of the repair. Methods used to remove high spots shall cut through the mortar and aggregate without breaking or dislodging the aggregate or causing spalls.

6-02.3(10)D6 Bridge Approach Slab Finishing and Texturing

Bridge approach slabs shall be textured either in accordance with Section 6-02.3(10)D5, or using metal tined combs in the transverse direction, except bridge approach slabs receiving an overlay in the same Contract shall be finished as specified in Section 6-02.3(10)D5 only.

The comb shall be made of a single row of metal tines. It shall leave striations in the fresh concrete approximately 3/16-inch deep by 1/8-inch wide and spaced approximately 1/2-inch apart. The Engineer will decide actual depths at the site. If the comb has not been approved, the Contractor shall obtain the Engineer's approval by demonstrating it on a test section. The Contractor may operate the combs manually or mechanically, either singly or with several placed end to end. The timing and method used shall produce the required texture without displacing larger particles of aggregate.

Texturing shall end 2-feet from curb lines. This 2-foot untextured strip shall be hand finished with a steel trowel.

 Surface smoothness, high spots, and low spots shall be addressed as specified in Section 6-02.3(10)D5. The surface texture on any area cut down or built up shall match closely that of the surrounding bridge approach slab area. The entire bridge approach slab shall provide a smooth riding surface.

6-02.3(10)F Bridge Approach Slab Orientation and Anchors

In the first paragraph, the following sentence is inserted after the first sentence:

Unless otherwise shown in the Plans, the pavement end of the bridge approach slab shall be constructed normal to the Roadway centerline.

The following new paragraph is inserted before the last paragraph:

The compression seal shall be a 2-1/2 inch wide gland selected from the current Qualified Products List.

6-02.3(11) Curing Concrete

Items number 1 through 4 are deleted and replaced with the following 5 new numbered items:

 Bridge sidewalks, roofs of cut and cover tunnels — curing compound covered by white, reflective type sheeting or continuous wet curing. Curing by either method shall be for at least 10 days.

2. Bridge decks — See Section 6-02.3(11)B.

3. Bridge approach slabs (Class 4000A concrete) - 2 coats of curing compound and continuous wet cure for at least 10-days.

4. Concrete barriers and rail bases - See Section 6-02.3(11)A.

5. All other concrete surfaces — continuous wet cure for at least three days.

In the second paragraph, the first sentence is replaced with the following three new sentences:

During the continuous wet cure, the Contractor shall keep all exposed concrete surfaces saturated with water. Formed concrete surfaces shall be kept in a continuous wet cure by leaving the forms in place. If forms are removed during the continuous wet cure period, the Contractor shall treat the concrete as an exposed concrete surface.

The third paragraph is revised to read:

When curing Class 4000A, two coats of curing compound that complies with Section 9-23.2 shall be applied immediately (not to exceed 15 min.) after tining any portion of the bridge approach slab. The continuous wet cure shall be established as soon as the concrete has set enough to allow covering without damaging the finish.

In the fifth paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:

If the Plans call for an asphalt overlay on the bridge approach slab, the Contractor shall use the clear curing compound (Type 1, Class B), applying at least 1 gallon per 150 square feet to the concrete surface.

The eighth paragraph is deleted.

6-02.3(11)A2 Slip-Form Barrier

In the fourth paragraph, item number 1, "Type 1D" is revised to read "Type 1".

6-02.3(11)B Curing Bridge Decks

This new section is supplemented with the following new sub-sections:

6-02.3(11)B1 Equipment

The Contractor shall maintain a wet sheen, without developing pooling or sheeting water, using a fogging apparatus consisting of pressure washers with a minimum nozzle output of 1,500 psi, or other means approved by the Engineer.

AMENDMENTS TO THE 2014 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS BOOK

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The Contractor shall submit a bridge deck curing plan to the Engineer a minimum 14 calendar days prior to the pre-concreting conference. The Contractor's plan shall describe the sequence and timing that will be used to fog the bridge deck, apply presoaked burlap, install soaker hoses and cover the deck with white reflective sheeting.

6-02.3(11)B2 Curing

The fogging apparatus shall be in place and charged for fogging prior to beginning concrete placement for the bridge deck.

The Contractor shall presoak all burlap to be used to cover the deck during curing.

Immediately after the finishing machine passes over finished concrete, the Contractor shall implement the following tasks:

- 1. The Contractor shall fog the bridge deck while maintaining a wet sheen without developing pooling or sheeting water.
- 2. The Contractor shall apply the presoaked burlap to the top surface to fully cover the deck without damaging the finish, other than minor marring of the concrete surface. The Contractor shall not apply curing compound.
- 3. The Contractor shall continue to keep the burlap wet by fog spraying until the burlap is covered by soaker hoses and white reflective sheeting. The Contractor shall place the soaker hoses and whiter reflective sheeting after the concrete has achieved initial set. The Contractor shall charge the soaker hoses frequently so as to keep the burlap covering the entire deck wet during the course of curing.

As an alternative to tasks 2 and 3 above, the Contractor may propose a curing system using proprietary curing blankets specifically manufactured for bridge deck curing. Details of the proprietary curing blanket system, including product literature and details of how the system is to be installed and maintained, shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

The wet curing regime as described shall remain in place for at least 14 consecutive calendar days.

6-02.3(12)A Construction Joints in New Construction

The third paragraph is deleted and replaced with the following three new paragraphs:

If the Plans require a roughened surface on the joint, the Contractor shall strike it off to leave grooves at right angles to the length of the member. Grooves shall be installed using one of the following options:

1. Grooves shall be ½ to 1 inch wide, ¼ to ½ inch deep, and spaced equally at twice the width of the groove. Grooves shall terminate approximately 1 ½inches from the face of concrete.

1 2 3 4	 Grooves shall be 1 to 2 inches wide, a minimum of ½-inch deep, and spaced a maximum of three times the width of the groove. Grooves shall terminate approximately 1 ½-inches from the face of concrete.
5 6 7 8	If the Engineer approves, the Contractor may use an alternate method to produce a roughened surface on the joint, provided that such an alternate method leaves a roughened surface of at least a ¼-inch amplitude.
9 10 11	If the first strike-off does not produce the required roughness, the Contractor shall repeat the process before the concrete reaches initial set. The final surface shall be clean and without laitance or loose material.
12 13 14 15 16	6-02.3(12)B Construction Joints Between Existing and New Construction The phrase "by method(s) as approved by the Engineer" is deleted from each paragraph in this section.
17 18 19	6-02.3(13) Expansion Joints The first sentence of the second paragraph is revised to read:
20 21 22	Joints made of a vulcanized, elastomeric compound (with neoprene as the only polymer) shall be installed with a lubricant adhesive as recommended by the manufacturer.
23 24	In the third paragraph, "injuring" is revised to read "damaging".
25 26 27	The following two new subsections are added:
28 29 30 31	6-02.3(13)A Strip Seal Expansion Joint System The Contractor shall submit Working Drawings consisting of the strip seal expansion joint shop drawings in accordance with Section 6-03.3(7). These plans shall include, at a minimum, the following:
32 33 34	 Plan, elevation, and sections of the joint system and all components, with dimensions and tolerances.
35 36 37	2. All material designations.
38 39	3. Manufacturer's written installation procedure.
40 41	4. Corrosion protection system used on the metal components.
42 43 44	Locations of welded shear studs, lifting mechanisms, temperature setting devices, and construction adjustment devices.
45 46	6. Method of sealing the system to prevent leakage of water through the joint.
47 48	The strip seal shall be removable and replaceable.
49 50	The metal components shall conform to ASTM A 36, ASTM A 992, or ASTM A 572, and shall be protected against corrosion by one of the following methods:

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- 1. Zinc metallized in accordance with Section 6-07.3(14).
- 2. Hot-dip galvanized in accordance with AASHTO M 111.
- 3. Paint in accordance with Section 6-07.3(9). The color of the top coat shall be Federal Standard 595 Color No. 26420. The surfaces embedded in concrete shall be painted only with a shop primer coat of paint conforming to Section 9-08.1(2)C.

The strip seal gland shall be continuous for the full length of the joint with no splices permitted, unless otherwise shown in the Plans.

Other than items shown in the Plans, threaded studs used for construction adjustments are the only items that may be welded to the steel shapes provided they are removed by grinding after use, and the area repaired by application of an approved corrosion protection system.

If the opening between the steel shapes is anticipated to be less than 1-1/2 inches at the time of seal installation, the seal may be installed prior to encasement of the steel shapes in concrete.

After the joint system is installed, the joint shall be flooded with water and inspected, from below the joint, for leakage. If leakage is observed, the joint system shall be repaired by the Contractor, as recommended by the manufacturer.

6-02.3(13)B Compression Seal Expansion Joint System

Compression seal glands shall be selected from the current Qualified Products List and sized as shown in the Plans.

The compression seal expansion joint system shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's written recommendations. The Contractor shall submit a Type 1 Working Drawing consisting of the manufacturer's written installation procedure and repair procedures if leakage testing fails.

After the joint system is installed, the joint area shall be flooded with water and inspected, from below the joint, for leakage. If leakage is observed, the joint system shall be repaired by the Contractor, as recommended by the manufacturer.

6-02.3(14) Finishing Concrete Surfaces

The last sentence of the first paragraph is revised to read:

The Contractor shall clean and refinish any stained or discolored surfaces.

6-02.3(14)D General Requirements for Concrete Surface Finishes Produced by Form Liners

Horizontal and vertical joints shall be spliced in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions. The Contractor shall submit a Type 1 Working Drawing consisting of the manufacturer's joint splice instructions.

AMENDMENTS TO THE 2014 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS BOOK Revised: 4/6/15

The following new subsection is added:

 Horizontal splicing of ABS and plastic form liners to achieve the required height is not permitted and there shall be no horizontal joints. The concrete formed with ABS and plastic form liners shall be given a light sandblast to remove the glossy finish.

Side forms, traffic barrier forms, and pedestrian barrier forms using these form liners may be removed after 24 hours provided the concrete mix used includes a water-reducing admixture, and the concrete reaches 1,400 psi minimum compressive strength before form removal. Concrete in load supporting forms utilizing these form liners shall be cured in accordance with Section 6-02.3(17)N. Once the forms are removed, the Contractor shall treat the joint areas by patching or light sandblasting as required by the Engineer to ensure that the joints are not visible.

Form liners shall be cleaned, reconditioned, and repaired before each use. Form liners with repairs, patches, or defects which, in the opinion of the Engineer, would result in adverse effects to the concrete finish shall not be used.

Care shall be taken to ensure uniformity of color throughout the textured surface. A change in form release agent will not be allowed.

All surfaces formed by the form liner shall also receive a Class 2 surface finish. Form ties shall be a type that leaves a clean hole when removed. All spalls and form tie holes shall be filled as specified for a Class 2 surface finish.

6-02.3(14)C Pigmented Sealer for Concrete Surfaces

The first sentence (up until the colon) is revised to read:

The Contractor shall submit a Type 1 Working Drawing consisting of the pigmented sealer manufacturer's written instructions covering, at a minimum, the following:

The second paragraph is deleted.

In the last sentence of the third paragraph, "approval" is revised to read "acceptance".

6-02.3(15) Date Numerals

The third sentence in the first paragraph is revised to read:

When an existing Structure is widened or when traffic barrier is placed on an existing Structure, the date shall be for the year in which the original Structure was completed.

6-02.3(16) Plans for Falsework and Formwork

This section is revised to read:

The Contractor shall submit all plans for falsework and formwork as Type 2E Working Drawings. Submittal is not required for footing or retaining wall formwork if the wall is 4 feet or less in height (excluding pedestal height).

The design of falsework and formwork shall be based on:

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6-02.3(16)B Preapproved Formwork Plans

This section, including title, is revised to read:

AMENDMENTS TO THE 2014 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS BOOK Revised: 4/6/15

6-02.3(16)A Vacant

1. Applied loads and conditions which are no less severe than those described in Section 6-02.3(17)A, Design Loads;

- 2. Allowable stresses and deflections which are no greater than those described in Section 6-02.3(17)B, Allowable Stresses and Deflections;
- 3. Special loads and requirements no less severe than those described in Section 6-02.3(17)C, Falsework and Formwork at Special Locations;
- 4. Conditions required by other Sections of 6-02.3(17), Falsework and Formwork.

The falsework and formwork plans shall be scale drawings showing the details of proposed construction, including: sizes and properties of all members and components; spacing of bents, posts, studs, wales, stringers, wedges and bracing; rates of concrete placement, placement sequence, direction of placement, and location of construction joints; identification of falsework devices and safe working loads as well as identification of any bolts or threaded rods used with the devices including their diameter, length, type, grade, and required torque. The falsework plans shall show the proximity of falsework to utilities or any nearby Structures including underground Structures. Formwork accessories shall be identified according to Section 6-02.3(17)H, Formwork Accessories. All assumptions, dimensions, material properties, and other data used in making the structural analysis shall be noted on the drawing.

The Contractor shall furnish associated design calculations to the Engineer as part of the submittal. The design calculations shall show the stresses and deflections in load supporting members. Construction details which may be shown in the form of sketches on the calculation sheets shall be shown in the falsework or formwork drawings as well. Falsework or formwork plans will be rejected in cases where it is necessary to refer to the calculation sheets for information needed for complete understanding of the falsework and formwork plans or how to construct the falsework and formwork.

Each sheet of falsework and formwork plans shall carry the following:

6-02.3(16)A Nonpreapproved Falsework and Formwork Plans

This section, including title, is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

- 1. The initials and dates of all participating design professionals.
- 2. Clear notation of all revisions including identification of who authorized the revision, who made the revision, and the date of the revision.
- 3. The Contract number, Contract title, and sequential sheet number. These shall also be on any related documents.
- 4. Identify where the falsework and formwork plan will be utilized by referencing Contract Plan sheet number and related item or detail.

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6-02.3(16)B Pre-Contract Review of Falsework and Formwork Plans

The Contractor may request pre-contract review of formwork plans for abutments, wingwalls, diaphragms, retaining walls, columns, girders and beams, box culverts, railings, and bulkheads. Plans for falsework supporting the bridge deck for interior spans between precast prestressed concrete girders may also be submitted for precontract review.

To obtain pre-contract review, the Contractor shall electronically submit drawings and design calculations in PDF format directly to:

BridgeConstructionSupport@wsdot.wa.gov

The Bridge and Structures Office, Construction Support Engineer will return the falsework or formwork plan to the Contractor with review notes, an effective date of review, and any revisions needed prior to use. For each contract on which the prereviewed falsework or formwork plans will be used, the Contractor shall submit a copy to the Engineer. Construction shall not begin until the Engineer has given concurrence.

If the falsework or formwork being constructed has any deviations to the preapproved falsework or formwork plan, the Contractor shall submit plan revisions for review and approval in accordance with Section 6-02.3(16).

6-02.3(17)A Design Loads

The fifth paragraph is revised to read:

Live loads shall consist of a minimum uniform load of not less than 25 psf, applied over the entire falsework plan area, plus the greater of:

- 1. Actual weights of the deck finishing equipment applied at the rails, or:
- 2. A minimum load of 75 pounds per linear foot applied at the edge of the bridge deck.

6-02.3(17) J Face Lumber, Studs, Wales, and Metal Forms

The second and third to last paragraphs are deleted.

6-02.3(17)K Concrete Forms on Steel Spans

The second sentence of the last paragraph is revised to read:

The Contractor shall fill the holes with fully torqued ASTM A 325 bolts in accordance with Section 6-03.3(33).

6-02.3(17)O Early Concrete Test Cylinder Breaks

The third paragraph is revised to read:

The cylinders shall be cured in the field in accordance with WSDOT FOP for AASHTO T 23 Section 10.2 Field Curing.

6-02.3(20) Grout for Anchor Bolts and Bridge Bearings

The first five paragraphs are deleted and replaced with the following two new paragraphs:

Grout shall conform to Section 9-20.3(2) for anchor bolts and for bearing assemblies with bearing plates. Grout shall conform to Section 9-20.3(3) for elastomeric bearing pads and fabric pad bearings without bearing plates.

Grout shall be a workable mix with a viscosity that is suitable for the intended application. The Contractor shall receive approval from the Engineer before using the grout.

6-02.3(24) C Placing and Fastening The twelfth paragraph is revised to read:

In bridge decks, a "mat" is two adjacent and perpendicular layers of reinforcing steel. Top and bottom mats shall be supported adequately to hold both in their proper positions. If No. 4 bars make up the lower layer of steel in a mat, it shall be blocked at not more than 3-foot intervals (or 4-foot intervals for bars No. 5 and larger). Wire ties to girder stirrups shall not be considered as blocking. To provide a rigid mat, the Contractor shall add other supports and tie wires to the top mat as needed.

In the fourteenth paragraph, the description following "2½ inches between" is revised to read:

Adjacent bars in a layer. Bridge deck and bridge approach slab bars and the top of the slab.

In the fourteenth paragraph, the description following "2 inches between" is supplemented with the following new sentence:

Bars and the surface of concrete when not specified otherwise in this Section or in the Plans

In the fourteenth paragraph, the first sentence in the description following "1½ inches between" is deleted.

The fifteenth paragraph is revised to read:

Except for top cover in bridge decks and bridge approach slabs, cover to ties and stirrups may be ½ inch less than the values specified for main bars but shall not be less than 1 inch.

In the sixteenth paragraph, the first item in the second subparagraph is revised to read:

The clearance to the top surface of bridge decks and bridge approach slabs +½ in/-0".

6-02.3(24)E Welding Reinforced Steel

This section is revised to read:

Welding of steel reinforcing bars shall conform to the requirements of ANSI/AWS D1.4 Structural Welding Code - Reinforcing Steel, latest edition, except where superseded by the Special Provisions, Plans, and these Specifications.

Before any welding begins, the Contractor shall submit a Type 2 Working Drawing consisting of the welding procedure for each type of welded splice to be used, including the weld procedure specifications and joint details. The weld procedure specifications shall be written on a form taken from AWS D1.4 Annex A, or equivalent. Test results of tensile strength, macroetch, and visual examination shall be included. The form shall be signed and dated.

Welders shall be qualified in accordance with AWS D1.4. The Contractor shall be responsible for the testing and qualification of welders, and shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of welder qualification and retention records. The weld joint and welding position a welder is qualified in shall be in accordance with AWS D1.4. The welder qualifications shall remain in effect indefinitely unless, (1) the welder is not engaged in a given process of welding for which the welder is qualified for a period exceeding six months, or (2) there is some specific reason to question a welder's ability.

Filler metals used for welding reinforcing bars shall be in accordance with AWS D1.4 Table 5.1. All filler metals shall be low-hydrogen and handled in compliance with low-hydrogen practices specified in the AWS code.

Short circuiting transfer with gas metal arc welding will not be allowed. Slugging of welds will not be allowed.

For the purpose of compatibility with AWS D1.4, welded lap splices for spiral or hoop reinforcing shall be considered Flare-V groove welds, indirect butt joints.

 The Contractor is responsible for using a welding sequence that will limit the alignment distortion of the bars due to the effects of welding. The maximum out-of-line permitted will be 1/4 inch from a 3.5-foot straight-edge centered on the weld and in line with the

The ground wire from the welding machine shall be clamped to the bar being welded.

Where epoxy-coated steel reinforcing bars are specified to be spliced by welding, the epoxy coating shall be left off or removed from the surfaces to be heated, but in no cases less than six inches of each bar being welded. After the welding is complete, the Contractor shall apply epoxy patching material to the uncoated portions of the bar in accordance with Section 6-02.3(24)H.

6-02.3(25) Prestressed Concrete Girders

In the first paragraph, the last sentence is revised to read:

WSDOT certification will be granted at, and renewed during, the annual prestressed plant review and approval process in accordance with WSDOT Materials Manual M 46-01.04 Standard Practice QC 6.

when welding the weld-ties.

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1 2 3	 Equalization equipment shall not be removed and other construction equipment shall not be placed on the structure until intermediate diaphragms have attained a minimum compressive strength of 2,500 psi.
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5	6-02.3(26)F Prestressing Reinforcement
6	The last sentence in the fourth paragraph is revised to read:
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8	If the prestressing reinforcement will not be stressed and grouted for more than 7
9	calendar days after it is placed in the ducts, the Contractor shall place an approved
10	corrosion inhibitor conforming to Federal Specification MIL-I-22110C in the ducts.
11	C 02 2/20) Proceet Concrete Penals
12	6-02.3(28) Precast Concrete Panels
13	In the first paragraph, the third sentence is revised to read:
14 15	WSDOT Cortification will be granted at and renowed during the annual proceed plant
16	WSDOT Certification will be granted at, and renewed during, the annual precast plant review and approval process in accordance with WSDOT Materials Manual M 46-01.04
17	Standard Practice QC 7.
18	Standard Fractice Qe 7.
19	6-02.4 Measurement
20	The following three new paragraphs are inserted before the last paragraph:
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22	Expansion joint systemseal - superstr. will be measured by the linear foot along its
23 24	completed line and slope.
25	Expansion joint modification will be measured by the linear foot of expansion joint
26	modified along its completed line and slope.
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28	Prestressed concrete girder will be measured by the linear foot of girder specified in
29	the Proposal.
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31	6-02.5 Payment
32	In the paragraph following the bid item "Commercial Concrete", per cubic yard the second
33	sentence is revised to read:
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35	All costs in connection with concrete curing, producing concrete surface finish with
36	form liners, and furnishing and applying pigmented sealer to concrete surfaces as
37	specified, shall be included in the unit contract price per cubic yard for "Conc. Class
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39 40	The following new paragraph is inserted after the bid item "Superstructure (name bridge)",
41	lump sum:
42	Turnp Surn.
43	All costs in connection with constructing, finishing and removing the bridge deck test
44	slab as specified in Section 6-02.3(10)D1 shall be included in the lump sum Contract
45	price for "Superstructure" or "Bridge Deck" for one bridge in each project, as
46	applicable.
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48	In the paragraph following the bid item "Epoxy-Coated St. Reinf. Bar", per pound, the

first sentence is revised to read:

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1 2 3 4	Payment for reinforcing steel shall include the cost of drilling holes in concrete for, and setting, steel reinforcing bar dowels with epoxy bonding agent, and furnishing, fabricating, placing, and splicing the reinforcement.			
5 6	The bid item "Cure Box", lump sum and paragraph following bid item are deleted.			
7 8 9	The following three new bid items are inserted before the bid item "Bridge Approach Slab", per square yard:			
10 11	"Expansion Joint System Superstr.", per linear foot.			
12 13	"Expansion Joint Modification", per linear foot.			
14 15	"Prestressed Conc. Girder", per linear foot.			
16	6-03.AP6			
17 18	Section 6-03, Steel Structures April 6, 2015			
19	6-03.2 Materials			
20 21	The first sentence in the fifth paragraph is revised to read:			
22 23 24	The Contractor shall submit Type 1 Working Drawings describing the methods for visibly marking the material so that it can be traced.			
25	6-03.3 Construction Requirements			
26 27	This section is revised to read:			
28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Structural steel fabricators of plate and box girders, floorbeams, truss members, stringers, cross frames, diaphragms, and laterals shall be certified under the AISC Certification Program for Steel Bridge Fabricators, Advanced Bridges Category. When fracture critical members are specified in the contract, structural steel fabricators shall also meet the supplemental requirements F, Bridges with Fracture-Critical Members, under the AISC Certification Program for Steel Bridge Fabricators.			
35	6-03.3(7) Shop Plans			
36 37	This section is revised to read:			
38 39 40	The Contractor shall submit all shop detail plans for fabricating the steel as Type 2 Working Drawings.			
41 42 43	If these plans will be submitted directly from the fabricator, the Contractor shall so notify the Engineer in writing.			
44 45 46	No material shall be fabricated until: (1) the Working Drawing review is complete, and (2) the Engineer has accepted the materials source.			
46 47 48	Before physical completion of the project, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer one set of reproducible copies of the as-built shop plans. The reproducible copies shall be			

1 clear, suitable for microfilming, and on permanent sheets that measure no smaller than 2 11 by 17-inches. Alternatively, the shop drawings may be provided in an electronic 3 format with the concurrence of the Engineer. 4 5 6-03.3(7)A Erection Methods 6 The first paragraph is revised to read: 7 8 Before beginning to erect any steel Structure, the Contractor shall submit Type 2E 9 Working Drawings consisting of the erection plan and procedure describing the 10 methods the Contractor intends to use. 11 12 The second paragraph (up until the colon) is revised to read: 13 14 The erection plan and procedure shall provide complete details of the erection process 15 including, at a minimum, the following: 16 17 The third paragraph (up until the colon) is revised to read: 18 19 As part of the erection plan Working Drawings, the Contractor may submit details of an engineered and fabricated lifting bracket bolted to the girder top flanges providing the 20 21 following requirements are satisfied: 22 23 In the third paragraph, the second sentence of item number 4 is revised to read: 24 25 Certification documentation from a previous project may be submitted; 26 27 The last sentence of the fourth paragraph is deleted. 28 29 The last paragraph is deleted. 30 31 6-03.3(10) Straightening Bent Material 32 In the first paragraph, the last sentence is revised to read: 33 A limited amount of localized heat may be applied only if carefully planned and 34 35 supervised, and only in accordance with the heat-straightening procedure Working 36 Drawing submittal. 37 38 The third paragraph is revised to read: 39 40 After straightening, the Contractor shall inspect the member for fractures using a 41 method proposed by the Contractor and accepted by the Contracting Agency. 42 43 The last paragraph is revised to read: 44 45 The procedure for heat straightening of universal mill (UM) plates by the mill or the 46 fabricator shall be submitted as a Type 2 Working Drawing. 47 6-03.3(14) Edge Finishing 48

In the first paragraph, the last sentence is revised to read:

1 Corners along exposed edges shall be broken by light grinding or another method 2 acceptable to the Engineer to achieve an approximate 1/16-inch chamfer or rounding. 3 4 In the fifth paragraph, the last sentence is revised to read: 5 6 The fabricator shall prevent excessive hardening of flange edges through preheating, 7 post heating, or control of the burning process as recommended by the steel 8 manufacturer. 9 10 The sixth paragraph is revised to read: 11 12 Hardness testing shall consist of testing thermal-cut edges with a portable hardness 13 tester. The hardness tester, and its operating test procedures, shall be submitted as a Type 1 Working Drawing. The hardness tester shall be convertible to Rockwell C scale 14 15 values. 16 17 In the last paragraph, the last sentence is revised to read: 18 19 If thermal-cutting operations conform to procedures established by the steel 20 manufacturer, and hardness testing results are consistently within acceptable limits, 21 the Engineer may authorize a reduction in the testing frequency. 22 6-03.3(15) Planing of Bearing Surfaces 23 24 This section is supplemented with the following new paragraph: 25 26 Where mill to bear is specified in the Plans, the bearing end of the stiffener shall be flush and square with the flange and shall have at least 75 percent of this area in 27 28 contact with the flange. 29 6-03.3(25) Welding and Repair Welding 30 31 In the first paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read: 32 33 Welding and repair welding of all steel bridges shall comply with the AASHTO/AWS 34 D1.5M/D1.5, latest edition, Bridge Welding Code. 35 36 In the second paragraph, the last sentence is revised to read: 37 38 No welding, including tack and temporary welds shall be done in the shop or field unless the location of the welds is shown on the shop drawings reviewed and accepted 39 40 by the Engineer. 41 42 In the third paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read: 43 44 Welding procedures shall accompany the shop drawing Working Drawing submittal. 45 46 In the fourth paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read: 47 48 Welding shall not begin until completion of the shop plan Working Drawing review as 49 required in Section 6-03.3(7). 50

In item number 1 of the ninth paragraph, "approves" is revised to read "concurs".

6-03.3(25)A3 Ultrasonic Inspection

The following new paragraph is inserted before the last paragraph:

A minimum of 30 percent of complete penetration vertical welds on steel column jackets thicker than 5/16-inch, within 1.50 column jacket diameter of the top and bottom of each column, shall be inspected. If any rejectable flaws are found, 100 percent of the weld within the specified limits shall be inspected. The largest column cross section diameter for tapered column jackets shall constitute one column jacket

6-03.3(25)A4 Magnetic Particle Inspection

Items number 3 and 4 are revised to read:

diameter.

3. Complete penetration groove welds on plates ⁵/₁₆-inch or thinner (excluding steel column jackets) shall be 100 percent tested by the magnetic particle method. Testing shall apply to both sides of the weld, if backing plate is not used. The ends of each complete penetration groove weld at plate edges shall be tested by the magnetic particle method.

4. A minimum of 30 percent of complete penetration vertical welds on steel column jackets 5/16-inch or thinner, within 1.50 column jacket diameters of the top and bottom of each column, shall be magnetic particle inspected. The largest column cross section diameter for tapered column jackets shall constitute one column jacket diameter.

The last paragraph is supplemented with the following new sentence:

If any rejectable flaws are found in any test length of item 4 above, 100 percent of the weld within the specified limits shall be inspected.

6-03.3(27) High Strength Bolt Holes

The last paragraph is revised to read:

The Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of a detailed outline of the procedures proposed to accomplish the work from initial drilling through shop assembly.

6-03.3(27)C Numerically Controlled Drilled Connections

In the second paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:

The Contractor shall submit Type 1 Working Drawings consisting of a detailed outline of proposed N/C procedures.

6-03.3(29) Welded Shear Connectors

This section's content is deleted and replaced with the following:

Installation, production control, and inspection of welded shear connectors shall conform to Chapter 7 of the AASHTO/AWS D1.5M/D1.5:2010 Bridge Welding Code. If welded shear connectors are installed in the shop, installation shall be completed prior

1 to applying the shop primer coat in accordance with Section 6-07.3(9)G. If welded shear connectors are installed in the field, the steel surface to be welded shall be 2 prepared to SSPC-SP 11, power tool cleaning, just prior to welding. 3 4 5 6-03.3(33) Bolted Connections 6 In the second paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read: 7 8 The Contractor shall submit Type 1 Working Drawings providing documentation of the 9 bolt tension calibrator, including brand, capacity, model, date of last calibration, and 10 manufacturer's instructions for use. 11 12 In the second sentence of the second paragraph, the word "approved" is deleted. 13 14 In item number 3 of the fifth paragraph, "approved" is revised to read "specified". 15 16 In the center column header of table 1, "AASHTO M 164" is revised to read "ASTM A 325". 17 18 In the column headings of table 3, "M 164" is revised to read "A 325". 19 20 In the tenth paragraph, item number 3, "approved" is revised to read "accepted" in the 21 second and third sentences of the first paragraph. 22 23 In the tenth paragraph, item number 3, the third paragraph is revised to read: 24 25 The Contractor shall submit Type 1 Working Drawings of the tension control bolt 26 assembly, including bolt capacities, type of bolt, nut, and washer lubricant, method of 27 packaging and protection of the lubricated bolt, installation equipment, calibration equipment, and installation procedures. 28 29 30 In the first sentence of the last paragraph, "AASHTO M 164" is revised to read "ASTM A 31 325". 32 33 The second sentence of the last paragraph is revised to read: 34 35 Black ASTM A 325 bolts may be reused once if accepted by the Engineer. 36 In the last paragraph, the fourth sentence is revised to read: 37 38 Bolts to be reused shall be relubricated in accordance with the manufacturer's 39 recommendations. 40 6-03.3(33)A Pre-Erection Testing 41 In the fifth sentence of the first paragraph, "approved" is revised to read "accepted". 42 43 44 The third paragraph is revised to read: 45 46 The Contractor shall submit Type 1 Working Drawings consisting of the manufacturer's detailed procedure for pre-erection (rotational capacity) testing of tension control bolt 47 48 assemblies. 49

3 4 The last paragraph is revised to read: 5 6 The Contractor shall submit Type 1 Working Drawings consisting of the manufacturer's 7 detailed procedure for routine observation to ensure proper use of the tension control 8 bolt assemblies. 9 10 6-03.3(42) Surface Condition 11 The first subparagraph is revised to read: 12 13 Painted steel surfaces shall be cleaned by methods required for the type of staining. The Contractor shall submit a Type 1 Working Drawing of the cleaning method. 14 15 6-04.AP6 16 17 **Section 6-04, Timber Structures January 5, 2015** 18 19 6-04.3(3) Shop Details This section is revised to read: 20 21 22 The Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of shop detail plans 23 for all treated timber. These plans shall show dimensions for all cut, framed, or bored 24 timbers. 25 6-05.AP6 26 27 Section 6-05, Piling 28 **January 5, 2015** 29 6-05.3(2) Ordering Piling 30 The last paragraph is deleted. 31 6-05.3(3)A Casting and Stressing 32 33 In the second sentence of the first paragraph, "poured" is revised to read "cast". 34 35 6-05.3(4) Manufacture of Steel Casings for Cast-In-Place Concrete Piles This section is revised to read: 36 37 38 The diameter of steel casings shall be as specified in the Contract. A full-penetration 39 groove weld between welded edges is required. 40 6-05.3(5) Manufacture of Steel Piles 41 This section is revised to read: 42 43 44 Steel piles shall be made of rolled steel H-pile sections, steel pipe piles, or of other 45 structural steel sections described in the Contract. A full-penetration groove weld between welded edges is required. AMENDMENTS TO THE 2014 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS BOOK

In the last sentence of the first paragraph, "approved" is revised to read "specified".

Revised: 4/6/15

6-03.3(33)B Bolting Inspection

6-05.3(6) Splicing Steel Casings and Steel Piles

This section is revised to read:

The Engineer will normally permit steel piles and steel casings for cast-in-place concrete piles to be spliced. But in each case, the Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings supporting the need and describing the method for splicing. Welded splices shall be spaced at a minimum distance of 10 feet. Only welded splices will be permitted.

Splice welds for steel piles shall comply with Section 6-03.3(25) and AWS D1.1/D1.1M, latest edition, Structural Welding Code. Splicing of steel piles shall be performed in accordance with an approved weld procedure. The Contractor shall submit a Type 2 Working Drawing consisting of the weld procedure. For ASTM A 252 material, mill certification for each lot of pipe to be welded shall accompany the submittal. The ends of all steel pipe piling shall meet the fit-up requirements of AWS D1.1/D1.1M, latest edition, Structural Welding Code Section 5.22.3.1, "Girth Weld Alignment (Tubular)," when the material is spliced utilizing a girth weld.

Splice welds of steel casings for cast-in-place concrete piles shall be the Contractor's responsibility and shall be welded in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M, latest edition, Structural Welding Code. A weld procedure submittal is not required for steel casings used for cast-in-place concrete piles. Casings that collapse or are not watertight, shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense.

6-05.3(7)B Precast Concrete Piles

 The second to last sentence of the second paragraph is revised to read:

 The Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of the method of lifting the piles.

6-05.3(8) Pile Tips and Shoes

In the last paragraph, the second and third sentences are deleted and replaced with the following new sentence:

 If pile tips or shoes other than those denoted in the Qualified Products List are proposed, the Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of shop drawings of the proposed pile tip along with design calculations, specifications, material chemistry and installation requirements, along with evidence of a pile driving test demonstrating suitability of the proposed pile tip.

6-05.3(9)A Pile Driving Equipment Approval In the first paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:

Prior to driving any piles, the Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of details of each proposed pile driving system.

In the second paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:

4 5 In the second paragraph, the second sentence is deleted. 6 7 The last paragraph is revised to read: 8 9 Changes to the pile driving system after completion of the Working Drawing review require a revised Working Drawing submittal. 10 11 6-05.3(9)B Pile Driving Equipment Minimum Requirements 12 13 In the first paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read: 14 15 For each drop hammer used, the Contractor shall weigh it in the Engineer's presence or submit a Type 1 Working Drawing consisting of a certificate of its weight. 16 17 18 In the third paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read: 19 20 For each diesel, hydraulic, steam, or air-driven hammer used, the Contractor shall 21 submit a Type 1 Working Drawing consisting of the manufacturer's specifications and 22 catalog. 23 24 In the fourth paragraph, "approval" is revised to read "permission". 25 26 The ninth paragraph is revised to read: 27 28 These requirements for minimum hammer size may be waived if a Type 2E Working 29 Drawing is submitted consisting of a wave equation analysis demonstrating the ability 30 of the hammer to obtain the required bearing capacity and minimum tip elevation 31 without damage to the pile. 32 33 6-05.3(9)C Pile Driving Leads In the third paragraph, "approved" is revised to read "permitted". 34 35 36 6-05.3(11)F Pile Damage In the first sentence of the second paragraph, "approved" is revised to read "accepted". 37 38 6-05.3(11)G Pile Cutoff 39 40 In the first paragraph, "Engineer's approval" is revised to read "Engineer's permission".

The Contractor shall submit Type 2E Working Drawings consisting of a wave equation

analysis for all pile driving systems used to drive piling with required ultimate bearing

capacities of greater than 300 tons.

42 43

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2

3

6-05.3(11)H Pile Driving From or Near Adjacent Structures

In the first paragraph, item number 3 is revised to read:

44 45

41

3. Type 2E Working Drawings are submitted in accordance with Sections 1-05.3 and 6-02.3(16), showing the structural adequacy of the existing Structure to safely support all of the construction loads.

47 48

6-05.3(12) Determination of Bearing Values

In the footnote below the formula, "approved by the Engineer" is revised to read "acceptable to the Engineer".

6-05.3(13) Treatment of Timber Pile Heads

In the second paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:

After cutting treated timber piles to correct elevation, the Contractor shall brush three coats of a preservative that meets the requirements of Section 9-09 on all pile heads (except those to be covered with concrete footings or concrete caps).

6-05.3(15) Completion of Cast-In-Place Concrete Piles

In the first paragraph, "approval" is revised to read "acceptance".

6-06.AP6

16 Section 6-06, Bridge Railings

January 5, 2015

6-06.3(2) Metal Railings

The second paragraph is revised to read:

Before fabricating the railing, the Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of the shop plans. The Contractor may substitute other rail connection details for those shown in the Plans if details of these changes show in the shop plans and if the Engineer accepts them in the Working Drawing response comments. In reviewing the shop plan Working Drawings, the Engineer indicates only that they are adequate and complete enough. The review does not indicate a check on dimensions.

6-07.AP6

29 Section 6-07, Painting

January 5, 2015

6-07.3 Painting

This section is supplemented with the following new subsections:

6-07.3(14) Metallic Coatings

6-07.3(14)A General Requirements

This specification covers the requirements for thermal spray metallic coatings, with and without additional paint coats, as a means to prevent corrosion.

 The coating system consists of surface preparation by wash cleaning and abrasive blast cleaning, thermal spray application of a metallic coating using a material made specifically for that purpose, and, when specified, shop primer coat or shop primer coat plus top coat in accordance with Section 6-07.3(11)A. The system also includes inspection and acceptance requirements.

4	C 07 2/44\D Deference C4	a vada vada
1	6-07.3(14)B Reference St	
2	SSPC-SP 10/NACE No. 2	
3	SSPC CS 23.00	Guide for Thermal Spray Metallic Coating Systems
4	ASTM-C-633	Standard Test Method for Adhesion or Cohesion
5		Strength of Thermal Spray Coatings
6	ASTM D 4417	Standard Test Methods for Field Measurement of
7		Surface Profile of Blast-Cleaned Steel
8	ASTM D 6386	Standard Practice for Preparation of Zinc (Hot-Dip
9		Galvanized) Coated Iron and Steel Product and
10		Hardware Surfaces for Painting
11	ASTM D 4541	Standard Test Method for Pull-Off Strength of
12		Coatings Using Portable Adhesion Testers
13	ANSI/AWS C2.18	Guide for the Protection of Steel with Thermal
14		Sprayed Coatings of Aluminum, Zinc and their Alloys
15		and Composites
16		and compositor
17	6-07.3(14)C Quality Assu	rance
18		each lot of the coating material used shall be
19		or analysis prior to use. Zinc shall have a minimum
20		Aluminum 85/15 wire shall be 14 percent minimum to
21		•
	16 percent maximum alumi	num.
22	The theorem of an action of	a shall have a visitaria announce. The costing shall
23		g shall have a uniform appearance. The coating shall
24		icks, chips or loosely adhering particles, oil or other
25	surface contaminants, nodu	ules, or pits exposing the substrate.
26		
27	. ,	shall adhere to the substrate with a minimum bond of
28	•	QA program shall include thermal spray coating bond
29	testing.	
30		
31		ugh the coating with a knife or chisel. If upon doing so,
32		away from the base metal 1/4 in. or more ahead of the
33	cutting blade without cutting	g the metal, then the bond is considered not effective
34	and is rejected.	
35		
36	Coated areas which have b	een rejected or damaged in the inspection procedure
37	described shall have the de	fective sections blast cleaned to remove all of the
38	thermal sprayed coating an	d shall then be recoated. Before resubmittal and
39		where coating has not reached the required thickness
40		onal metal until that thickness is achieved.
41	этэн этэг эргэг, этэг этэг этэг	
42	6-07.3(14)D Submittals	
43	* *	t to the Engineer, prior to abrasive blast cleaning, a 12
44		he same material and approximate thickness of the
45		clean in accordance with Section 6-07.3(14)E. The
46		ed for specified angular surface pattern, the abrasive
47		I the procedure used. This plate shall be used as the
48	•	e the acceptability of the cleaned surface. In the event
40 40		peration is inferior to the sample plate, the Contractor

the Contractor's cleaning operation is inferior to the sample plate, the Contractor

shall be required to correct the cleaning operation to do a job comparable to the

specimen submitted.

49 50

 At the same time as submitting the abrasive blast cleaned steel plate sample, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer, a second 12 inch square steel plate of the same material and thickness, cleaned and thermal spray coated in accordance with the same processes and with the same equipment as intended for use in applying the thermal spray coatings. The Engineer may request additional cleaned and thermal spray coated samples to be produced and submitted coincident with thermal spray coating of the items specified in the Plans to receive thermal spray coatings.

6-07.3(14)E Surface Preparation

Surface irregularities (e.g., sharp edges and/or carburized edges, cracks, delaminations, pits, etc.) interfering with the application of the coating shall be removed or repaired, prior to wash cleaning. Thermal cut edges shall be ground to reduce hardness to attain the surface profile required from abrasive blast cleaning.

All dirt, oil, scaling, etc. shall be removed prior to blast cleaning. All surfaces shall be wash cleaned with either clean water at 8000 psi or water and detergent at 2000 psi with two rinses with clean water.

The surface shall be abrasive blast cleaned to near white metal (SSPC-SP 10). The surface profile shall be measured using a surface profile comparator, replica tape, or other method suitable for the abrasive being used in accordance with ASTM D 4417.

Where zinc coatings up to and including 0.009 inch thick are to be applied, one of the following abrasive grits shall be used with pressure blast equipment to produce a 3.0 mils AA anchor tooth pattern:

- Aluminum oxide or silicon carbide mesh size: SAE G-25 to SAE G-40
- 2. Hardened steel grit mesh size: SAE G-25 to SAE G-40
- 3. Garnet, flint, or crushed nickel or black beauty coal slag mesh size: SAE G-25 to SAE G-50

Where zinc coatings greater than 0.010 inch thick are to be applied, one of the following abrasive grits shall be used with pressure blast equipment to produce a 5.0 mils AA anchor tooth pattern:

- Aluminum oxide or silicon carbide mesh size: SAE G-18 to SAE G-25
- Hardened steel grit mesh size: SAE G-18 to SAE G-25
 - Garnet, flint, or crushed nickel or black beauty coal slag mesh size: SAE G-18 to SAE G-25

 The pressure of the blast nozzle, as measured with a needle probe gauge, with pressure type blasting equipment shall be as follows:

- 1. With aluminum oxide, silicon carbide, flint, or slag 50 psi minimum and 60 psi maximum.
- 2. With garnet or steel grit 75 psi minimum.

The pressure at the blast nozzle, with siphon blasting (suction blasting), shall be as follows:

- 1. With aluminum oxide, silicon carbide, flint, or slag 75 psi maximum.
- 2. With garnet or steel grit 90 psi maximum.

The abrasive blast stream shall be directed onto the substrate surface at a spray angle of 75 to 90 degrees, and moved side to side. The nozzle to substrate distance shall be 4 to 12 inches.

6-07.3(14)F Application of Metallic Coating

No surface shall be sprayed which shows any sign of condensed moisture or which does not comply with Section 6-07.3(14)E. If rust bloom occurs within the holding time between abrasive blast cleaning and thermal spraying, the surface shall be reblasted at a blast angle as close to perpendicular to the surface as possible to achieve a 2.0 to 4.0 mil anchor tooth pattern. Thermal spraying shall not take place when the relative humidity is 90% or greater, when the steel temperature is less than 5°F above the dew point, or when the air or steel temperature is less than 40°F.

Clean, dry air shall be used with not less than 50 psi air pressure at the air regulator. Not more than 50 feet of 3/8 in. ID hose shall be used between the air regulator and the metallizing gun. The metallizing gun shall be started and adjusted with the spray directed away from the work. During the spraying operation and depending upon the equipment being used, the gun shall be held as close to perpendicular as possible to the surface from 5 to 8 inches from the surface of the work.

Manual spraying shall be done in a block pattern, typically 2 feet by 2 feet square. The sprayed metal shall overlap on each pass to ensure uniform coverage. The specified thickness of the coating shall be applied in multiple layers. In no case are fewer than two passes of thermal spraying, overlapping at right angles, acceptable.

At least one single layer of coating shall be applied within 4 hours of blasting and the surface shall be completely coated to the specified thickness within 8 hours of blasting.

The minimum coating thickness shall be 6 mils unless otherwise shown in the Plans.

6-07.3(14)G Applications of Shop Coats and Field Coats

The surface shall be wiped clean with solvent immediately before applying the wash primer. The wash primer shall have a low viscosity appropriate for absorption into the thermal spray coating, and shall be applied within 8 hours after completion of thermal spraying or before oxidation occurs. The dry film thickness of the wash primer shall not exceed 0.5 mils or be less than 0.3 mils. It shall be applied using an appropriate spray gun except in those areas where brush or roller application is necessary. The subsequent shop primer or field coats shall be applied no less than one-half hour after a wash primer.

The shop primer coat, when specified, shall be applied in accordance with Section 6-07.3(11)A and the paint manufacturer's recommendations.

All field coats, when specified, shall be applied in accordance with Section 6-07.3(11)A and the paint manufacturer's recommendations. The color of the top coat shall conform to Section 6-03.3(30) as supplemented in these Special Provisions.

6-07.3(2) Submittals

The first paragraph is revised to read:

The Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings of the painting plan.

6-07.3(10)A Containment

 The second paragraph is revised to read:

The containment length shall not exceed the length of a span (defined as pier to pier). The containment system shall not cause any damage to the existing structure. All clamps and other attachment devices shall be padded or designed such that they shall not mark or otherwise damage the steel member to which they are attached. All clamps and other attachment devices shall be fully described in the Contractor's painting plan Working Drawing submittal. Field welding of attachments to the existing structure will not be allowed. The Contractor shall not drill holes into the existing structure or through existing structural members except as shown in the Contractor's painting plan Working Drawing submittal. All provisions for dust collection, ventilation and auxiliary lighting within the containment system shall be fully described the Contractor's painting plan Working Drawing submittal.

In the second to last paragraph, "approved" is revised to read "accepted".

6-07.3(10)E Surface Preparation – Full Paint Removal

This section is revised to read:

For structures where full removal of existing paint is specified, the Contractor shall remove any visible oil, grease, and road tar in accordance with SSPC-SP 1.

Following preparation by SSPC-SP 1, all steel surfaces to be painted shall be prepared in accordance with SSPC-SP 10, near-white metal blast cleaning. Surfaces inaccessible to near-white metal blast cleaning shall be prepared in accordance with SSPC-SP 11, power tool cleaning to bare metal, as allowed by the Engineer.

3

6-07.3(10)F Collecting, Testing and Disposal of Containment Waste

In the first paragraph, the last sentence before the numbered list is revised (up until the colon) to read:

4 5 6

7

The sealed waste containers shall be stored in accordance with Section 1-06.4, the painting plan, and the following requirements:

8 9

In the second paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:

10 11

12

All material collected by and removed from the containment system shall be taken to a landside staging area, provided by the Contractor, for further processing and storage prior to transporting for disposal.

13 14 15

The ninth paragraph is revised to read:

16 17

The Contractor shall submit a Type 1 Working Drawing of all TCLP results.

18 19

The first sentence of the last paragraph is revised to read:

20 21

The Contractor shall submit a Type 1 Working Drawing consisting of waste disposal documentation within 15 working days of each disposal.

22 23 24

6-07.3(10)K Coating Thickness The last paragraph is revised to read:

25 26 27

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31 32

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If the specified number of coats does not produce a combined dry film thickness of at least the sum of the thicknesses required per coat, or if an individual coat does not meet the minimum thickness, or if visual inspection shows incomplete coverage, the coating system will be rejected, and the Contractor shall discontinue painting and surface preparation operations and shall submit a Type 2 Working Drawing of the repair proposal. The repair proposal shall include documentation demonstrating the cause of the less than minimum thickness along with physical test results, as necessary, and modifications to work methods to prevent similar results. The Contractor shall not resume painting or surface preparation operations until receiving the Engineer's acceptance of the completed repair.

34 35 36

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38 39 40

6-07.3(10)L Environmental Condition Requirements Prior to Application of

In the last paragraph, the second to last sentence is revised to read:

41 42 43

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If a paint system manufacturer's recommendations allow for application of a paint under environmental conditions other than those specified, the Contractor shall submit a Type 2 Working Drawing consisting of a letter from the paint manufacturer specifying the environmental conditions under which the paint can be applied.

45 46

In the last sentence of the last paragraph, "approval" is revised to read "concurrence".

47 48 49

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6-07.3(11)B1 Submittals

The first paragraph (up until the colon) is revised to read:

The Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of the following information:

4 5

6

6-07.3(11)B3 Galvanized Surface Cleaning and Preparation

The first paragraph is revised to read:

7 8 9

Galvanized surfaces receiving the powder coating shall be cleaned and prepared for coating in accordance with ASTM D 6386, and the project-specific powder coating plan.

10 11 12

6-07.3(11)B4 Powder Coating Application and Curing

The first paragraph (up until the colon) is revised to read:

14 15 16

13

After surface preparation, the two-component powder coating shall be applied in accordance with the powder coating manufacturer's recommendations, the projectspecific powder coating plan, and as follows:

17 18 19

6-07.3(11)B5 Testing

In the fifth sentence of the first paragraph, the phrase "as approved by the Engineer" is deleted.

21 22

20

The second paragraph is revised to read:

23 24 25

The results of the QC testing shall be documented in a QC report, and submitted as a Type 2 Working Drawing.

26 27

In the fourth paragraph, the phrase "as approved by the Engineer" is deleted.

28 29

In the last paragraph, "Engineer's approval" is revised to read "Engineer's acceptance".

30 31 32

6-07.3(11)B6 Coating Protection for Shipping

The phrase "as approved by the Engineer" is deleted from this section.

34 35 36

33

The first sentence of the last paragraph is revised to read:

37 38 After erection, all coating damage due to the Contractor's shipping, storage, handling, and erection operations shall be repaired by the Contractor in accordance with the project-specific powder coating plan.

39 40 41

42

43

6-07.5 Payment

The following new paragraph is inserted before the last paragraph:

44 45 All costs in connection with producing the metallic coatings as specified shall be included in the unit contract price for the applicable item or items of work.

6-09.AP6

2 Section 6-09, Modified Concrete Overlays

January 5, 2015

6-09.2 Materials

The second sentence of the fifth paragraph is revised to read:

Microsilica will be accepted based on submittal of a Manufacturer's Certificate of Compliance.

The seventh paragraph is revised to read:

Latex admixture will be accepted based on submittal of a Manufacturer's Certificate of Compliance.

6-09.3(1)H Mobile Mixer for Latex Modified Concrete

In item number 2 of the first paragraph, "An approved recording meter" is revised to read "A recording meter".

In item number 3 of the first paragraph, "an approved flow meter" is revised to read "a flow meter".

6-09.3(1)J Finishing Machine

The last two sentences of the last paragraph are revised to read:

A machine with a vibrating pan as an integral part may be proposed. Other finishing machines will be allowed subject to concurrence of the Engineer.

6-09.3(2) Submittals

 This section is revised to read:

 The Contractor shall submit the following Working Drawings in accordance with Section 1-05.3:

1. A Type 1 Working Drawing of the type of machine (rotary milling, hydrodemolition, or shot blasting) selected by the Contractor for use in this project to scarify concrete surfaces.

 A Type 1 Working Drawing of the axle loads and axle spacing of the rotary milling machine (if used).

3. A Type 2 Working Drawing of the Runoff Water Disposal Plan (if a hydro-demolition machine is used). The Runoff Water Disposal Plan shall describe all provisions for the containment, collection, filtering, and disposal of all runoff water and associated contaminants generated by the hydro-demolition process, including containment, collection and disposal of runoff water and debris escaping through breaks in the bridge deck.

Revised: 4/6/15

1 2 3	4.	A Type 2 Working Drawing of the method and materials used to contain, collect, and dispose of all concrete debris generated by the scarifying process, including provisions for protecting adjacent traffic from flying debris.					
4 5 6 7 8	5.	A Type 1 Working Drawing of the mix design for concrete Class M, and either fly ash modified concrete, microsilica modified concrete, or latex modified concrete, as selected by the Contractor for use in this project in accordance with Section 6-09.3(3).					
9 10 11	6.	A Type 1 Working Drawing of samples of the latex admixture and the portland cement for testing and compatibility (if latex modified concrete is used).					
12 13 14 15 16	7.	A Type 2 Working Drawing of the paving equipment specifications and details of the screed rail support system, including details of anchoring the rails and providing rail continuity.					
17	6-09.3(3)A	General					
18 19	` '	aragraph, the phrase "and as approved by the Engineer" is deleted.					
20 21 22 23		Latex Admixture and sentence of the second paragraph, the phrase "and as approved by the deleted.					
24	6-09.3(5)A	General					
25 26	` '	paragraph is deleted.					
27 28 29	In the third and fourth paragraphs, the phrase "and as approved by the Engineer" is deleted.						
30 31 32	In the fifth paragraph, "approved by the Engineer" is revised to read "acceptable to the Engineer".						
33 34 35	` '	Testing of Hydro-Demolition and Shot Blasting Machines entence of the last paragraph, "approval" is revised to read "acceptance".					
36 37 38		Hydro-Demolishing and fourth paragraphs, the phrase "as approved by the Engineer" is deleted.					
39 40 41		Deck Repair Preparation to last paragraph is revised to read the following three new paragraphs:					
42 43 44		posed steel reinforcing bars and concrete in the repair area shall be asted or hydro-blasted and blown clean just prior to placing concrete.					
45 46 47 48 49	exceed reinford in the F	existing steel reinforcing bars inside deck repair areas show deterioration ing the limits defined in the Plans, the Contractor shall furnish and place steel ing bars alongside the deteriorated bars in accordance with the details shown plans. Payment for such extra Work will be by force account as provided in 1-09.6.					

1 Bridge deck areas outside the repair area or steel reinforcing bar inside or outside the 2 repair area damaged by the Contractor's operations, shall be repaired by the 3 Contractor at no additional expense to the Contracting Agency, and to the satisfaction of the Engineer. 4 6 6-09.3(6)C Placing Deck Repair Concrete 7 The third paragraph is supplemented with the following:

5

8 9

The Work of Type 1 further deck preparation shall consist of removing and disposing of the concrete within the repair area.

10 11

The following new sentence is inserted before the last sentence of the last paragraph:

12 13 14

The Work of Type 2 further deck preparation shall consist of removing and disposing of concrete within the repair area, and furnishing, placing, finishing, and curing the repair concrete.

16 17 18

15

6-09.3(7) Surface Preparation for Concrete Overlay The first sentence of the second paragraph is revised to read:

19 20 21

22 23

If either a rotary milling machine or a shot blasting machine is used for concrete scarification, then the concrete deck shall be sandblasted or shot blasted, using equipment identified in the Working Drawing submittals, until sound concrete is exposed.

24 25

The third paragraph is revised to read:

26 27 28

29

If a hydro-demolition machine is used for concrete scarification, then the concrete deck shall be cleaned by water blasting with 7,000 psi minimum pressure, until sound concrete is exposed.

30 31 32

In the fourth paragraph, "as approved by the Engineer" is revised to read "accepted by the Engineer".

33 34 35

In the last sentence of the eighth paragraph, the phrase "as approved by the Engineer" is deleted.

36 37 38

In the first sentence of the last paragraph, "approved" is revised to read "allowed".

39 40

6-09.3(8)B Quality Assurance for Latex Modified Concrete Overlays

The second sentence of the last paragraph is revised to read:

42 43 44

41

The technical representative shall be capable of performing, demonstrating, inspecting, and testing all of the functions required for placement of the latex modified concrete as specified in Section 6-09.3(11).

45 46 47

The fourth sentence of the last paragraph is revised to read:

48 49

50

Recommendations made by the technical representative on or off the jobsite shall be adhered to by the Contractor at no additional expense to the Contracting Agency.

6-09.3(10)A Survey of Existing Bridge Deck Prior to Scarification

The third sentence of the fourth paragraph is revised to read:

3 4 5

A Type 1 Working Drawing of each day's survey record shall be provided to the Engineer within three working days after the end of the shift.

6 7 8

9

6-09.3(10)B Establishing Finish Overlay Profile

In the fourth sentence of the first paragraph, "approved by the Engineer" is revised to read "specified by the Engineer".

10 11

In the second paragraph, the phrase "and as approved by the Engineer" is deleted.

12 13 14

6-09.3(11) Placing Concrete Overlay

In the fourth paragraph, the last sentence of item number 3 is revised to read:

15 16 17

If the Contractor elects to work at night to meet these criteria, adequate lighting shall be provided at no additional expense to the Contracting Agency.

18 19 20

6-09.4 Measurement

The last paragraph is deleted and replaced with the following:

21 22 23

Further deck preparation for Type 1 deck repair and for Type 2 deck repair will be measured by the square foot of surface area of deck concrete removed in accordance with Section 6-09.3(6).

252627

24

6-09.5 Payment

The Bid item "Further Deck Preparation", per cubic foot and the paragraph following this Bid item are deleted and replaced with the following two new Bid items:

29 30

28

"Further Deck Preparation for Type 1 Deck Repair", per square foot.

31 32 33

"Further Deck Preparation for Type 2 Deck Repair", per square foot.

34 35

The Bid item "Further Deck Preparation", force account and the paragraph following this Bid item are deleted.

36 37 38

6-10.AP6

39 Section 6-10, Concrete Barrier

40 **January 5, 2015**

41 6-10.1 Description

In the second paragraph, "approved" is revised to read "specified".

43 44

6-10.3 Construction Requirements

In the first paragraph, "approved" is revised to read "specified".

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6-10.3(5) Temporary Concrete Barrier

The last sentence of the first paragraph is deleted.

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The second paragraph is revised to read:

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If the Contract calls for the removal and resetting of permanent barrier, and the permanent barrier is not required to remain in place until reset, the permanent barrier may be substituted for temporary concrete barrier. Any of the permanent barrier damaged during its use as temporary barrier will become the property of the Contractor and be replaced with permanent barrier when the permanent barrier is reset to its permanent location.

9 10

The third paragraph is revised to read:

11 12 13

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All barrier shall be in good condition, without cracks, chips, spalls, dirt, or traffic marks. If any barrier segment is damaged during or after placement, the Contractor shall immediately repair it to the Engineer's satisfaction or replace it with an undamaged section.

16 17 18

The following new paragraph is inserted after the third paragraph:

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Delineators shall be placed on the traffic face of the barrier 6 inches from the top and spaced a maximum of 40 feet on tangents and 20 feet through curves. The reflector color shall be white on the right side of traffic and yellow on the left side of traffic. The Contractor shall maintain, replace and clean the delineators when ordered by the Engineer.

24 25

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6-11.AP6

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Section 6-11, Reinforced Concrete Walls

January 5, 2015 28

6-11.3(1) **Submittals**

The first paragraph is revised to read:

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The Contractor shall submit Type 2E Working Drawings consisting of excavation shoring plans in accordance with Section 2-09.3(3)D.

33 34 35

The second paragraph is revised to read:

36 37

The Contractor shall submit Type 2E Working Drawings of falsework and formwork plans in accordance with Sections 6-02.3(16) and 6-02.3(17).

38 39 40

The third paragraph (up until the colon) is revised to read:

41 42

43

If the Contractor elects to fabricate and erect precast concrete wall stem panels, Type 2E Working Drawings of the following information shall be submitted in accordance with Section 6-02.3(28)A:

44 45

The last paragraph is deleted.

46 47

6-11.3(3) Precast Concrete Wall Stem Panels 2 In the third paragraph, the phrase "as approved by the Engineer" is deleted. 3 6-12.AP6 4 5 Section 6-12, Noise Barrier Walls 6 January 5, 2015 7 6-12.3(1) Submittals 8 In the first paragraph, the second sentence is revised to read: 10 The Contractor shall submit a Type 2 Working Drawing consisting of the noise barrier 11 wall access plan. 12 13 The second paragraph (up until the colon) is revised to read: 14 15 For construction of all noise barrier walls with shafts, the Contractor shall submit a 16 Type 2 Working Drawing consisting of the shaft construction plan, including at a 17 minimum the following information: 18 19 In the third paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read: 20 21 For construction of precast concrete noise barrier walls, the Contractor shall submit 22 Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of shop drawings for the precast concrete panels 23 in accordance with Section 6-02.3(28)A. 24 25 6-12.3(2) Work Access and Site Preparation 26 In the first paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read: 27 28 The Contractor shall construct work access in accordance with the work access plan. 29 30 6-12.3(3) Shaft Construction 31 The first paragraph is revised to read: 32 33 The Contractor shall excavate and construct the shafts in accordance with the shaft 34 construction plan. 35 36 In the last sentence of the third paragraph, "approved by the Engineer" is revised to read 37 "acceptable to the Engineer". 38 The fourth paragraph is revised to read: 39 40 41 When caving conditions are encountered, the Contractor shall stop further excavation 42 until implementing the method to prevent ground caving as specified in the shaft 43 construction plan. 44

In the last sentence of the fifth paragraph, "approved" is revised to read "accepted".

In the seventh paragraph, "approval" is revised to read "acceptance".

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1 2	In the eighth paragraph, the third sentence is revised to read:
3 4 5	The Contractor shall install the steel reinforcing bar cage as specified in the shaft construction plan.
6 7	In the second sentence of the last paragraph, "approval" is revised to read "acceptance".
8 9	In the fourth sentence of the last paragraph, the word "approved" is deleted.
10	6-12.3(6) Precast Concrete Panel Fabrication and Erection
11	In item number 3, the second paragraph is revised to read:
12	, 1 3 1
13	After receiving the Engineer's review of the shop drawings, the Contractor shall cast
14 15 16	one precast concrete panel to be used as the sample panel. The Contractor shall construct the sample panel in accordance with the procedure and details specified in the shop drawings. The Contractor shall make the sample panel available to the
17 18	Engineer for acceptance.
19 20	In item number 3, the first sentence of the third paragraph is revised to read:
21	Upon receiving the Engineer's acceptance of the sample panel, the Contractor shall
22 23	continue production of precast concrete panels for the noise barrier wall.
24 25	In item number 3, the third sentence of the third paragraph is revised to read:
26 27	The sample panel shall be retained at the fabrication site until all precast concrete panels have been fabricated and accepted.
28 29	6-12.3(10) Finish Line Ground Dressing
30	In the last sentence of the second paragraph, the phrase "as approved by the Engineer" is
31 32	deleted.
33	6-13.AP6
34	Section 6-13, Structural Earth Walls
35	January 5, 2015
36	6-13.3(1) Quality Assurance
37	In the first paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:
38	
39	The structural earth wall manufacturer shall provide a qualified and experienced
40	representative to resolve wall construction problems.
41	
42	In the first paragraph, the last sentence is revised to read:
43	
44	Recommendations made by the structural earth wall manufacturer's representative
45 46	shall be followed by the Contractor.
46 47	In the second paragraph, item number 4 is revised to read:
47 48	In the second paragraph, item number 4 is revised to read:
TU	

4. The base of the structural earth wall excavation shall be within three inches of the staked elevations, unless otherwise accepted or specified by the Engineer.
 In the second paragraph, item number 6 is revised to read:
 6. The backfill reinforcement layers shall be located horizontally and vertically within

one inch of the locations shown in the structural earth wall working drawings.

6-13.3(2) Submittals

 In the first paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:

The Contractor, or the supplier as the Contractor's agent, shall furnish a Manufacturer's Certificate of Compliance certifying that the structural earth wall materials conform to the specified material requirements.

The second paragraph is revised to read:

A Type 1 Working Drawing of all test results, performed by the Contractor or the Contractor's supplier, which are necessary to assure compliance with the specifications, shall submitted along with each Manufacturer's Certificate of Compliance.

In the third paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:

Before fabrication, the Contractor shall submit a Type 1 Working Drawing consisting of the field construction manual for the structural earth walls, prepared by the wall manufacturer.

In the fourth paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:

The Contractor, through the license/patent holder for the structural earth wall system, shall submit Type 2E Working Drawings consisting of detailed design calculations and details.

The last paragraph is deleted.

6-13.3(3) Excavation and Foundation Preparation

In the first paragraph, the last two sentences are revised to read:

The foundation for the structure shall be graded level for a width equal to or exceeding the length of reinforcing as shown in the structural earth wall working drawings and, for walls with geogrid reinforcing, in accordance with Section 2-12.3. Prior to wall construction, the foundation, if not in rock, shall be compacted as accepted by the Engineer.

6-13.3(6) Welded Wire Faced Structural Earth Wall Erection

The first two sentences are revised to read:

The Contractor shall erect the welded wire wall reinforcement in accordance with the wall manufacturer's field construction manual. Construction geotextile for wall facing

1 shall be placed between the backfill material within the reinforced zone and the coarse 2 granular material immediately behind the welded wire wall facing, as shown in the 3 Plans and the structural earth wall working drawings. 4 5 6-13.3(7) Backfill 6 The third paragraph is revised to read: 7 8 Misalignment or distortion of the precast concrete facing panels or concrete blocks due 9 to placement of backfill outside the limits of this specification shall be corrected in a 10 manner acceptable to the Engineer. 11 12 In item number 4 of the fifth paragraph, the phrase "as approved by the Engineer" is 13 deleted. 14 15 The last paragraph is deleted. 16 17 6-13.3(8) Guardrail Placement 18 In the first sentence of the second paragraph, "approval" is revised to read "permission". 19 6-13.3(9) SEW Traffic Barrier and SEW Pedestrian Barrier 20 21 The first paragraph (up until the colon) is revised to read: 22 23 The Contractor, in conjunction with the structural earth wall manufacturer, shall design and detail the SEW traffic barrier and SEW pedestrian barrier in accordance with 24 Section 6-12.3(2) and the above ground geometry details shown in the Plans. The 25 26 barrier Working Drawings and supporting calculations shall be Type 2E and shall include, at a minimum, the following: 27 28 6-14.AP6 29 30 Section 6-14, Geosynthetic Retaining Walls 31 **January 5, 2015** 32 6-14.2 Materials 33 In the first paragraph, the section number next to "Anchor rods and associated nuts, 34 washers and couplers" is revised to read: 35 36 9-06.5(4) 37 38 The following new paragraph is inserted after the first paragraph: 39 40 Anchor plate shall conform to ASTM A 36, ASTM A 572 Grade 50, or ASTM A 588. 41 42 6-14.3(2) Submittals 43 The first paragraph (up until the colon) is revised to read: 44 45 The Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of detailed plans for each wall. As a minimum, the submittals shall include the following: 46

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4 5 In the last sentence of the fifth paragraph, "approval" is revised to read "permission". 6 7 The sixth paragraph is deleted. 8 9 In item number 5 in the eighth paragraph, the phrase "as approved by the Engineer" is 10 deleted. 11 12 In the ninth paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read: 13 14 The Contractor shall construct wall corners at the locations shown in the Plans, and in 15 accordance with the wall corner construction sequence and method in the Working 16 Drawing submittal. 17 18 In the last paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read: 19 20 Where required by retaining wall profile grade, the Contractor shall terminate top layers 21 of retaining wall geosynthetic and backfill in accordance with the method in the 22 Working Drawing submittal. 23 24 **6-14.5** Payment 25 In the paragraph following the Bid item "Concrete Fascia Panel", per square foot, "concrete leveling pad" is revised to read "concrete footing". 26 27 28 6-15.AP6 29 Section 6-15, Soil Nail Walls January 15, 2015 30 31 6-15.3(3) Submittals 32 The first paragraph (excluding the numbered list) is revised to read: 33 34 The Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings of the following information: 35 6-15.3(6) Soil Nailing 36 37 In the first paragraph, the last sentence is revised to read: 38 39 Damaged or defective encapsulation shall be repaired in accordance with the 40 manufacturer's recommendations. 41 42 The eighth paragraph is revised to read: 43 44 If sections of the wall are constructed at different times than the adjacent soil nail 45 sections, the Contractor shall use stabilizing berms, temporary slopes, or other 46 measures acceptable to the Engineer, to prevent sloughing or failure of the adjacent 47 soil nail sections. 48

In the second sentence of the second paragraph, "approved by" is revised to read

6-14.3(4) Erection and Backfill

"acceptable to".

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3 4 The Contractor shall submit Type 1 Working Drawings of all test data. 5 6 The last sentence of the seventh paragraph is revised to read: 7 8 The Contractor shall submit Type 2E Working Drawings of the reaction frame. 9 10 6-15.3(8) A Verification Testing 11 In the third paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read: 12 13 The Contractor shall submit Type 2E Working Drawings consisting of design details of the verification testing, including the system for distributing test load pressures to the 14 15 excavation surface and appropriate nail bar size and reaction plate. 16 6-16.AP6 17 18 Section 6-16, Soldier Pile and Soldier Pile Tieback Walls **January 5, 2015** 19 20 6-16.3(2) **Submittals** 21 The first paragraph is revised to read: 22 23 The Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of shop plans as 24 specified in Section 6-03.3(7) for all structural steel, including the steel soldier piles, 25 and shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of shop plans and other details as specified in Section 6-17.3(3) for permanent ground anchors. 26 27 28 The second paragraph is revised to read: 29 30 The Contractor shall submit Type 1 Working Drawings consisting of the permanent 31 ground anchor grout mix design and the procedures for placing the grout. 32 33 The third paragraph (excluding the numbered list) is revised to read: 34 35 The Contractor shall submit Type 2E Working Drawings consisting of forming plans for the concrete fascia panels, as specified in Sections 6-02.3(16) and 6-02.3(17). 36 37 38 In the fourth paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read: 39 40 The Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of a shaft installation 41 plan. 42 43 The last paragraph is deleted. 44 45 6-16.3(3) Shaft Excavation 46 In the third paragraph, the last sentence is revised to read: 47

6-15.3(8) Soil Nail Testing and Acceptance

In the first paragraph, the second sentence is revised to read:

1 A temporary casing, slurry, or other methods specified in the shaft installation plan 2 shall be used if necessary to ensure such safety and stability. 3 4 The fourth paragraph is revised to read: 5 6 Where caving in conditions are encountered, no further excavation will be allowed until 7 the Contractor has implemented the method to prevent ground caving as submitted in accordance with item 4 of the Shaft Installation Plan. 8 9 10 The sixth paragraph is revised to read: 11 12 The excavated shaft shall be inspected and receive acceptance by the Engineer prior 13 to proceeding with construction. 14 15 6-16.3(6)B Temporary Lagging 16 The second paragraph (up until the colon) is revised to read: 17 18 The Contractor shall submit Type 2E Working Drawings consisting of the soldier pile 19 wall lagging design details and supporting design calculations. The submittal shall include, at a minimum, the following: 20 21 22 In item number 4 of the second paragraph, "approved by" is revised to read "acceptable to". 23 24 The last paragraph (excluding the table) is revised to read: 25 26 Notwithstanding the requirements of Section 1-06.1, steel materials used by the 27 Contractor as temporary lagging may be salvaged steel provided that the use of such salvaged steel materials shall be subject to visual inspection and acceptance by the 28 Engineer. For salvaged steel materials where the grade of steel cannot be positively 29 30 identified, the design stresses for the steel shall conform to the Section 6-02.3(17)B requirements for salvaged steel, regardless of whether rivets are present or not. 31 32 33 6-16.3(6)D Installing Lagging and Permanent Ground Anchor In the last sentence of the second paragraph, the phrase "as approved by the Engineer" is 34 35 deleted. 36 37 In the last sentence of the fourth paragraph, the phrase "as approved by the Engineer" is 38 deleted. 39 40 6-16.3(8) Concrete Fascia Panel 41 In the first paragraph, the phrase "as approved by the Engineer" is deleted. 42 43 44 6-17.AP6 45 **Section 6-17, Permanent Ground Anchors**

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The first paragraph is revised to read:

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January 5, 2015

6-17.3(3) **Submittals**

The Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of details and structural design calculations for the ground anchor system or systems intended for use.

The second paragraph is revised to read:

The Contractor shall submit a Type 1 Working Drawing consisting of a detailed description of the construction procedure proposed for use.

The third paragraph (up until the colon) is revised to read:

The Contractor shall submit a Type 2 Working Drawing consisting of ground anchor schedule giving:

In the fourth paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:

The Contractor shall submit a Type 2 Working Drawing detailing the ground anchor tendon and the corrosion protection system.

In the fourth paragraph, item number 3 is revised to read:

 Unbonded length corrosion protection system, including the permanent rubber seal between the trumpet and the tendon unbonded length corrosion protection and the transition between the tendon bond length and the unbonded tendon length corrosion protection.

The last five paragraphs are deleted and replaced with the following four new paragraphs:

The Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of shop plans as specified in Section 6-03.3(7) for all structural steel, including the permanent ground anchors.

The Contractor shall submit Type 1 Working Drawings consisting of the mix design for the grout conforming to Section 9-20.3(4) and the procedures for placing the grout. The Contractor shall also submit the methods and materials used in filling the annulus over the unbonded length of the anchor.

The Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of the method proposed to be followed for the permanent ground anchor testing. This shall include all necessary drawings and details to clearly describe the method proposed.

The Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of calibration data for each load cell, test jack, pressure gauge and master pressure gauge to be used. The calibration tests shall have been performed by an independent testing laboratory and tests shall have been performed within 60 calendar days of the date submitted.

6-17.3(5) Tendon Fabrication

In the tenth paragraph, the last sentence is deleted.

The twelfth paragraph is revised to read:

The total anchor length shall not be less than that indicated in the Plans or the Working Drawing submittal.

In the last paragraph, the phrase "as approved by the Engineer" is deleted.

6-17.3(7) Installing Permanent Ground Anchor

In the second paragraph, the third sentence is revised to read:

The Contractor's method to prevent ground movement shall be submitted as a Type 2 Working Drawing.

In the second paragraph, the second to last sentence is revised to read:

At the point of entry the ground anchor shall be installed within plus or minus three degrees of the inclination from horizontal shown in the Plans or the Working Drawing submittal.

6-18.AP6

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20 Section 6-18, Shotcrete Facing

January 5, 2015

6-18.3(1) Submittals

In the first paragraph, the first sentence (up until the colon) is revised to read:

The Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings consisting of the following:

In the first paragraph, item number 2 is revised to read:

2. Method and equipment used to apply, finish and cure the shotcrete facing.

The last paragraph is deleted.

6-18.3(2) Mix Design

In the first paragraph, the second and third sentences are deleted.

In the last sentence of the second paragraph, "and approved by the Engineer" is deleted.

6-18.3(3)A Preproduction Testing

In the last sentence, "approved" is revised to read "accepted".

6-18.3(7) Shotcrete Application

In the last paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read:

If field inspection or testing, by the Engineer, indicates that any shotcrete produced, fails to meet the requirements, the Contractor shall immediately modify procedures, equipment, or system, as necessary to produce specification material.

6-19.AP6

2 Section 6-19, Shafts

April 6, 2015

6-19.3(2) Shaft Construction Submittal

The last sentence is revised to read:

The submittals shall be Type 2 Working Drawings, except the shaft slurry technical assistance submittal shall be Type 1.

6-19.3(3) Shaft Excavation

In the first paragraph, the phrase "as approved by the Engineer" is deleted.

6-19.3(3)B4 Temporary Telescoping Shaft Casing

In the first paragraph, the first sentence of item number 1 is revised to read:

The Contractor shall submit the request to use temporary telescoping casing as a Type 2 Working Drawing.

6-19.3(3)D Bottom of Shaft Excavation

In the first sentence of the second paragraph, "approved" is revised to read "accepted".

6-19.3(3)E Shaft Obstruction

In the last sentence, "approved" is revised to read "accepted".

6-19.3(3)F Voids Between Permanent Casing and Shaft Excavation

In the last sentence, the words "and as approved by the Engineer" are deleted.

6-19.3(3)G Operating Shaft Excavation Equipment From an Existing Bridge

The second sentence is revised to read:

If necessary and safe to do so, and if the Contractor submits a Type 2 Working Drawing consisting of a written request in accordance with Section 6-01.6, the Engineer may permit operation of drilling equipment on a bridge.

6-19.3(3)H Seals for Shaft Excavation in Water

The first paragraph is revised to read:

 When shafts are constructed in water and the Plans show a seal between the casing shoring and the upper portion of the permanent casing of the shaft, the Contractor shall construct a seal in accordance with the shaft installation narrative specified in Section 6-19.3(2)B Item 7.

The last sentence of the last paragraph is revised to read:

If the Contractor uses a casing shoring diameter other than that specified in the Plans, the Contractor shall submit a revised seal design in accordance with Section 6-19.3(2)B Item 7.

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6-19.3(4)C Slurry Sampling and Testing The second to last sentence of the first paragraph is revised to read: 2 3 4 Synthetic slurry shall conform to Section 9-36.2(2), the quality control plan included in 5 the shaft installation narrative in accordance with Section 6-19.3(2)B Item 4. 6 7 The second sentence of the second paragraph is revised to read: 8 9 These records shall be submitted as a Type 1 Working Drawing once the slurry system 10 has been established in the first drilled shaft on the project. 11 12 6-19.3(4)E Maintenance of a Stable Shaft Excavation In the last sentence of the first paragraph, "approval" is revised to read "review". 13 14 6-19.3(4)F Disposal of Slurry and Slurry Contacted Spoils 15 16 This section is revised to read: 17 18 The Contractor shall manage and dispose of the slurry wastewater in accordance with 19 Section 8-01.3(1)C. Slurry-contacted spoils shall be disposed of as specified in the shaft installation narrative in accordance with Section 6-19.3(2)B, item 8, and in 20 accordance with the following requirements: 21 22 23 1. Uncontaminated spoils in contact with water-only slurry may be disposed of as 24 clean fill. 25 26 2. Uncontaminated spoils in contact with water slurry mixed with flocculants approved in Section 8-01.3(1)C3 may be disposed of as clean fill away from 27 28 areas that drain to surface waters of the state. 29 3. Spoils in contact with synthetic slurry or water slurry with polymer-based 30 31 additives or flocculants not approved in Section 8-01.3(1)C3 shall be disposed of in accordance with Section 2-03.3(7)C. With permission of the Engineer, the 32 Contractor may re-use these spoils on-site. 33 34 35 4. Spoils in contact with mineral slurry shall be disposed of in accordance with Section 2-03.3(7)C. With permission of the Engineer, the Contractor may re-36 use these spoils on-site. 37 38 6-19.3(5)A Steel Reinforcing Bar Cage Assembly 39 In the second to last sentence of the first paragraph, the phrase "as approved by the 40 41 Engineer" is deleted. 42 43 6-19.3(5)D Steel Reinforcing Bar Cage Support at Base of Shaft Excavation 44 The first sentence is revised to read: 45

For shafts with temporary casing within 15-feet of the bottom of shaft elevation as specified in the Plans, the Contractor may place quarry spalls or other rock backfill acceptable to the Engineer into the shaft below the specified bottom of shaft elevation as a means to support the steel reinforcing bar cage, provided that the materials and

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1 means to accomplish this have been addressed by the shaft installation narrative, as 2 specified in Section 6-19.3(2)B Item 9. 3 4 6-19.3(6)C Care for CSL Access Tubes From Erection Through CSL Testing In the last sentence, "as approved by the Engineer" is revised to read "acceptable to the 5 6 Engineer". 8 6-19.3(8)C Requirements for Leaving Temporary Casing in Place Item number 1 (up until the colon) is revised to read: 9 10 11 1. The Contractor shall submit a Type 2E Working Drawing of the following 12 information: 13 14 In item C of item number 1, the phrase "in accordance with Section 6-01.9" is deleted. 15 16 Item number 2 is deleted. 17 18 6-19.3(9)D Requirements to Continue Shaft Excavation Prior to Acceptance of First Shaft 19 20 This section is revised to read: 21 22 Except as otherwise noted, the Contractor shall not commence subsequent shaft 23 excavations until receiving the Engineer's acceptance of the first shaft, based on the 24 results and analysis of the crosshole sonic log testing for the first shaft. The Contractor 25 may commence subsequent shaft excavations prior to receiving the Engineer's acceptance of the first shaft, provided the following condition is satisfied: 26 27 28 The Engineer permits continuing with shaft construction based on the Engineer's observations of the construction of the first shaft, including, but not limited to, 29 30 conformance to the shaft installation narrative in accordance with Section 6-19.3(2)B, and the Engineer's review of Contractor's daily reports and Inspector's 31 daily logs concerning excavation, steel reinforcing bar placement, and concrete 32 33 placement. 34 35 6-19.3(9)F Contractor's Investigation and Remedial Action Plan This section is revised to read: 36 37 38 For all shafts determined to be unacceptable, the Contractor shall submit a Type 2 Working Drawing consisting of a plan for further investigation or remedial action. All 39 40 modifications to the dimensions of the shafts, as shown in the Plans, required by the investigation and remedial action plan shall be supported by calculations and working 41 drawings. All investigation and remedial correction procedures and designs shall be 42 43 submitted. 44 45 6-19.3(9)H Cored Holes

Prior to beginning coring, the Contractor shall submit Type 2 Working Drawings

consisting of the method and equipment used to drill and remove cores from shaft

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The first sentence of the second paragraph is revised to read:

concrete.

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> 3. When the turbidity of the groundwater is more than 25 NTU above or 125% of the turbidity of the site stormwater runoff, whichever is greater, the groundwater shall be treated separately from the site stormwater.

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Alternatively, the Contractor may pursue independent disposal and treatment alternatives that do not use the stormwater conveyance system.

8-01.3(1)C2 Process Wastewater

Wastewater generated on-site as a byproduct of a construction process shall not be discharged to surface waters of the State. Some sources of process wastewater may be infiltrated in accordance with the NPDES Construction Stormwater General Permit.

8-01.3(1)C3 Shaft Drilling Slurry Wastewater

Wastewater generated on-site during shaft drilling activity shall be managed and disposed of in accordance with the requirements below. No shaft drilling slurry wastewater shall be discharged to surface waters of the State. Neither the sediment nor liquid portions of the shaft drilling slurry wastewater shall be contaminated, as detectable by visible or olfactory indication (e.g., chemical sheen or smell).

1. Water-only shaft drilling slurry or water slurry with approved flocculants may be infiltrated on-site. Flocculants used shall meet the requirements of Section 9-14.5(1) or shall be chitosan products listed as General Use Level Designation (GULD) on the Department of Ecology's stormwater treatment technologies webpage for construction treatment. Infiltration is permitted if the following requirements are met:

a. Wastewater shall have a pH of 6.5 – 8.5 prior to discharge.

b. The source water meets drinking water standards or the Groundwater Quality Criteria listed in WAC 173-200-040.

c. The amount of flocculant added to the slurry shall be kept to the minimum needed to adequately settle out solids. The flocculant shall be thoroughly mixed into the slurry.

d. Infiltration locations shall be at least 100 feet away from surface waters, wells, on-site sewage systems, aquifer-sensitive recharge areas, sole source aquifers, and well-head protection areas. Before infiltration begins, there shall be a minimum of 5 feet of unsaturated soil between the soil surface receiving the wastewater for infiltration and the groundwater surface (i.e., saturated soil).

e. The slurry removed from the shaft shall be contained in a leak proof cell or tank for a minimum of 3 hours.

 f. Within a 24 hour period, a maximum of 21,000 gallons of slurry wastewater may be infiltrated in an infiltration location. The infiltration rate shall be reduced if needed to prevent wastewater from leaving the infiltration location. The infiltration site shall be monitored regularly during infiltration activity. All wastewater discharged to the ground must fully infiltrate and discharges must stop before the end of each work day.

 g. After infiltration activity is complete, loose sediment in the infiltration location that may have resulted from the infiltration activity or the removal of BMPs used to manage infiltration activity shall be stabilized to prevent mobilization by stormwater runoff.

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as a byproduct of suspended solids in the infiltrated wastewater or soil disturbance associated with BMP placement and removal.

2. Shaft drilling mineral slurry, synthetic slurry, or slurry with polymer additives not approved for infiltration shall be contained and disposed of by the Contractor at an approved disposal facility in accordance with Section 2-03.3(7)C. Spoils that have come into contact with mineral slurry shall be disposed of in accordance with Section 6-19.3(4)F.

8-01.3(1)C4 Management of Off-Site Water

Prior to disruption of the normal watercourse, the Contractor shall intercept the off-site surface water and pipe it either through or around the project site. This water shall not be combined with on-site stormwater. It shall be discharged at its preconstruction outfall point in such a manner that there is no increase in erosion below the site. The Contractor shall submit a Type 2 Working Drawing consisting of the method for performing this Work.

8-01.3(2)A Preparation for Application

 This section's content is deleted and replaced with the following two new subsections:

8-01.3(2)A1 Seeding

 Areas to be cultivated are shown in the Plans or specified in the Special Provisions. The areas shall be cultivated to the depths specified to provide a reasonably firm but friable seedbed. Cultivation shall take place no sooner than 2 weeks prior to seeding.

All areas to be seeded, including excavated slopes shall be compacted and prepared unless otherwise specified or ordered by the Engineer. A cleated roller, crawler tractor, or similar equipment that forms longitudinal depressions at least 2 inches deep shall be used for compaction and preparation of the surface to be seeded.

 The entire area shall be uniformly covered with longitudinal depressions formed perpendicular to the natural flow of water on the slope. The soil shall be conditioned with sufficient water so the longitudinal depressions remain in the soil surface until completion of the seeding.

Prior to seeding, the finished grade of the soil shall be 1 inch below the top of all curbs, junction and valve boxes, walks, driveways, and other Structures. The soil shall be in a weed free and bare condition.

All bags of seed shall be brought to the site in sealed bags and shall have seed labels attached showing the seed meets the Specifications. Seed which has become wet, moldy, or otherwise damaged in transit or storage will not be accepted.

8-01.3(2)A2 Temporary Seeding

A cleated roller, crawler tractor, or similar equipment that forms longitudinal depressions at least 2 inches deep shall be used for compaction and preparation of the surface to be seeded. The entire area shall be uniformly covered with longitudinal depressions formed perpendicular to the natural flow of water on the slope. The soil shall be conditioned with sufficient water so the longitudinal depressions remain in the soil surface until completion of the seeding.

8-01.3(2)B Seeding and Fertilizing

In the list in the second paragraph, item numbers 1-5 are revised to read:

1. A hydro seeder that utilizes water as the carrying agent, and maintains continuous agitation through paddle blades. It shall have an operating capacity sufficient to agitate, suspend, and mix into a homogeneous slurry the specified amount of seed and water or other material. Distribution and discharge lines shall be large enough to prevent stoppage and shall be equipped with a set of hydraulic discharge spray nozzles that will provide a uniform distribution of the slurry.

2. Blower equipment with an adjustable disseminating device capable of maintaining a constant, measured rate of material discharge that will ensure an even distribution of seed at the rates specified.

3. Helicopters properly equipped for aerial seeding.

4. Power-drawn drills or seeders.

5. Areas in which the above methods are impractical may be seeded by hand methods.

8-01.3(2)C Liming

This section including title is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

8-01.3(2)C Vacant

8-01.3(2)D Mulching

The first sentence of the second paragraph is revised to read:

Distribution of straw mulch material shall be by means that utilizes forced air to blow mulch material on seeded areas.

8-01.3(11) Outlet Protection

In the last sentence, "Section 9-13.6" is revised to read "Section 9-13.1(5)".

8-01.4 Measurement

In the twelfth paragraph, "liming" is deleted.

8-01.5 Payment

The bid item "Liming", per acre is deleted.

- 8-02.AP8
- 43 Section 8-02, Roadside Restoration
- 44 January 5, 2015

45 8-02.3(1) Responsibility During Construction

The last sentence of the second paragraph is revised to read:

2 3 4

This Work shall include keeping the planted and seeded areas free from insect infestation, weeds or unwanted vegetation, litter, and other debris along with retaining the finished grades and mulch in a neat uniform condition.

8-02.3(2) Roadside Work Plan

 This section's title is revised to read:

Work Plans

This section's content is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following new subsections:

8-02.3(2)A Roadside Work Plan

Before starting any Work that disturbs the earth and as described in Sections 8-01, 8-02 and 8-03, the Contractor shall submit a roadside work plan. The roadside work plan shall be submitted as a Type 1 Working Drawing and shall define the Work necessary to provide all Contract requirements, including: wetland excavation, soil preparation, habitat structure placement, planting area preparation, seeding area preparation, bark mulch and compost placement, seeding, planting, plant replacement, irrigation, and weed control in narrative form.

The Roadside Work Plan shall also include a copy of the approved progress schedule.

8-02.3(2)B Weed and Pest Control Plan

The Weed and Pest Control Plan shall be submitted as a Type 1 Working Drawing. The weed and pest control plan shall include scheduling and methods of all control measures required under the Contract or proposed by the Contractor including soil preparation methods to meet the required soil surface conditions in the planting, bark mulch, and wetland areas. The weed control plan shall show general weed control including hand, mechanical and chemical methods, timing, application of herbicides including type, rate, use and timing, mowing, and noxious weed control. Target weeds and unwanted vegetation to be removed shall be identified and listed in the weed control plan.

The plan shall be prepared and signed by a licensed Commercial Pest Control Operator or Consultant when chemical pesticides are proposed. The plan shall include methods of weed control; dates of weed control operations; and the name, application rate, and Material Safety Data Sheets of all proposed herbicides. In addition, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with a copy of the current product label for each pesticide and spray adjuvant to be used. These product labels shall be submitted with the weed control plan for approval.

8-02.3(2)C Plant Establishment Plan

 The Plant Establishment Plan shall be prepared in accordance with the requirements of Section 8-02.3(13) and submitted as a Type 1 Working Drawing. The Plan shall show the proposed scheduling of activities, materials, equipment to be utilized for the first-year plant establishment, and an emergency contact person. The Plan shall include the management of the irrigation system, when applicable. Should the plan become unworkable at any time during the first-year plant establishment, the Contractor shall submit a revised plan prior to proceeding with further Work.

AMENDMENTS TO THE 2014 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS BOOK

Revised: 4/6/15

8-02.3(3) Weed and Pest Control 2 This section is supplemented with the following new paragraph: 3 4 Grass, including grass applied in accordance with Section 8-01, growing within the 5 mulch ring of a plant shall be considered a weed and be controlled on the project in 6 accordance with the weed and pest control plan. 7 8 8-02.3(4) Topsoil 9 The last sentence of the first paragraph is revised to read: 10 11 After the topsoil has been spread, all large clods, hard lumps, and rocks 2 inches in 12 diameter and larger, and litter shall be raked up, removed, and disposed of by the 13 Contractor. 14 15 The following new paragraph is inserted after the first paragraph: 16 17 Topsoil stockpiled for project use shall be protected to prevent erosion and weed 18 growth. Weed growth on topsoil stockpile sites shall be immediately eliminated in accordance with the approved Weed and Pest Control Plan. 19 20 21 8-02.3(4)C Topsoil Type C 22 The last sentence is revised to read: 23 24 Topsoil Type C shall meet the requirements of Sections 8-02.3(4), 8-02.3(4)B, and 9-25 14.1(3). 26 27 8-02.3(12) Completion of Initial Planting 28 Item number 4 in the last paragraph is deleted. 29 30 8-02.3(13) Plant Establishment 31 The first sentence of the second paragraph is deleted. 32 33 The second paragraph is supplemented with the following new sentence: 34 35 The 1 calendar year shall be extended an amount equal to any periods where the 36 Contractor does not comply with the plant establishment plan. 37 38 The first sentence of the fourth paragraph is revised to read: 39 40 During the first year of plant establishment under PSIPE (Plant Selection Including 41 Plant Establishment), the Contractor shall meet monthly with the Engineer for the purpose of joint inspection of the planting material on a mutually agreed upon 42 43 schedule. 44 45 The last two paragraphs are deleted. 46

AMENDMENTS TO THE 2014 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS BOOK

This section is supplemented with the following:

Plant selection will be measured per each.

8-02.4 Measurement

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Revised: 4/6/15

1 2	PSIPE (Plant Selection Including Plant Establishment) will be measured per each.
3	
4 5	8-02.5 Payment The paragraph following the bid item "Topsoil Type", per acre is revised to read:
6 7 8	The unit Contract price per acre for "Topsoil Type" shall be full payment for all costs for the specified Work.
9 10 11 12	The bid item "PSIPE", per each and the paragraph following the bid item are revised to read:
13 14	"PSIPE", per each.
15 16 17 18 19	The unit Contract price for "Plant Selection", per each, and "PSIPE", per each shall be full pay for all Work necessary for weed control within the planting area, planting area preparation, fine grading, planting, cultivating, plant storage and protection, fertilizer and root dip, staking, cleanup, and water necessary to complete planting operations as specified to the end of first year plant establishment.
21	The bid item "Plant Establishment Year" is deleted.
22 23	8-04.AP8
23	0-04.AI 0
24 25	Section 8-04, Curbs, Gutters, and Spillways January 5, 2015
26	8-04.2 Materials
27 28	The referenced section for the following item is revised to read:
29 30	Hand Placed Riprap 9-13.1(4)
31 32 33	8-04.3(1) Cement Concrete Curbs, Gutters, and Spillways The first sentence in the fourth paragraph is revised to read:
34 35 36 37	Expansion joints in the curb or curb and gutter shall be spaced as shown in the Plans, and placed at the beginning and ends of curb returns, drainage Structures, bridges, and cold joints with existing curbs and gutters.
38 39	In the third sentence of the fourth paragraph, "1/4-inch" is revised to read "3/6-inch".
40 41 42	8-04.3(1)A Extruded Cement Concrete Curb The second sentence in the second paragraph is revised to read:
43 44	Cement concrete curbs shall be anchored to the existing pavement by placing steel reinforcing bars 1 foot on each side of every joint.
45 46	The third paragraph is revised to read:
1 7	

1 8-18.AP8 2 Section 8-18, Mailbox Support August 4, 2014 3 4 8-18.3(1) Type 3 Mailbox Support 5 In the third paragraph, the first sentence is revised to read: 6 With the Engineer's consent, a Type 3 Mailbox Support design, made of steel or other durable material, that meets the NCHRP 350 or the Manual for Assessing Safety 8 9 Hardware (MASH) crash test criteria may be used in place of the design shown in the 10 Standard Plans. 11 12 8-20.AP8 Section 8-20, Illumination, Traffic Signal Systems, Intelligent Transportation 13 14 Systems, and Electrical 15 April 6, 2015 16 8-20.2(1) Equipment List and Drawings 17 The second sentence of the second paragraph is revised to read: 18 19 Supplemental data would include such items as catalog cuts, product Specifications, 20 shop drawings, wiring diagrams, etc. 21 22 The third paragraph (up until the colon) is revised to read: 23 24 If the luminaires are not listed in the Qualified Products List, the Contractor shall submit 25 the following information for each different type of luminaire required on the Contract: 26 27 The fourth paragraph (up until the colon) is revised to read: 28 29 The Contractor shall submit for approval Type 3E Working Drawings in accordance 30 with Section 1-05.3 for each of the following types of standards called for on this 31 project: 32 33 The fifth paragraph is revised to read: 34 35 The Contractor will not be required to submit shop drawings for approval for light 36 37 Special Provisions. The Contractor may use preapproved plans posted on the

standards and traffic signal standards conforming to the preapproved plans listed in the WSDOT website with a more current revision date than published in the Special Provisions.

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8-20.3(1) General

The following six new paragraphs are inserted after the second paragraph:

42 43 44

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If a portion of an existing communication conduit system is damaged due to the Contractor's activities, the affected system shall be restored to original condition.

Conduit shall be repaired. Communication cables shall be replaced and the

Revised: 4/6/15

communication system shall be made fully operational within 24 hours of being damaged.

Damaged communication cable shall be replaced between existing termination or splice points. No additional termination or splice points will be allowed. An existing termination or splice point is defined as a location where all existing fiber strands or twisted pair wires are terminated or spliced at one point. Communication cable shall be defined as either copper twisted pair or fiber optic cables. The Contractor may use temporary splices to restore Contracting Agency communication systems until the permanent communication cable system is restored.

When damage to an existing communication system has occurred, the Contractor shall perform the following in addition to other restoration requirements:

1. Inspect the communication raceway system including locate wire or tape to determine the extent of damage.

2. Contact the Engineer for Fiber Optic Cable and Twisted Pair (TWP) Copper Cable acceptance testing requirements and communication system restoration requirements.

3. Initially perform the acceptance tests to determine the extent of damage and also perform the acceptance tests after repairs are completed. Provide written certification that the communication cable system, including the locate wire or tape, is restored to test standard requirements.

Communication cables shall be restored by Contractor personnel that are WSDOT prequalified for communication installation work. Restoration shall be considered electrical work when the path of the communication system interfaces with electrical systems. Electrical work of this nature shall be performed by Contractor personnel that are WSDOT prequalified for work on both electrical and communication systems.

If the Contractor or Subcontractors are unable or unqualified to complete the restoration work, the Engineer may have the communication or electrical systems restored by other means and subtract the cost from the money that will be or is due the Contractor.

When field repair of existing conduit, innerduct or outerduct is required, the repair kits shall be installed per manufacturer's recommendations. Repair kits and each connection point between the repair kit and the existing raceway system shall be sealed to prevent air leakage during future cable installation.

8-20.3(8) Wiring

The second sentence in the eleventh paragraph is revised to read:

Every conductor at every wire termination, connector, or device shall have an approved wire marking sleeve bearing, as its legend, the circuit number indicated in the Contract.

8-20.3(13)A Light Standards

In the third paragraph, the last sentence of item number 1 is revised to read:

AMENDMENTS TO THE 2014 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS BOOK

Revised: 4/6/15

1	
2 3 4	Conduit shall extend a maximum of 1 inch above the top of the foundation, including grounding end bushing or end bell bushing.
5 6	In the fourth paragraph, the second sentence of item number 1 is revised to read:
7 8 9	Conduits shall be cut to a maximum height of 2 inches above the foundation including grounding end bushing or end bell bushing.
10	8-21.AP8
11 12	Section 8-21, Permanent Signing April 6, 2015
13 14 15	8-21.3(9)F Foundations The first sentence of the first paragraph is revised to read:
16 17	The excavation and backfill shall conform to the requirements of Section 2-09.3.
18	8-22.AP8
19 20	Section 8-22, Pavement Marking April 6, 2015
21 22 23	8-22.3(6) Removal of Pavement Markings The second and third sentences of the first paragraph are revised to read:
24 25 26 27 28 29	Grinding to remove pavement markings is allowed prior to application of a Bituminous Surface Treatment. Grinding to remove pavement marking from hot mix asphalt and cement concrete pavements is allowed to a depth just above the pavement surface, then water blasting or shot blasting shall be required to remove the remaining markings.
30	8-23.AP8
31 32	Section 8-23, Temporary Pavement Markings January 5, 2015
33 34 35	This section's content is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following new subsections:
36 37 38 39 40	8-23.1 Description The Work consists of furnishing, installing, and removing temporary pavement markings. Temporary pavement markings shall be provided where noted in the Plans; for all lane shifts and detours resulting from construction activities; or when permanent markings are removed because of construction operations.

1 8-23.2 Materials 2 Materials for temporary markings shall be paint, plastic, tape, raised pavement markers or flexible raised pavement markers. Materials for pavement markings shall meet the 3 4 following requirements: 5 6 9-21 Raised Pavement Markers 7 Temporary Marking Paint 9-34.2(6) 8 Plastic 9-34.3 9 Glass Beads for Pavement Marking Materials 9-34.4 Temporary Pavement Marking Tape 9-34.5 10 Temporary Flexible Raised Pavement Markers 9-34.6 11 12 13 8.23.3 Construction Requirements 14 15 8-23.3(1) General The Contractor shall select the type of pavement marking material in accordance 16 with the Contract. 17 18 19 8-23.3(2) Preliminary Spotting 20 All preliminary layout and marking in preparation for application or removal of temporary pavement markings shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. 21 22 23 8-23.3(3) Preparation of Roadway Surface 24 Surface preparation for temporary pavement markings shall be in accordance with 25 the manufacturer's recommendations. 26 27 8-23.3(4) Pavement Marking Application 28 29 8-23.3(4) A Temporary Pavement Markings – Short Duration Temporary pavement markings – short duration shall meet the following 30 31 requirements: 32 **Temporary Center Line** – A BROKEN line used to delineate adjacent 33 34 lanes of traffic moving in opposite directions. The broken pattern shall be 35 based on a 40-foot unit, consisting of a 4-foot line with a 36-foot gap if 36 paint or tape is used. If temporary raised pavement markers are used, the pattern shall be based on a 40-foot unit, consisting of a grouping of 37 38 three temporary raised pavement markers, each spaced 3 feet apart, with 39 a 34 foot gap. 40 41 **Temporary Edge Line** – A SOLID line used on the edges of Traveled Way. The line shall be continuous if paint or tape is used. If temporary 42 43 raised pavement markers are used, the line shall consist of markers installed continuously at 5-foot spacing. 44 45 **Temporary Lane Line** – A BROKEN line used to delineate adjacent 46 47 lanes with traffic traveling in the same direction. The broken pattern shall be based on a 40-foot unit, consisting of a 4-foot line with a 36-foot gap, if 48

paint or tape is used. If temporary raised pavement markers are used.

the pattern shall be based on a 40-foot unit, consisting of a grouping of

1 three temporary raised pavement markers, each spaced 3 feet apart, with 2 a 34 foot gap. 3 4 Lane line and right edge line shall be white in color. Center line and left edge 5 line shall be yellow in color. Edge lines shall be installed only if specifically required in the Contract. All temporary pavement markings shall be 6 7 retroreflective. 8 9 8-23.3(4)A1 Temporary Pavement Marking Paint Paint used for short duration temporary pavement markings shall be 10 applied in one application at a thickness of 15 mils or 108 square feet per 11 12 gallon. Glass beads shall be in accordance with Section 8-22.3(3)G. 13 14 8-23.3(4)A2 Temporary Pavement Marking Tape Application of temporary pavement marking tape shall be in conformance 15 with the manufacturer's recommendations. 16 17 18 Black mask pavement marking tape shall mask the existing line in its 19 entirety. 20 21 8-23.3(4)A3 Temporary Raised Pavement Markers 22 Temporary raised pavement markers are not allowed on bituminous 23 surface treatments. 24 25 8-23.3(4)A4 Temporary Flexible Raised Pavement Markers Flexible raised pavement markers are required for new applications of 26 bituminous surface treatments. Flexible raised pavement markers are 27 not allowed on other pavement types unless otherwise specified or 28 approved by the Engineer. Flexible raised pavement markers shall be 29 installed with the protective cover in place. The cover shall be removed 30 31 immediately after spraying asphaltic material. 32 33 8-23.3(4)B Temporary Pavement Markings – Long Duration 34 Application of paint, pavement marking tape and plastic for long duration pavement markings shall meet the requirements of Section 8-22.3(3); 35 36 application of raised pavement markers shall meet the requirements of Section 8-09.3; and application of flexible pavement markings shall be in 37 conformance with the manufacturer's recommendations. 38 39 40 8-23.3(4)C Tolerance for Lines Tolerance for lines shall conform to Section 8-22.3(4). 41 42 43 8-23.3(4)D Maintenance of Pavement Markings Temporary pavement markings shall be maintained in serviceable condition 44 throughout the project until permanent pavement markings are installed. As 45 directed by the Engineer; temporary pavement markings that are damaged, 46 including normal wear by traffic, shall be repaired or replaced immediately. 47 Repaired and replaced pavement markings shall meet the requirements for 48

the original pavement marking.

1 8-23.3(4)E Removal of Pavement Markings 2 Removal of temporary paint is not required prior to paving; all other temporary 3 pavement markings shall be removed. 4 5 All temporary pavement markings that are required on the wearing course 6 prior to construction of permanent pavement markings and are not a part of 7 the permanent markings shall be completely removed concurrent with or 8 immediately subsequent to the construction of the permanent pavement markings. Temporary flexible raised pavement markers on bituminous surface 9 treatment pavements shall be cut off flush with the surface if their location 10 conflicts with the alignment of the permanent pavement markings. All other 11 12 temporary pavement markings shall be removed in accordance with Section 13 8-22.3(6). 14 15 All damage to the permanent Work caused by removing temporary pavement 16 markings shall be repaired by the Contractor at no additional cost to the 17 Contracting Agency. 18 8-23.4 Measurement 19 20 Temporary pavement markings will be measured by the linear foot of each installed 21 line or grouping of markers, with no deduction for gaps in the line or markers and no 22 additional measurement for the second application of paint required for long duration 23 paint lines. Short duration and long duration temporary pavement markings will be 24 measured for the initial installation only. 25 26 8-23.5 Payment 27 Payment will be made in accordance with Section 1-04.1, for each of the following Bid 28 items that are included in the Proposal: 29 30 "Temporary Pavement Marking – Short Duration", per linear foot. 31 32 "Temporary Pavement Marking – Long Duration", per linear foot. 33 34 The unit Contract price per linear foot for "Temporary Pavement Marking – Short 35 Duration" and "Temporary Pavement Marking – Long Duration" shall be full pay for 36 all Work. 37 9-01.AP9 38 39 **Section 9-01, Portland Cement** 40 **January 5, 2015** 41 9-01.2(3) Low Alkali Cement 42 This section is revised to read: 43 44 When low alkali portland cement is required, the percentage of alkalies in the cement 45 shall not exceed 0.60 percent by weight calculated as Na₂0 plus 0.658 K₂0. This 46 limitation shall apply to all types of portland cement.

9-01.2(4) Blended Hydraulic Cement

The first paragraph is revised to read:

Blended hydraulic cement shall be either Type IP(X)(MS) or Type IS(X)(MS) cement conforming to AASHTO M 240 or ASTM C 595, except that the portland cement used to produce blended hydraulic cement shall not contain more than 0.75 percent alkalies by weight calculated as Na₂0 plus 0.658 K₂0 and shall meet the following additional requirements:

1. Type IP(X)(MS) - Portland-Pozzolan Cement where (X) equals the targeted percentage of fly ash, the fly ash is limited to a maximum of 35 percent by weight of the cementitious material; (MS) indicates moderate sulfate resistance.

2. Type IS(X)(MS) - Portland Blast- Furnace Slag Cement, where: (X) equals the targeted percentage of ground granulated blast-furnace slag, the ground granulated blast furnace slag is limited to a maximum of 50 percent by weight of the cementitious material; (MS) indicates moderate sulfate resistance.

The first sentence of the second paragraph is revised to read:

The source and weight of the fly ash or ground granulated blast-furnace slag shall be certified on the cement mill test report or cement certificate of analysis and shall be reported as a percent by weight of the total cementitious material.

9-01.3 Tests and Acceptance

The first paragraph is revised to read:

Cement may be accepted by the Engineer based on the cement mill test report number or cement certificate of analysis number indicating full conformance to the Specifications. All shipments of the cement to the Contractor or concrete supplier shall identify the applicable cement mill test report number or cement certificate of analysis number and shall be provided by the Contractor or concrete supplier with all concrete deliveries.

The second paragraph is revised to read:

Cement producers/suppliers that certify portland cement or blended cement shall participate in the Cement Acceptance Program as described in WSDOT Standard Practice QC 1.

9-01.4 Storage on the Work Site

This section is revised to read:

At the request of the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide test data to show that cement stored on site for longer than 60 days meets the requirements of 9-01. Tests shall be conducted on samples taken from the site in the presence of the Engineer. Test results that meet the requirements of 9-01 shall be valid for 60 days from the date of sampling, after which the Engineer may require further testing.

9-02.AP9

2 Section 9-02, Bituminous Materials

April 6, 2015

4 9-02.1(4) Performance Graded Asphalt Binder (PGAB)

The first paragraph is supplemented with the following:

For HMA with greater than 20 percent RAP by total weight of HMA or any amount of RAS the new asphalt binder, recycling agent and recovered asphalt (RAP and/or RAS) when blended in the proportions of the mix design shall meet the PGAB requirements of AASHTO M 320 Table 1 for the grade of asphalt binder specified by the Contract.

This section is supplemented with the following:

The recycling agent used to rejuvenate the recovered asphalt from recycled asphalt pavement (RAP) and reclaimed asphalt shingles (RAS) shall meet the specifications in Table 1:

Table 1		RA 1	RA 5		RA 25		
Test	ASTM Test Method	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
Viscosity @ 140°F cSt	D2170 or D2171	50	150	200	800	1000	4000
Flashpoint COC, °F	D92	400		400		400	
Saturates, Wt. %	D2007		30		30		30
Specific Gravity	D70 or D2198	Report		Report		Report	
Tests on Residue from RTFC	D2872						
Viscosity Ratio ¹			3		3		3
Mass Change ± %			4		4		4

¹Viscosity Ratio = <u>RTFC Viscosity @ 140°F, cSt</u> Original Viscosity @ 140°F, cSt

9-02.1(6)A Polymerized Cationic Emulsified Asphalt CRS-2P

In the ninth row of the table, "Test" is revised to read "Tests".

The eleventh row in the table is revised to read:

	Elastic Recovery %	T 301 ²	50	
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The last two rows of the table are deleted.

1 2	Footnot	e 2 below the table is revised to read:
3	2	The residue material for T 301 shall come from the modified distillation per note 1.
5 6	Footnot	e 3 below the table is deleted.
7 8	The las	t paragraph is deleted.
9	9-03.A	P9
10 11	Section April 6	n 9-03, Aggregates , 2015
12 13 14		(2)C Use of Substandard Gradings ction including title is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:
15 16	Va	cant
17 18 19		(4)C Grading econd paragraph, the first sentence is deleted.
20 21	The thir	d paragraph is deleted.
22 23 24		(5)B Grading t paragraph is revised to read:
25 26 27 28 29 30 31	to t be Tes by	e Contracting Agency may sample each aggregate component prior to introduction the weigh batcher or as otherwise determined by the Engineer. Each component will sieve analyzed separately in accordance with WSDOT FOP for WAQTC/AASHTO at Method T-27/11. All aggregate components will be mathematically re-combined the proportions (percent of total aggregate by weight) provided by the Contractor on increte Mix Design Form 350-040.
32 33 34		(1) General Requirements t paragraph up until the colon is revised to read:
35 36 37		eliminary testing of aggregates for source approval shall meet the following test uirements:
38 39	The list	in the first paragraph is supplemented with the following:
40 41	Sa	nd Equivalent 45 min.
42 43		owing new paragraph is inserted after the first paragraph:
44 45 46		gregate sources that have 100 percent of the mineral material passing the No. 4 ve shall be limited to no more than 5 percent of the total weight of aggregate.
47 48		(2) HMA Test Requirements cond paragraph (up until the colon) is revised to read:

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The mix design shall produce HMA mixtures when combined with RAP, RAS, coarse and fine aggregate within the limits set forth in Section 9-03.8(6) and mixed in the laboratory with the designated grade of asphalt binder, using the Superpave gyratory compactor in accordance with WSDOT FOP for AASHTO T 312, and at the required gyrations for N initial, N design, and N maximum with the following properties:

The third paragraph is revised to read:

The mix criteria for Hamburg Wheel-Track Testing and Indirect Tensile Strength do not apply to HMA accepted by commercial evaluation.

9-03.8(3)B Gradation – Recycled Asphalt Pavement and Mineral Aggregate This section is supplemented with the following:

For HMA with greater than 20 percent RAP by total weight of HMA the RAP shall be processed to ensure that 100 percent of the material passes a sieve twice the size of the maximum aggregate size for the class of mix to be produced.

When any amount of RAS is used in the production of HMA the RAS shall be milled, crushed or processed to ensure that 100 percent of the material passes the ½ inch sieve. Extraneous materials in RAS such as metals, glass, rubber, soil, brick, tars, paper, wood and plastic shall not exceed 2.0 percent by mass as determined on material retained on the No. 4 sieve.

9-03.14(3) Common Borrow

This section is revised to read:

Material for common borrow shall consist of granular or nongranular soil and/or aggregate which is free of deleterious material. Deleterious material includes wood, organic waste, coal, charcoal, or any other extraneous or objectionable material. The material shall not contain more than 3 percent organic material by weight. The plasticity index shall be determined using test method AASHTO T 89 and AASHTO T 90.

The material shall meet one of the options in the soil plasticity table below.

Soil Plasticity Table

			Plasticity
Option	Sieve	Percent Passing	Index
	No.		
1	200	0 - 12	N/A
	No.		
2	200	12.1 - 35	6 or Less
	No.		
3	200	Above 35	0

All percentages are by weight.

	If requested by of the Engineer		e plasticity index	may be increased	with the approval
	•03.14(4) Gravel the second table,				
	рН	WSDOT Test Method T 417	4.5 - 9	5 – 10	
	03.21(1) Gener ne following new p	•		nd paragraph:	
	of asbestos fibe	nalt shingles sampers based on testing the specifying jurticles.	g procedures an	d frequencies esta	ablished in
9-	04.AP9				
	ection 9-04, Joir anuary 5, 2015	nt and Crack Se	aling Materials	3	
	•04.1(4) Elaston this section, "AAS	-		STM D 2628".	
	9-04.2(1) Hot Poured Joint Sealants n the first paragraph, "AASHTO M 324" is revised to read "ASTM D 6690".				
	0-04.2(2) Poured Rubber Joint Sealer n item number 9, "WSDOT Test Method No. 412" is revised to read "ASTM D 5329".				
9-	05.AP9				
	ection 9-05, Dra pril 7, 2014	inage Structure	s and Culverts	3	
	.05.13 Ductile Ir ne first paragraph i	•			
9-	·06.AP9				
	ection 9-06, Stru anuary 5, 2015	uctural Steel and	d Related Mate	erials	
	•06.5(4) Anchorne third sentence of		graph is revised	to read:	
		F 1554 Grade 36 o , Grade A or DH.	or 55 black or ga	lvanized anchor be	olts shall conform

1 2 3 4	Unless otherwise specified, all top or finish coats shall be gloss or semi-gloss, with the paint falling within the range of greater than 70 for gloss and 35 to 70 for semi-gloss on the 60-degree gloss meter.
5	9-09.AP9
6 7	Section 9-09, Timber and Lumber January 6, 2014
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	9-09.3(1) General Requirements The fourth paragraph is revised to read: All orders of treated timber and lumber shall be accompanied by a Certificate of Treatment record. The Certificate of Treatment showing conformance to this specification and AWPA standards shall include the following information: Name and location of the wood preserving company, Customer identification, Date of treatment and charge number, Type of chemical used and amount of retention, Treating process and identification of the Specification used, Boring records verifying treatment penetration for timber and lumber with a nominal dimension of 6" x 6" or larger, Description of material that was treated, and Signature of a responsible plant official. The fifth paragraph is deleted. The first sentence in the last paragraph is revised to read: All timber and lumber to be used in aquatic environments, unless specified otherwise in the Contract, shall be chemically treated using Western Wood Preservers Institute Best Management Practices (BMPs).
40	9-10.AP9
41 42	Section 9-10, Piling March 3, 2014
43 44 45	9-10.5 Steel Piling This section is revised to read:

1 The material for rolled steel piling H-piling and pile splices shall conform to ASTM A 36, 2 ASTM A 572 or ASTM A 992. The material for steel pipe piling and splices shall 3 conform to one of the following requirements except as specifically noted in the Plans: 4 5 1. API 5L Grade X42 or X52 material may be used for longitudinal seam welded 6 or helical (spiral) seam submerged-arc welded pipe piles of any diameter. 7 8 2. ASTM A 252 Grade 2 or 3 material may be used for longitudinal seam welded or helical (spiral) seam submerged-arc welded pipe piles of any diameter. For 9 the purposes of welding and prequalification of base metal, steel pipe pile 10 designated as ASTM A 252 may be treated as pregualified provided the 11 chemical composition conforms to a pregualified base metal classification 12 13 listed in Table 3.1 of the AWS D1.1/D1.1M, latest edition, Structural Welding Code, the grade of pipe piling meets or exceeds the grade specified in the 14 15 Plans, and the carbon equivalent (CE) is a maximum of 0.45-percent. 16 17 3. ASTM A 572 or ASTM A 588 material may be used for longitudinal seam 18 welded piles of any diameter. 19 20 For helical (spiral) seam submerged-arc welded pipe piles, the maximum radial offset of strip/plate edges shall be 1/8 inch. The offset shall be transitioned with a taper weld 21 and the slope shall not be less than a 1 in 2.5 taper. The weld reinforcement shall not 22 23 be greater than 3/16 inches and misalignment of weld beads shall not exceed 1/8 inch. 24 25 Steel soldier piles, and associated steel bars and plates, shall conform to ASTM A 36, ASTM A 572 or ASTM A 992, except as otherwise noted in the Plans. 26 27 28 All steel piling may be accepted by the Engineer based on the Manufacturer's Certificate of Compliance submitted in accordance with Section 1-06.3. The 29 manufacturer's certificate of compliance submittal for steel pipe piles shall be 30 31 accompanied by certified mill test reports, including chemical analysis and carbon equivalence, for each heat of steel used to fabricate the steel pipe piling. 32 33 34 9-13.AP9 35 Section 9-13, Riprap, Quarry Spalls, Slope Protection, and Rock for Erosion and Scour Protection and Rock Walls 36 37 **January 5, 2015** 38 This section's content is deleted. 39 40 9-13.1 Loose Riprap 41 This section's content, including title and subsections, is revised to read the following: 42 43 9-13.1 Riprap and Quarry Spalls 44 45 9-13.1(1) General Riprap and guarry spalls shall consist of broken stone or broken concrete rubble 46 47 and shall be free of rock fines, soil, or other extraneous material. Concrete rubble

shall not be contaminated by foreign materials such as fibers, wood, steel, asphalt,

12 13

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sealant, soil, plastic and other contaminants or deleterious material. Concrete rubble that is imported to the job site will require testing and certification for toxicity characteristics per Section 9-03.21(1).

The grading of the riprap shall be determined by the Engineer by visual inspection of the load before it is dumped into place, or, if so ordered by the Engineer, by dumping individual loads on a flat surface and sorting and measuring the individual rocks contained in the load. Should the riprap contain insufficient spalls, as defined in Section 9-13.1(5), the Contractor shall furnish and place supplementary spall material.

Riprap and quarry spalls shall be free from segregation, seams, cracks, and other defects tending to destroy its resistance to weather and shall conform to the following requirements for quality.

Aggregate Property	Test Method	Requirement
Degradation Factor	WSDOT T 113	15 minimum
Los Angeles Wear, 500 Rev.	AASHTO T 96	50% maximum
Specific Gravity, SSD	AASHTO T 85	2.55 minimum

16 17 18

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9-13.1(2) Heavy Loose Riprap

Heavy loose riprap shall meet the following requirements for grading:

	Minimum Size
40% to 90%	1 ton (½ cubic yd.)
700/ + 000/	200.11 (2 6.)

	Minimum Size	Maximum Size
40% to 90%	1 ton (½ cubic yd.)	
70% to 90%	300 lbs. (2 cu. ft.)	
10% to 30%	3 inch	50 lbs. (spalls)

20 21 22

23 24

9-13.1(3) Light Loose Riprap

Light loose riprap shall meet the following requirements for grading:

	Size Range	Maximum Size
20% to 90%	300 lbs. to 1 ton	
20% to 90%	(2 cu. ft. to ½ cu. yd.)	
15% to 80%	50 lbs. to 1 ton	
13% to 80%	(1/3 cu. ft. to 1/2 cu. yd.)	
10% to 20%	3 inch	50 lbs. (spalls)

25 26

9-13.1(4) Hand Placed Riprap

Hand placed riprap shall be as nearly rectangular as possible, 60 percent shall have a volume of not less than 1 cubic foot. No stone shall be used which is less than 6 inches thick, nor which does not extend through the wall.

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9-13.1(5) Quarry Spalls

Quarry spalls shall meet the following requirements for grading:

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Sieve Size	Percent Passing
8"	100
3"	40 max.
3/4"	10 max.

9-13.2 Hand Placed Riprap 2 This section, including title, is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following: 3 4 9-13.2 Vacant 5 6 9-13.4 Rock for Erosion Control and Scour Protection 7 The last sentence is revised to read: 8 9 The use of recycled materials and concrete rubble is not permitted for this application. 10 11 9-13.6 Quarry Spalls 12 This section, including title, is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following: 13 14 9-13.6 Vacant 15 9-14.AP9 16 17 Section 9-14, Erosion Control and Roadside Planting **January 5, 2015** 18 19 9.14.1 Soil 20 This section, including title, is revised to read: 21 22 9-14.1 Topsoil 23 Topsoil shall not contain any recycled material, foreign materials, or any listed Noxious and Nuisance weeds of any Class designated by authorized State or County officials. 24 Aggregate shall not comprise more than 10% by volume of Topsoil and shall not be 25 26 greater than two inches in diameter. 27 28 9-14.1(2) Topsoil Type B The last sentence of the second paragraph is deleted. 29 30 9-14.2 Seed 31 32 This section is revised to read: 33 34 Seed of the type specified shall be certified in accordance with WAC 16-302. Seed 35 mixes shall be commercially prepared and supplied in sealed containers. The labels 36 shall show: 37 38 (1) Common and botanical names of seed 39 40 (2) Lot number 41 42 (3) Net weight 43 44 (4) Pounds of Pure live seed (PLS) in the mix 45 46 (5) Origin of seed

All seed vendors must have a business license issued by supplier's state or provincial Department of Licensing with a "seed dealer" endorsement.

9-14.4(3) Bark or Wood Chips
This section's title is revised to read:

Bark or Wood Chip Mulch

The first paragraph is revised to read:

Bark or wood chip mulch shall be derived from fir, pine, or hemlock species. It shall not contain resin, tannin, or other compounds in quantities that would be detrimental to plant life. Sawdust shall not be used as mulch. Mulch produced from finished wood products or construction debris will not be allowed.

9-14.4(6) GypsumThe first sentence is revised to read:

Gypsum shall consist of Calcium Sulfate (CaSO₄·2H₂O) in a pelletized or granular form.

9-14.4(7) Tackifier

This section is revised to read:

Tackifiers are used as a tie-down for soil, compost, seed, and/or mulch. Tackifiers shall contain no growth or germination-inhibiting materials and shall not reduce infiltration rates. Tackifiers shall hydrate in water and readily blend with other slurry materials.

The Contractor shall provide test results documenting the tackifier meets the requirements for Acute Toxicity, Solvents, and Heavy Metals as required in Table 1 in Section 9-14.4(2). The tests shall be performed at the manufacturer's recommended application rate.

9-14.4(8) Compost

The second paragraph is revised to read:

Compost production and quality shall comply with WAC 173-350.

9-14.4(8)A Compost Submittal Requirements Item 2 is revised to read:

O A server of the Oelid Meets Headline Dear

 A copy of the Solid Waste Handling Permit issued to the manufacturer by the Jurisdictional Health Department in accordance with WAC 173-350 (Minimum Functional Standards for Solid Waste Handling).

9-14.6(1) Description Item number 3 in the fourth paragraph is revised to read:

3. Live pole cuttings shall have a diameter between 2 inches and 3.5 inches. Live

poles shall have no more than three branches which must be located at the top

end of the pole and those branches shall be pruned back to the first bud from the 2 main stem. 3 4 9-14.6(2) Quality The second and third paragraphs in this section are revised to read: 5 6 7 All plant material shall comply with State and Federal laws with respect to inspection 8 for plant diseases and insect infestation. Plants must meet Washington State 9 Department of Agriculture plant quarantines and have a certificate of inspection. Plants originating in Canada must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating the 10 11 plants meet USDA health requirements. 12 13 All plant material shall be purchased from a nursery licensed to sell plants in their state 14 or province. 15 16 9-15.AP9 17 Section 9-15, Irrigation System August 4, 2014 18 9-15.18 Detectable Marking Tape 19 20 In the second paragraph, the table is supplemented with the following new row: 21 Non-Potable Water Purple 22 23 9-16.AP9 24 25 Section 9-16, Fence and Guardrail August 4, 2014 26 27 9-16.2(1)B Wood Fence Posts and Braces 28 In the table, the row beginning with "ACA" is deleted. 29 30 9-29.AP9 Section 9-29, Illumination, Signal, Electrical 31 April 6, 2015 32 33 9-29.1 Conduit, Innerduct, and Outerduct This section is supplemented with the following new subsection: 34 35 36 9-29.1(9) Repair 37 Manufacturer repair kits shall be used for field repair of existing conduit, innerduct and outerduct. The conduit repair kit shall be manufactured specifically for the repair of 38 existing damaged conduit, inner duct and outer duct. The repair kit shall be 39 prepackaged and include the split conduit and split couplings necessary to restore the 40 damaged conduit to the original inside dimensions including a water and air tight seal. 41 42

9-29.2(1)B Heavy Duty Junction Boxes

The second paragraph is revised to read:

 The Heavy-Duty Junction Box steel frame, lid support and lid fabricated from steel plate and shapes shall be painted with a shop applied, inorganic zinc primer in accordance with Section 6-07.3. Ductile iron and gray iron castings shall not be painted.

The following new paragraph is inserted after the second paragraph:

The concrete used in Heavy-Duty Junction Boxes shall have a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 psi.

In the fourth paragraph (after the preceding Amendment is applied), the table is revised to read:

Materials	Requirement
Concrete	Section 6-02
Reinforcing Steel	Section 9-07
Lid	ASTM A 786 diamond plate steel, rolled from plate complying with ASTM A 572, grade 50 or ASTM A 588, and having a min. CVN toughness of 20 ft-lb at 40 degrees F. Or Ductile iron casting meeting Section 9-05.15
Frame and stiffener plates	ASTM A 572 grade 50 or ASTM A 588, both with min. CVN toughness of 20 ft-lb at 40 degrees F Or Gray iron casting meeting Section 9-05.15
Anchors (studs)	Section 9-06.15
Threaded Anchors for Gray Iron Frame	ASTM F1554 grade 55 Headed Anchor Requirements
Bolts, Studs, Nuts, Washers	ASTM F 593 or A 193, Type 304 or 316, or Stainless steel grade 302, 304, or 316 in accordance with approved shop drawings
Hinges and Locking and Latching Mechanism and associated Hardware and Bolts	In accordance with approved shop drawings
Safety Bars	In accordance with approved shop drawings

The last paragraph is revised to read:

The bearing seat and lid perimeter shall be free from burrs, dirt, and other foreign debris that would prevent solid seating. Bolts and nuts shall be liberally coated with anti-seize compound. Bolts shall be installed snug tight. The bearing seat and lid perimeter shall be machined to allow a minimum of 75 percent of the bearing areas to be seated with a tolerance of 0.0 to 0.005 inches measured with a feeler gage. The bearing area percentage will be measured for each side of the lid as it bears on the frame.

AMENDMENTS TO THE 2014 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS BOOK

9-29.3(2)A4 Location Wire This section is revised to read:

46 47

1 Location wire shall be steel core copper clad minimum size AWG 14 insulated conductor. The insulation shall be orange High Molecular Weight High Density 2 3 Polyethylene (HMHDPE). 4 5 9-29.16 Vehicular Signal Heads, Displays, and Housing 6 The last sentence of the last paragraph is revised to read: 7 8 A 1-inch-wide strip of yellow retro-reflective, type IV prismatic sheeting, conforming to 9 the requirements of Section 9-28.12, shall be applied around the perimeter of each backplate with the exception of installations where all sections of the display will be 10 dark as part of normal operation such as ramp meters, hawk signals and tunnels. 11 12 9-31.AP9 13 14 **Section 9-31, Elastomeric Bearing Pads** August 4, 2014 15 16 This section's title is revised to read: 17 18 **Elastomeric Pads** 19 20 9-31.1 Requirements 21 In the first paragraph, the word "bearing" is deleted from the first sentence. 22 In the first sentence of the second paragraph, the word "bearing" is deleted and replaced 23 with "elastomeric". 24 25 26 In the last sentence of the second paragraph, the word "Bearing" is deleted and replaced 27 with "Elastomeric". 28 29 In the third paragraph, the word "bearing" is deleted and replaced with the word 30 "elastomeric". 31 9-32.AP9 32 33 Section 9-32, Mailbox Support 34 August 4, 2014 35 9-32.7 Type 2 Mailbox Support The first sentence is revised to read: 36 37 38 Type 2 mailbox supports shall be 2-inch 14-gage steel tube and shall meet the NCHRP 350 or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crash test criteria. 39

1 9-34.AP9

Section 9-34, Pavement Marking Material

3 January 5, 2015

9-34.2 Paint

The second paragraph is revised to read:

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Blue and black paint shall comply with the requirements of yellow paint in Section 9-34.2(4) and Section 9-34.2(5), with the exception that blue and black paints do not need to meet the requirements for titanium dioxide, directional reflectance, and contrast ratio.

10 11 12

9-34.4 Glass Beads for Pavement Marking Materials

In the third paragraph, the table titled "Metal Concentration Limits" is revised to read:

13 14

Metal Concentration Limits			
Element	Test Method	Max. Parts Per Million (ppm)	
Arsenic	EPA 3052 SW-846 6010C	10.0	
Barium	EPA 3052 SW-846 6010C	100.0	
Cadmium	EPA 3052 SW-846 6010C	1.0	
Chromium	EPA 3052 SW-846 6010C	5.0	
Lead	EPA 3052 SW-846 6010C	50.0	
Silver	EPA 3052 SW-846 6010C	5.0	
Mercury	EPA 3052 SW-846 7471B	4.0	

15 16 17

9-34.5 Temporary Pavement Marking Tape

This section is revised to read:

18 19 20

Biodegradable tape with paper backing is not allowed.

21 22

This section is supplemented with the following new sub-sections:

23 24

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26

9-34.5(1) Temporary Pavement Marking Tape - Short Duration

Temporary pavement marking tape for short duration shall conform to ASTM D4592 Type II except that black tape, black mask tape and the black portion of the contrast removable tape, shall be non-reflective.

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9-34.5(2) Temporary Pavement Marking Tape – Long Duration

Temporary pavement marking tape for long duration shall conform to ASTM D4592 Type I. Temporary pavement marking tape for long duration, except for black tape, shall have a minimum initial coefficient of retroreflective luminance of 200 mcd*m^{-2*}lx⁻¹ when measured in accordance with ASTM E 2832 or ASTM E 2177. Black tape, black mask tape and the black portion of the contrast removable tape, shall be non-reflective.

34 35 36

9-34.6 Temporary Raised Pavement Markers

This section's title is revised to read:

38

Temporary Flexible Raised Pavement Markers

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AMENDMENTS TO THE 2014 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS BOOK

AMENDMENTS T Revised: 4/6/15

1	The second paragraph is deleted.
2 3	9-35.AP9
4 5	Section 9-35, Temporary Traffic Control Materials August 4, 2014
6 7 8	9-35.0 General Requirements The following item is deleted from the list of temporary traffic control materials:
9 10	Barrier Drums
11 12	The last sentence of the second paragraph is revised to read:
13 14 15	Certification for crashworthiness according to NCHRP 350 or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) will be required as described in Section 1-10.2(3).
16 17 18	9-35.2 Construction Signs The first sentence is revised to read:
19 20 21	Construction signs shall conform to the requirements of the MUTCD and shall meet the requirements of NCHRP Report 350 for Category 2 devices or MASH.
22 23 24	9-35.7 Traffic Safety Drums The third paragraph is revised to read:
25 26 27	Drums and light units shall meet the crashworthiness requirements of NCHRP 350 or MASH as described in Section 1-10.2(3).
28 29 30	9-35.8 Barrier Drums This section including title is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:
31 32	9-35.8 Vacant
33 34 35	9-35.12 Transportable Attenuator In the first paragraph, the fourth sentence is revised to read:
36 37 38	The Contractor shall provide certification that the transportable attenuator complies with NCHRP 350 Test level 3 or MASH Test Level 3 requirements.
39 40 41	9-35.13 Tall Channelizing Devices In the sixth paragraph, the last sentence is revised to read:
12 13 14	The method of attachment must ensure that the light does not separate from the device upon impact and light units shall meet the crashworthiness requirements of NCHRP 350 or MASH as described in Section 1-10.2(3).

APPENDIX B STANDARD PLANS

STANDARD PLANS AND DETAILS

Note: Some Standard Plans needed for this project are attached for your convenience and listed below, but the Standard Plans required for this project are not limited to those listed.

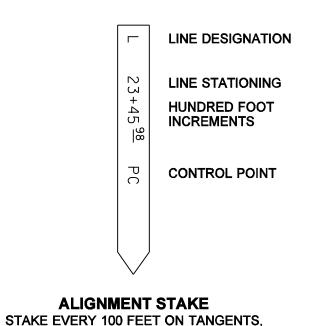
WSDOT	
A-10.10-00	Survey Stakes
A-10.30-00	Monument Case and Cover
A-40.10-02	Cement Concrete Pavement Joints
E 10 12 02	
F-10.12-03	Cement Concrete Curbs
F-10.18-00	Roundabout Cement Concrete Curbs
F-10.62-02	Precast Sloped Mountable Curb
F-40.14-02	Combination Curb Ramps
F-40.15-02	Perpendicular Curb Ramps
F-40.16-02	Single Direction Curb Ramp
F-45.10-01	Detectable Warning Surface
F-80.10-03	Cement Concrete Driveway Entrance Types 1,2,3 & 4
I-30.15-02	Silt Fence
I-40.20-00	Storm Drain Inlet Protection
J-3c	Service Cabinet Type D
J-28.30-03	Steel Light Standard Foundation Types A & B (2 sheets)
J-40.10-03	Locking Lid Standard Duty Junction Box Types 1 and 2
3 10.10 03	(2 sheets)
K-70.20-00	Temporary Channelization
K-80.10-00	Class A Construction Signing Installation
K-80.20-00	Type 3 Barricade
K-80.30-00	Alternative Temporary Conc. Barrier (F-Shape)
M-15.10-01	Crosswalk Layout
M-20.10-02	Longitudinal Marking Patterns
M-24.40-01	Symbol Markings Traffic Arrows for Low Speed Roadways
M-24.50-00	Roundabout Traffic Arrows
M-24.60-04	Symbol Markings Miscellaneous
141-24.00-04	Symbol Markings Miscendicous

Snohomish County Standard Plans

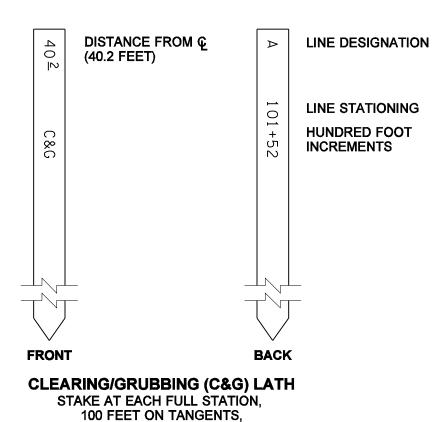
7-110 Triple Fours Crosswalk

City of Marysville Standard Plans

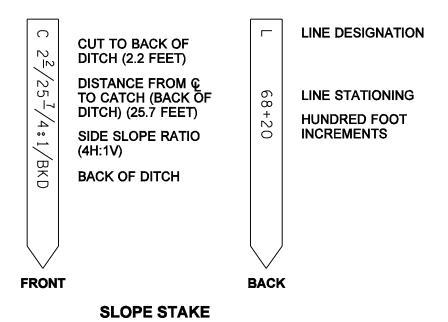
3-805-001 Post Mounting Detail for Street Names and Stop Sign

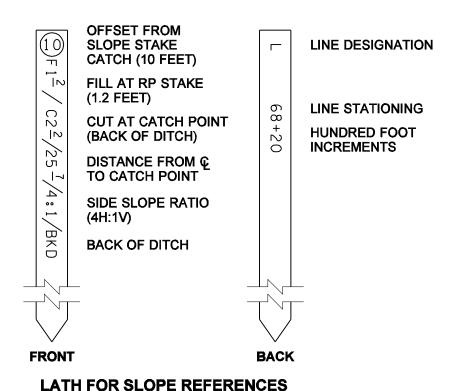


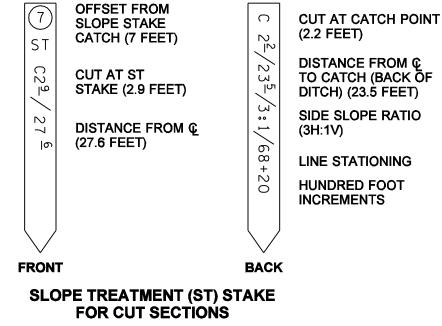
EVERY 25 FEET ON CURVES

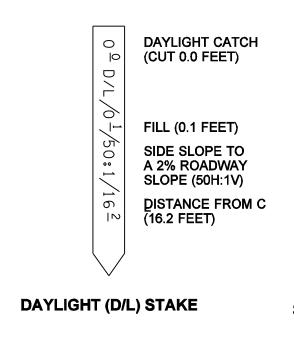


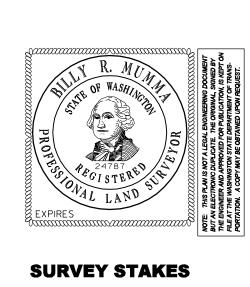
EVERY 25 FEET ON CURVES. NO HUB NECESSARY.











STANDARD PLAN A-10.10-00

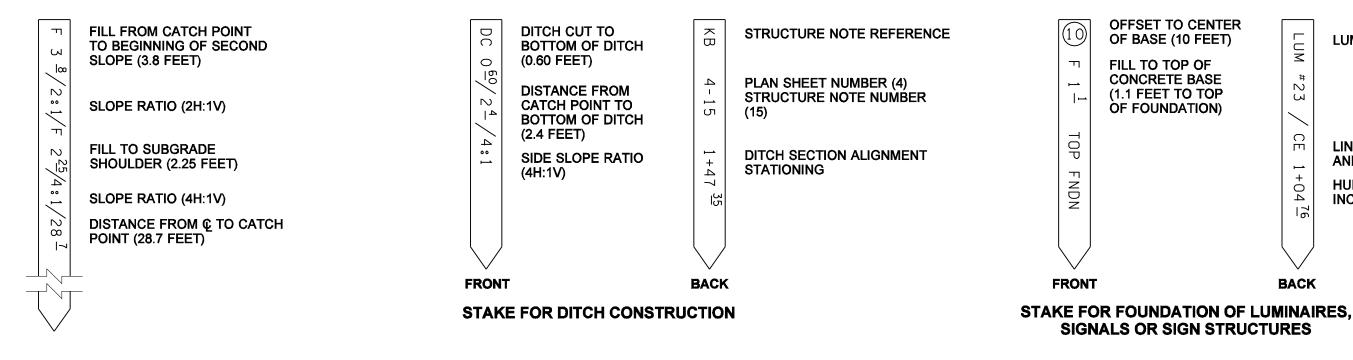
SHEET 1 OF 2 SHEETS

APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION

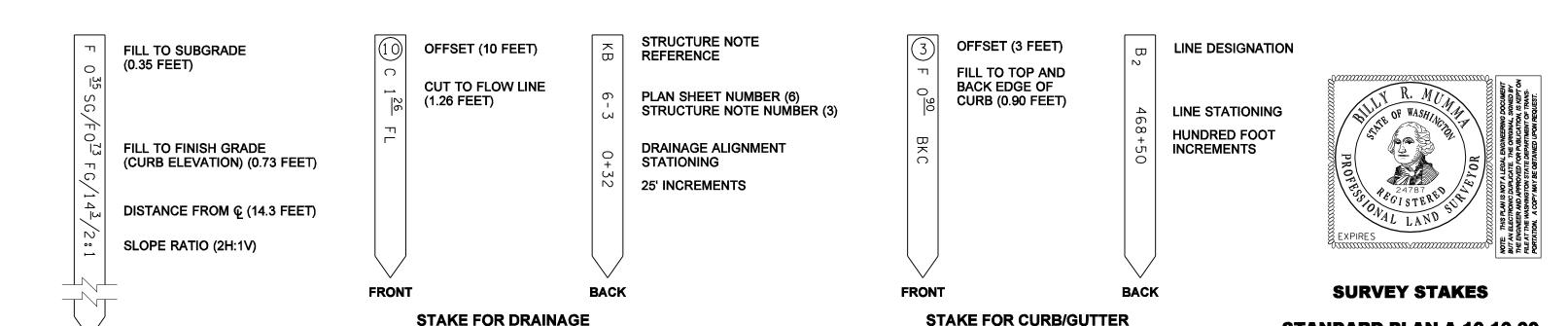
Pasco Bakotich III 08-07-07

STATE DESIGN ENGINEER DATE

Washington State Department of Transportation



COMPOUND SLOPE LATH



SLOPE LATH FOR CURB SECTION

SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION Pasco Bakotich III 08-07-07 STATE DESIGN ENGINEER

STANDARD PLAN A-10.10-00

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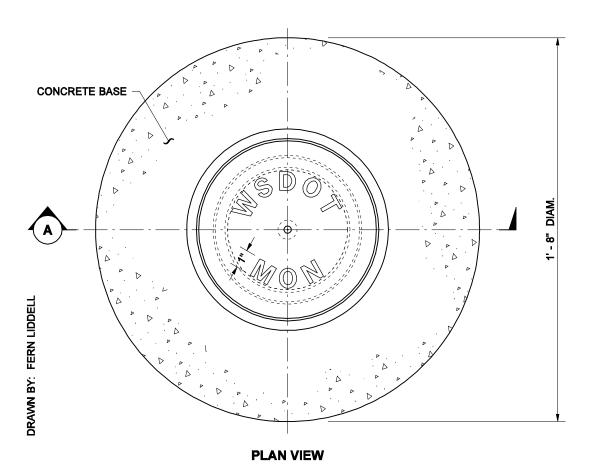
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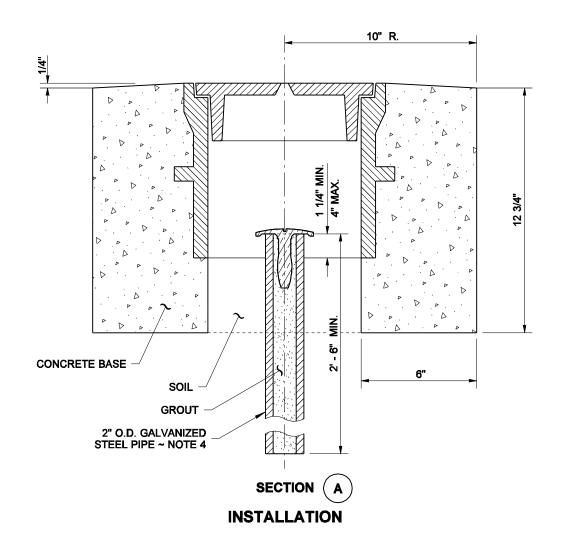
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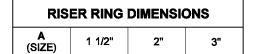
LINE DESIGNATION

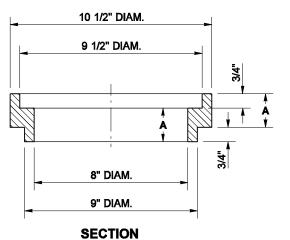
AND STATIONING

HUNDRED FOOT INCREMENTS

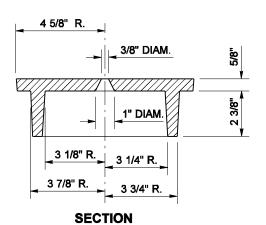




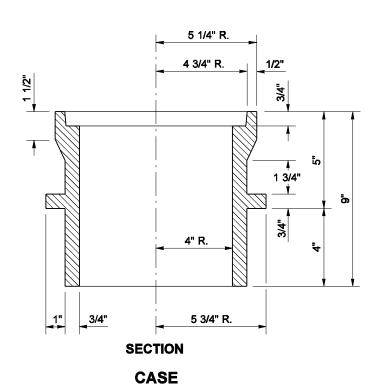




RISER RING



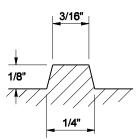
COVER



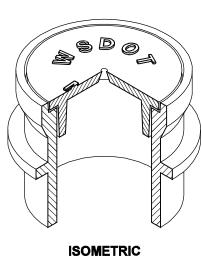


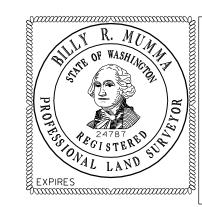
- 1. Dimensions may vary according to manufacturer.
- 2. Base to be placed on a well compacted foundation.
- 3. Monument case to be installed by contractor.
- 4. See Standard Plan A-10.20 for Monument (brass disc) type to place in 2" O.D. galvanized pipe.

APPROXIMATE WEIGHTS					
CASE	60 LBS				
COVER	19 LBS				
TOTAL	79 LBS				



SECTION OF LETTER





MONUMENT CASE AND COVER

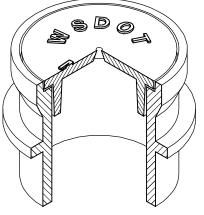
STANDARD PLAN A-10.30-00

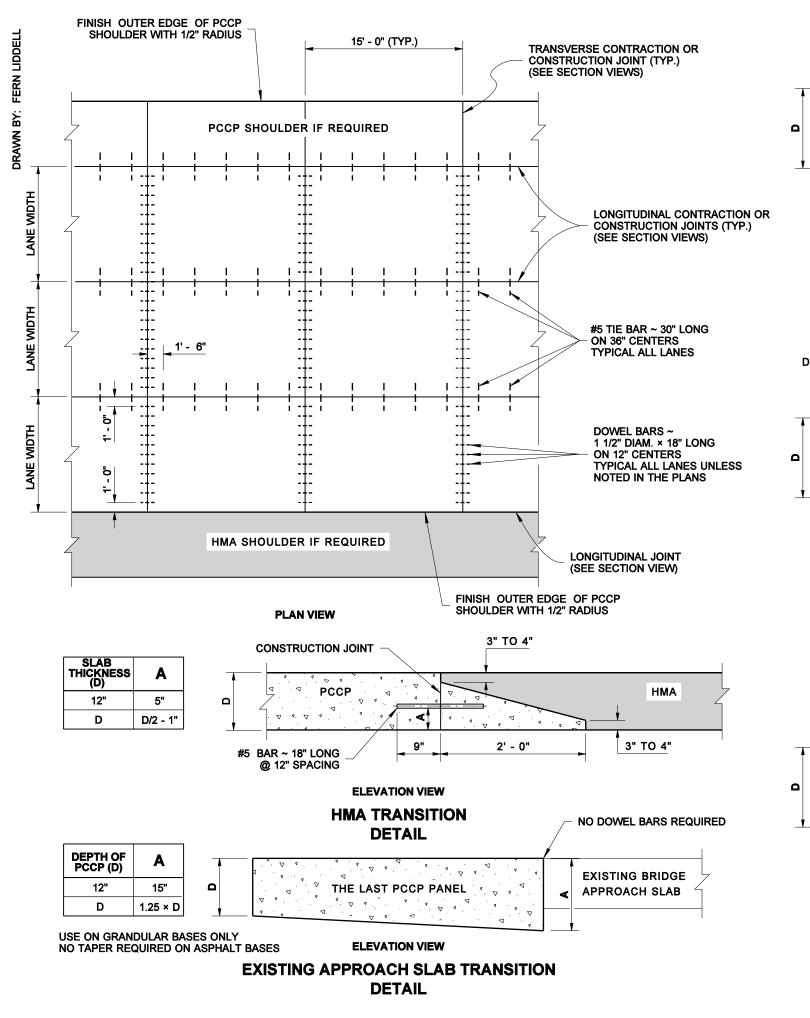
SHEET 1 OF 1 SHEET

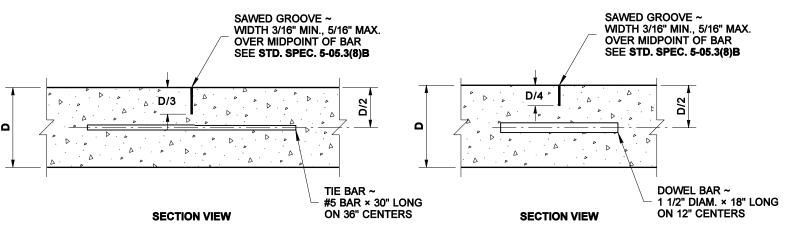
APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION Pasco Bakotich III 10-05-07





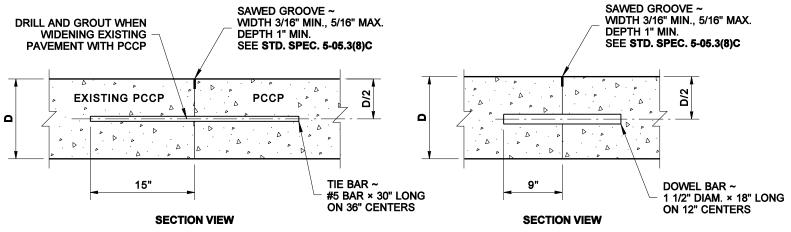






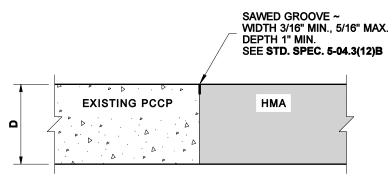
LONGITUDINAL CONTRACTION JOINT

TRANSVERSE CONTRACTION JOINT



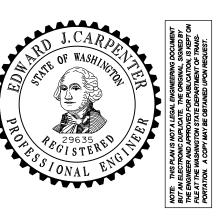
PCCP TO PCCP
LONGITUDINAL CONSTRUCTION JOINT

TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT



SECTION VIEW

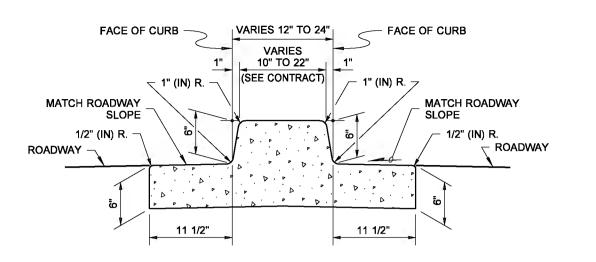
PCCP TO HMA LONGITUDINAL JOINT



CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT JOINTS STANDARD PLAN A-40.10-02

SHEET 1 OF 1 SHEET





- FACE OF CURB 6 1/2" 5 1/2" 1/2" (IN) R. MATCH ROADWAY SLOPE 1/2" (IN) - ROADWAY 1' - 6"

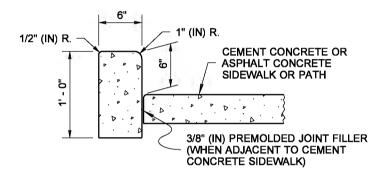
- FACE OF CURB 6 1/2" VARIES FROM 6" (IN) TO 0" (IN) ~ MAINTAIN 1H: 6V SLOPE VARIES ON SIDE OF CURB MATCH ROADWAY 1/2" (IN) R. 1/2" (IN) ROADWAY FLUSH WITH GUTTER PAN AT CURB RAMP ENTRANCE ~ 1/2" (IN) VERTICAL LIP AT DRIVEWAY ENTRÂNCE

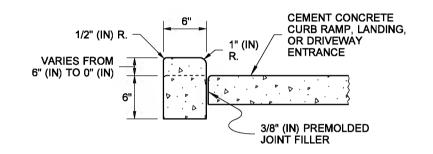
DUAL-FACED CEMENT CONCRETE TRAFFIC CURB AND GUTTER

CEMENT CONCRETE TRAFFIC CURB AND GUTTER

DEPRESSED CURB SECTION

AT CURB RAMPS AND **DRIVEWAY ENTRANCES**





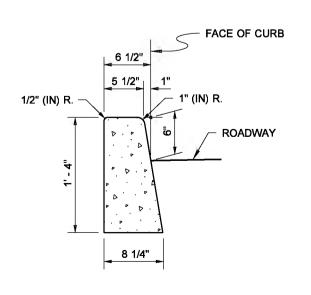
NOTE

See Standard Plan F-30.10 for Curb Expansion and Contraction Joint spacing and see Standard Specification Sections 8-04 and 9-04 for additional requirements.

CEMENT CONCRETE PEDESTRIAN CURB

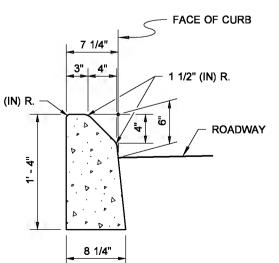
CEMENT CONCRETE PEDESTRIAN CURB AT CURB RAMPS, LANDINGS, AND DRIVEWAY ENTRANCES

FACE OF CURB FACE OF CURB VARIES 12" TO 24" **VARIES** 10" TO 22" (SEE CONTRACT) 1" (IN) R. 1" (IN) R. **ROADWAY ROADWAY** 1 3/4"



- FACE OF CURB 1 1/2" (IN) R. 1/2" (IN) R. ROADWAY 8 1/4"

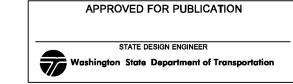
MOUNTABLE CEMENT CONCRETE TRAFFIC CURB



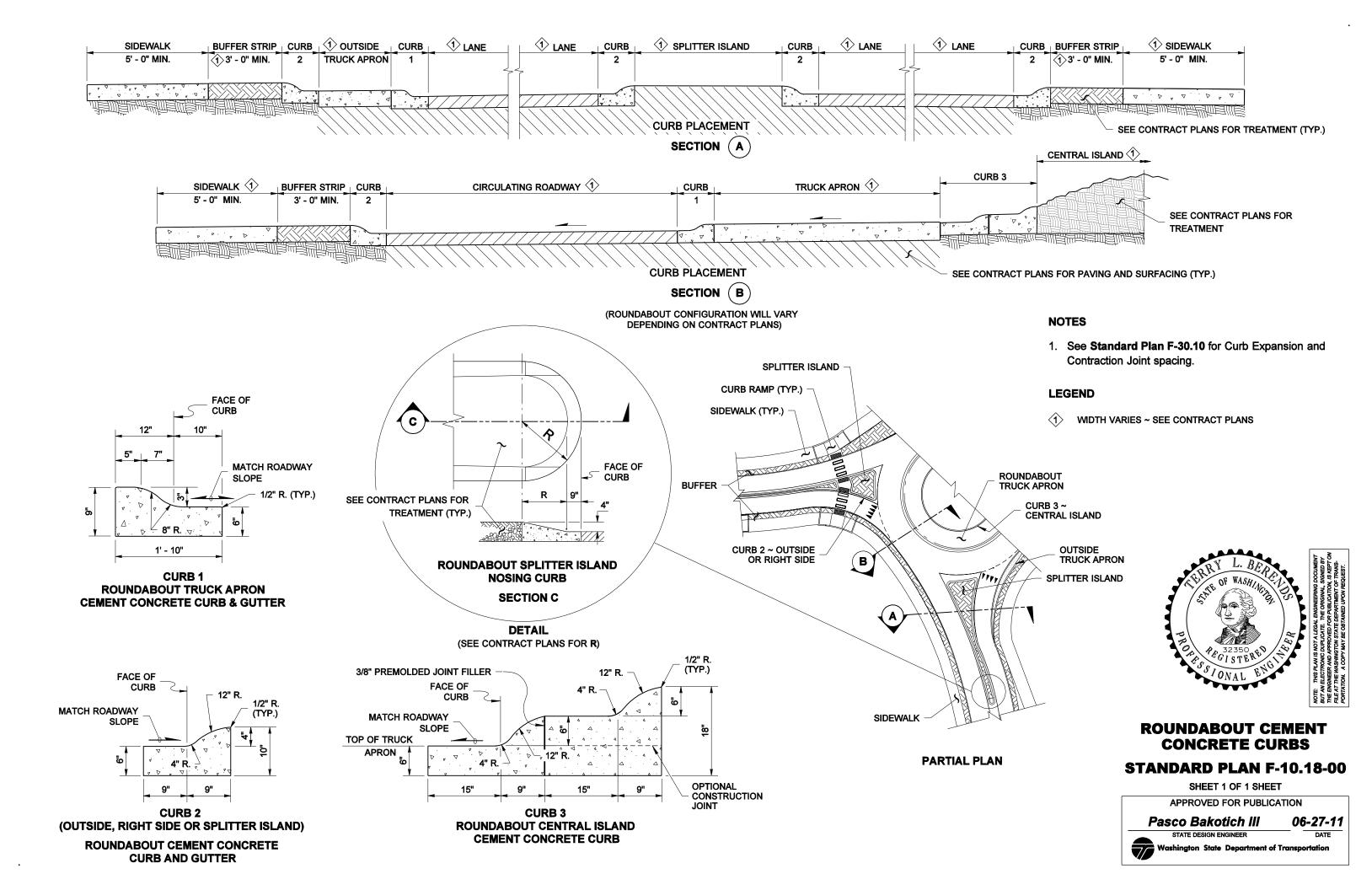
CEMENT CONCRETE CURBS

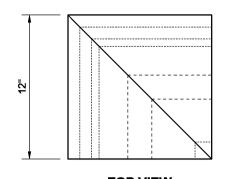
STANDARD PLAN F-10.12-03

SHEET 1 OF 1 SHEET

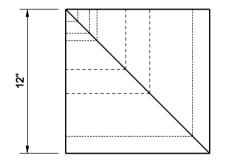


DUAL-FACED CEMENT CONCRETE TRAFFIC CURB **CEMENT CONCRETE** TRAFFIC CURB

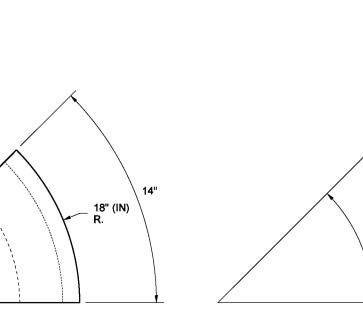




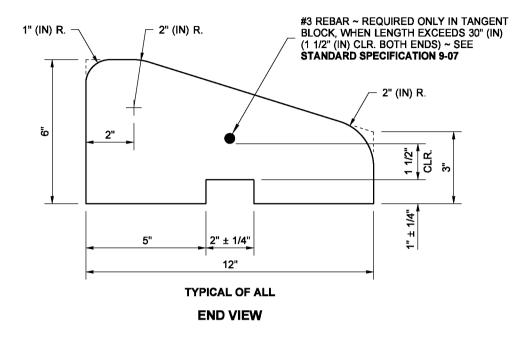
TOP VIEW INSIDE CORNER BLOCK

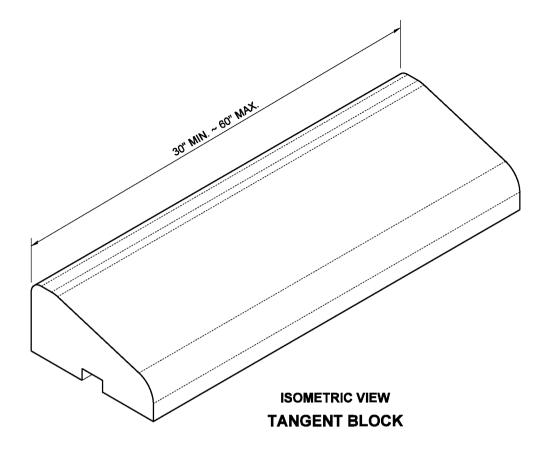


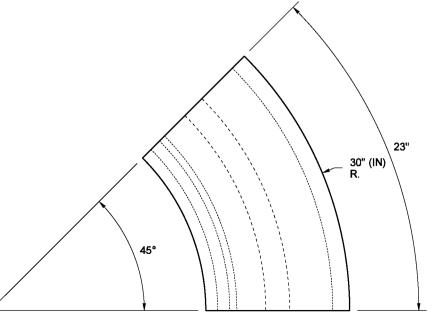
TOP VIEW OUTSIDE CORNER BLOCK



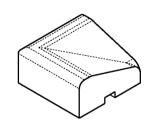
TOP VIEW 18" RADIUS BLOCK



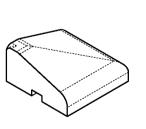




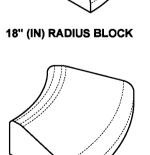




INSIDE CORNER BLOCK



OUTSIDE CORNER BLOCK



30" (IN) RADIUS BLOCK



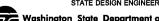


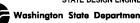
MOUNTABLE CURB STANDARD PLAN F-10.62-02

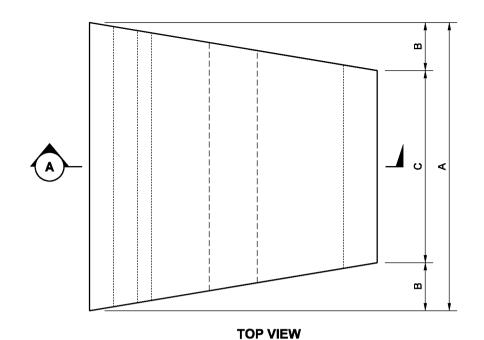
PRECAST SLOPED

SHEET 1 OF 2 SHEETS

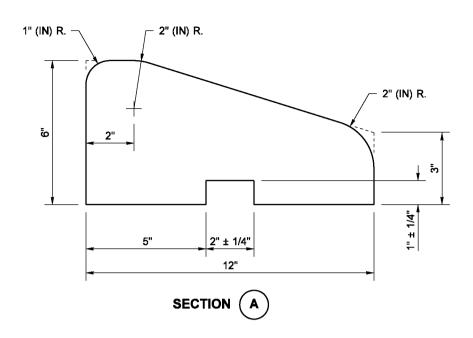
APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION

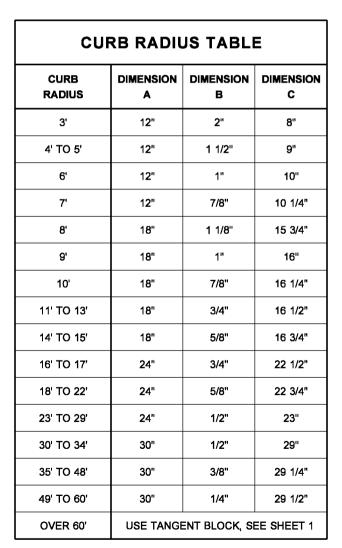




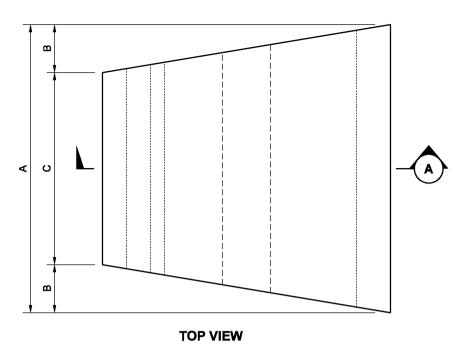


INSIDE RADIUS BLOCK

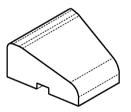




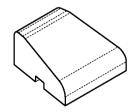
THIS TABLE LISTS THE CALCULATED DIMENSIONS FOR CASTING BLOCKS SUITABLE FOR CONSTRUCTING VARIOUS CURB RADII. CURVED BLOCKS, OR BLOCKS WITH DIFFERENT DIMENSIONS MAY BE ACCEPTABLE WITH PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER.



OUTSIDE RADIUS BLOCK



INSIDE RADIUS BLOCK



OUTSIDE RADIUS BLOCK

ISOMETRIC VIEWS

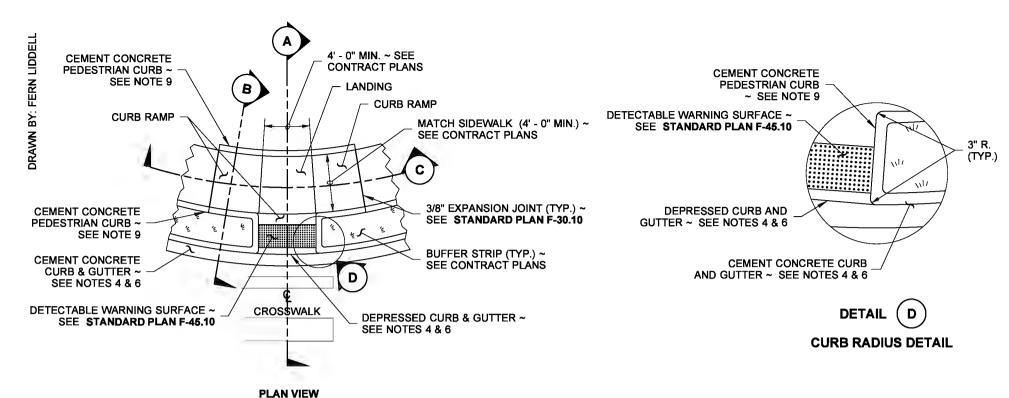


PRECAST SLOPED MOUNTABLE CURB STANDARD PLAN F-10.62-02

SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS

APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION

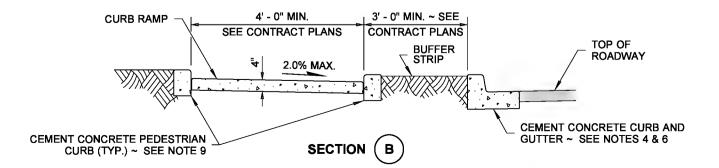




DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE ~ SEE STANDARD PLAN F-45.10 4' - 0" MIN. 15' - 0" MAX. SEE CONTRACT PLANS SEE NOTE 7 GRADE BREAK CEMENT CONCRETE PEDESTRIAN CURB ~ **SEE NOTE 9 GRADE** BREAK COUNTER SLOPE 2.0% MAX. TOP OF 5.0% MAX. 8.3% MAX **ROADWAY** ANDING DEPRESSED CURB AND GUTTER ~ CURB RAMP SEE STANDARD PLAN F-10.12 AND NOTE 6

TYPE COMBINATION
WITH BUFFER

SECTION (A)

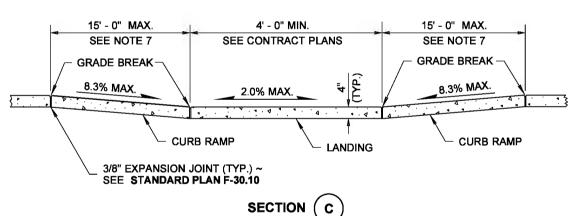


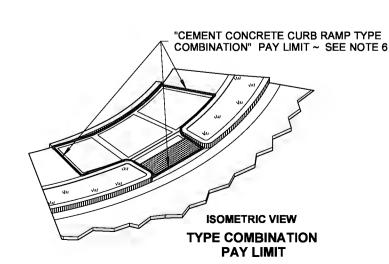
NOTES

- Provide a separate Curb Ramp for each marked or unmarked crosswalk. Curb Ramp location shall be placed within the width of the associated crosswalk or as shown in the Contract Plans.
- 2. Where "GRADE BREAK" is called out, the entire length of the grade break between the two adjacent surface planes shall be flush.
- 3. Do not place Gratings, Junction Boxes, Access Covers, or other appurtenances in front of the Curb Ramp or on any part of the Curb Ramp or Landing.
- 4. See Contract Plans for the curb design specified. See **Standard Plan F-10.12** for Curb, Curb and Gutter, Depressed Curb, Gutter and Pedestrian Curb details.
- 5. See **Standard Plan F-30.10** for Cement Concrete Sidewalk Details. See Contract Plans for width and placement of sidewalk.
- 6. The Bid Item "Cement Concrete Curb Ramp Type __" does not include the adjacent Curb, Curb and Gutter, Depressed Curb and Gutter, Pedestrian Curb, or Sidewalks.
- 7. The Curb Ramp maximum running slope shall not require the ramp length to exceed 15 feet to avoid chasing the slope indefinitely when connecting to steep grades. When applying the 15-foot max. length, the running slope of the Curb Ramp shall be as flat as feasible.
- 8. Curb Ramp, Landing and Flares shall receive broom finish. See Standard Specifications 8-14.
- Pedestrian Curb may be omitted if the ground surface at the back of the Curb Ramp and/or Landing will be at the same elevation as the Curb Ramp or Landing and there will not be material to retain.

LEGEND

SLOPE IN EITHER DIRECTION







COMBINATION CURB RAMP

STANDARD PLAN F-40.14-02

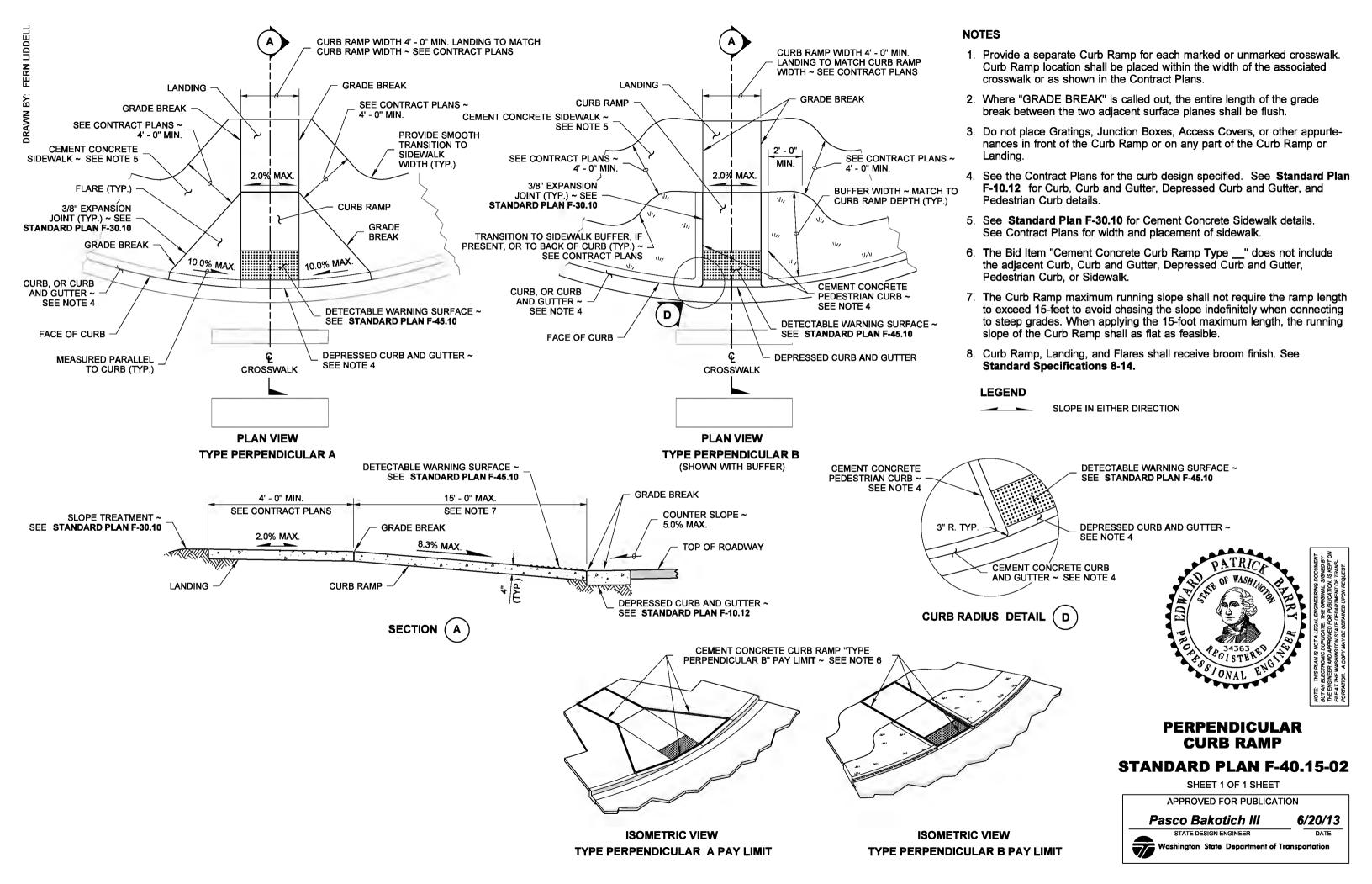
SHEET 1 OF 1 SHEET

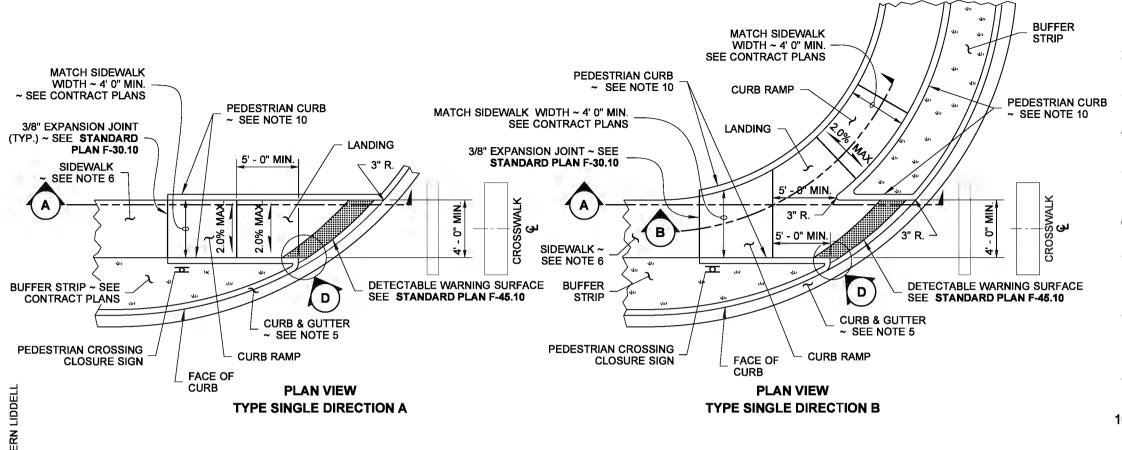
APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION

Pasco Bakotich III



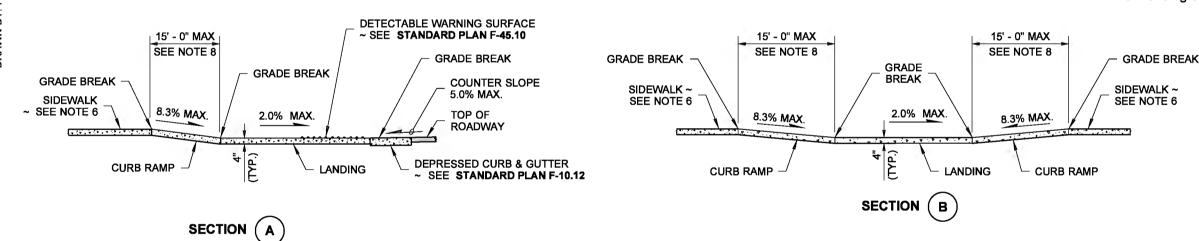






NOTES

- 1. This plan is to be used where pedestrian crossing in one direction is not permitted.
- 2. Curb ramp location shall be placed within the width of the associated crosswalk, or as shown in the Contract Plans.
- 3. Where "GRADE BREAK" is called out, the entire length of the grade break between the two adjacent surface planes shall be flush.
- 4. Do not place gratings, junction boxes, access covers or other appurtanences in front of the curb ramp or on any part of the curb ramp or landing.
- See the Contract Documents for the curb design specified.
 See Standard Plan F-10.12 for Curb, Curb and Gutter, Depressed Curb and Gutter and Pedestrian Curb details.
- 6. See **Standard Plan F-30.10** for Cement Concrete Sidewalk Details. See contract plans for width and placement of sidewalk.
- 7. The bid item "Cement Concrete Curb Ramp Type ___" does not include the adjacent Curb or (Curb and Gutter), Depressed Curb and Gutter, Pedestrian Curb or Sidewalk, or the pedestrian crossing closure sign.
- 8. The curb ramp maximum running slope shall not require the ramp length to exceed 15 feet to avoid chasing the slope indefinitely when connecting to steep grades. When applying the 15 foot maximum length, the running slope of the curb ramp shall be as flat as feasible.
- 9. Curb ramps and landings shall receive broom finish. See **Standard Specifications 8-14.**
- 10. Pedestrian Curb may be omitted if the ground surface at the back of the Curb Ramp and/or landing will be at the same elevation as the Curb Ramp or Landing and there will be no material to retain.

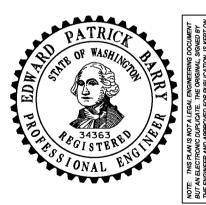


DETAIL

D

LEGEND

SLOPE IN EITHER DIRECTION



SINGLE DIRECTION CURB RAMP

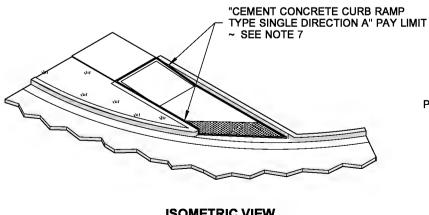
STANDARD PLAN F-40.16-02

SHEET 1 OF 1 SHEET

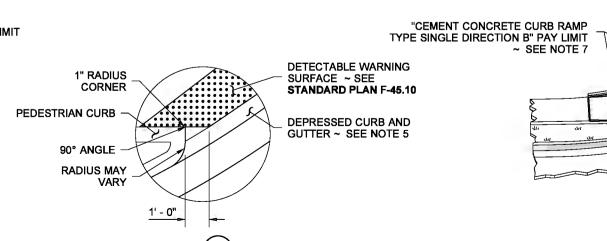


STATE DESIGN ENGINEER

ON B

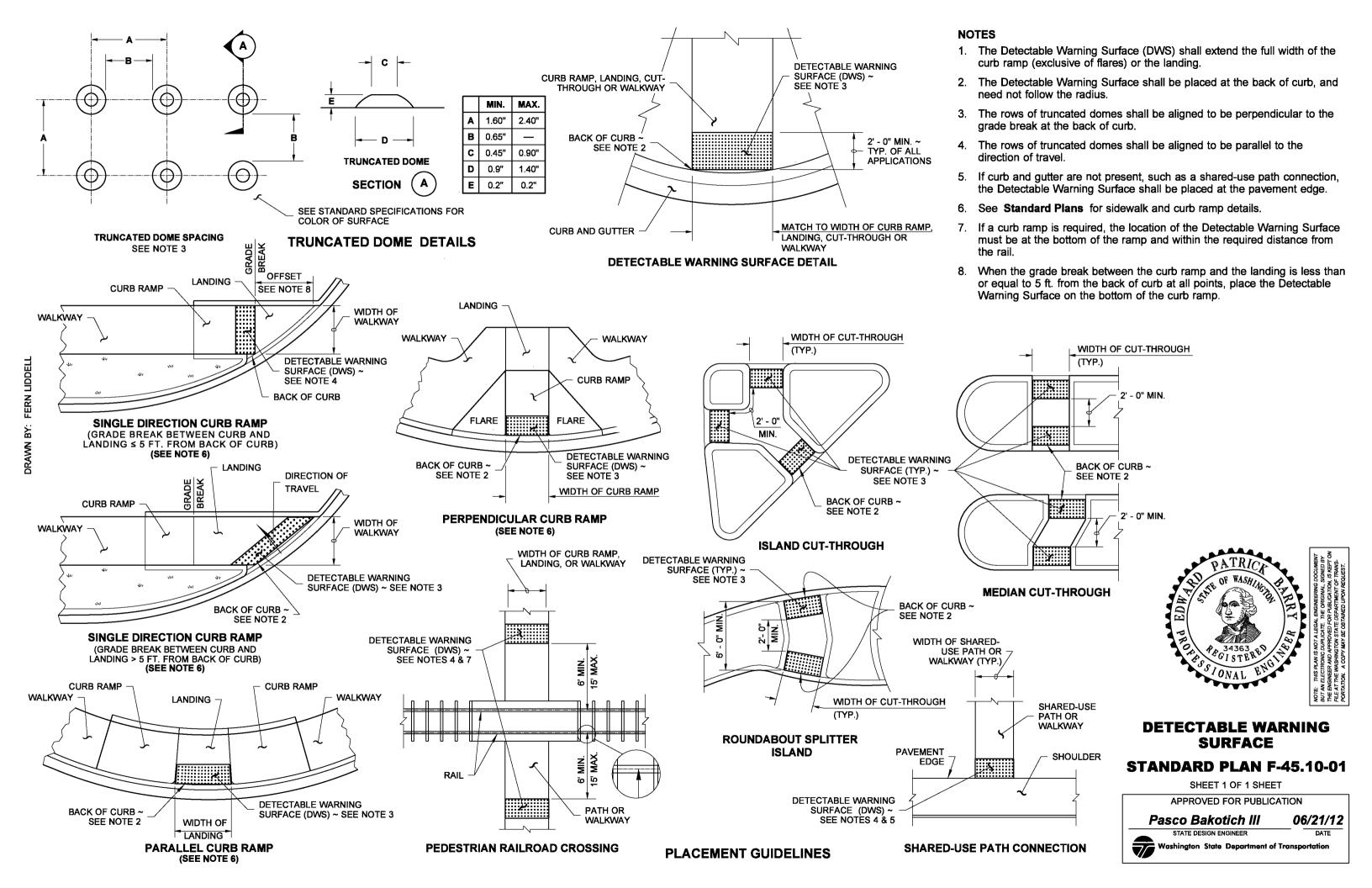


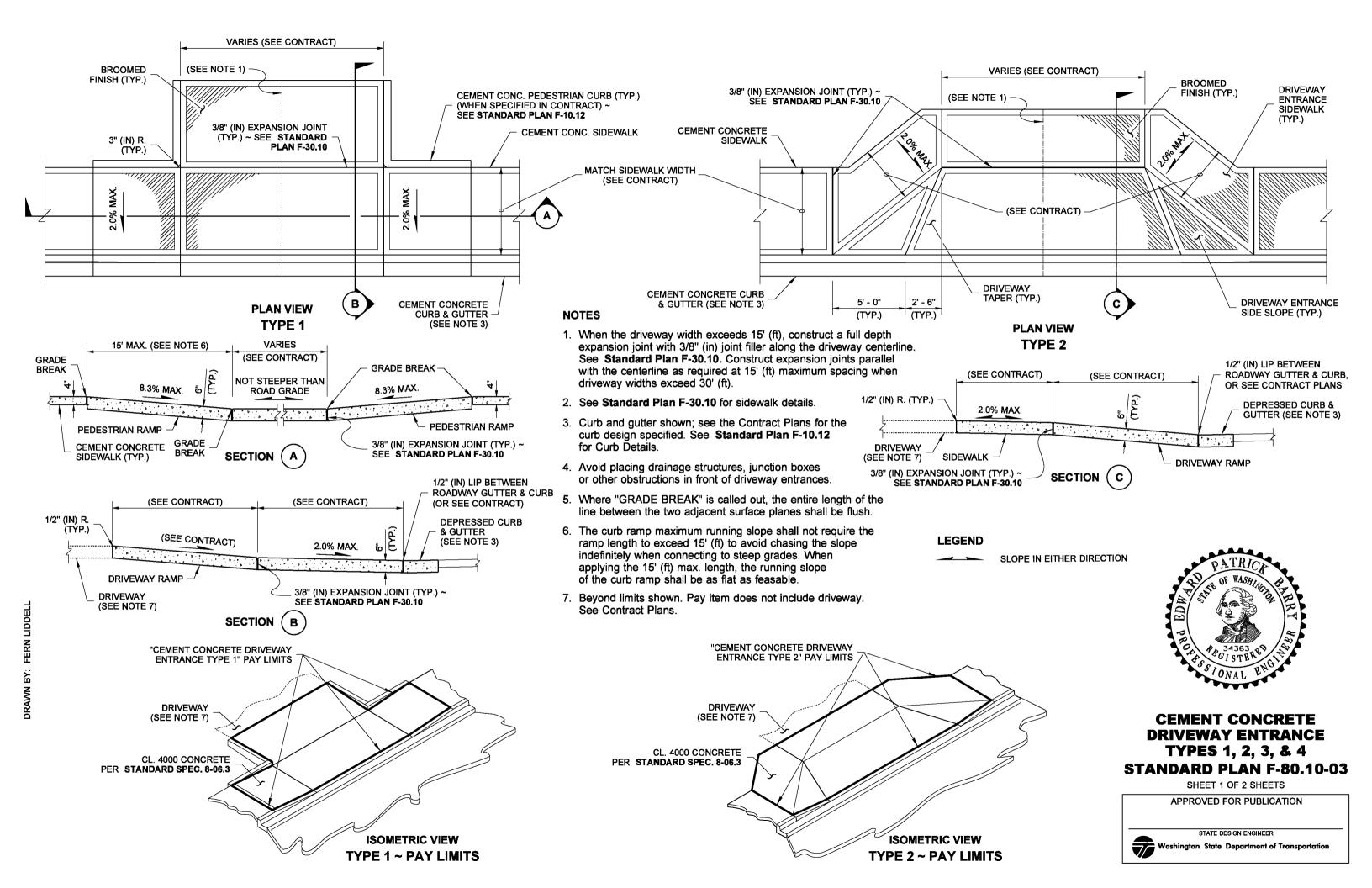
ISOMETRIC VIEW
TYPE SINGLE DIRECTION A
PAY LIMIT

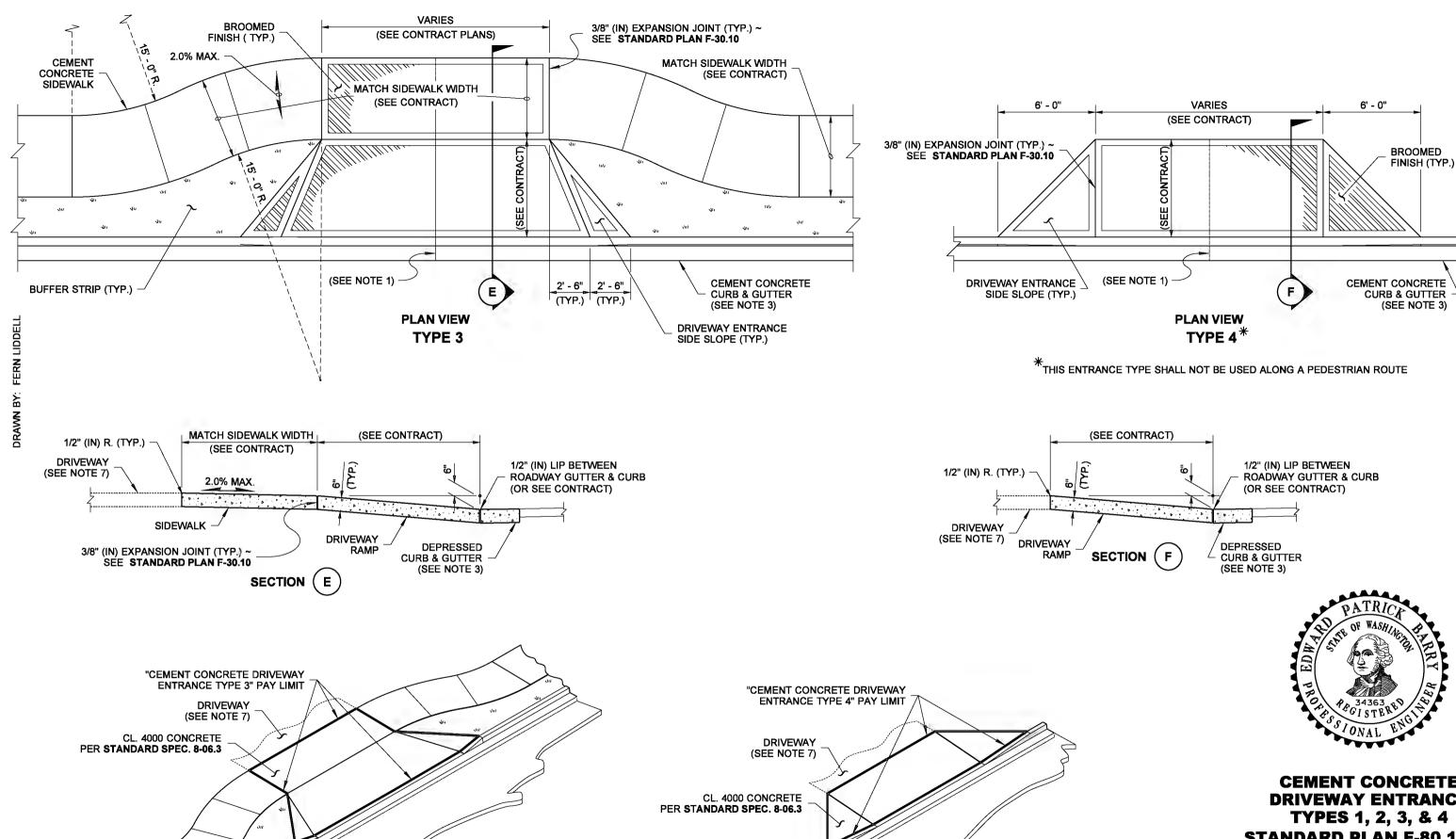


ISOMETRIC VIEW

TYPE SINGLE DIRECTION B
PAY LIMIT







ISOMETRIC VIEW

TYPE 3 ~ PAY LIMITS

ISOMETRIC VIEW

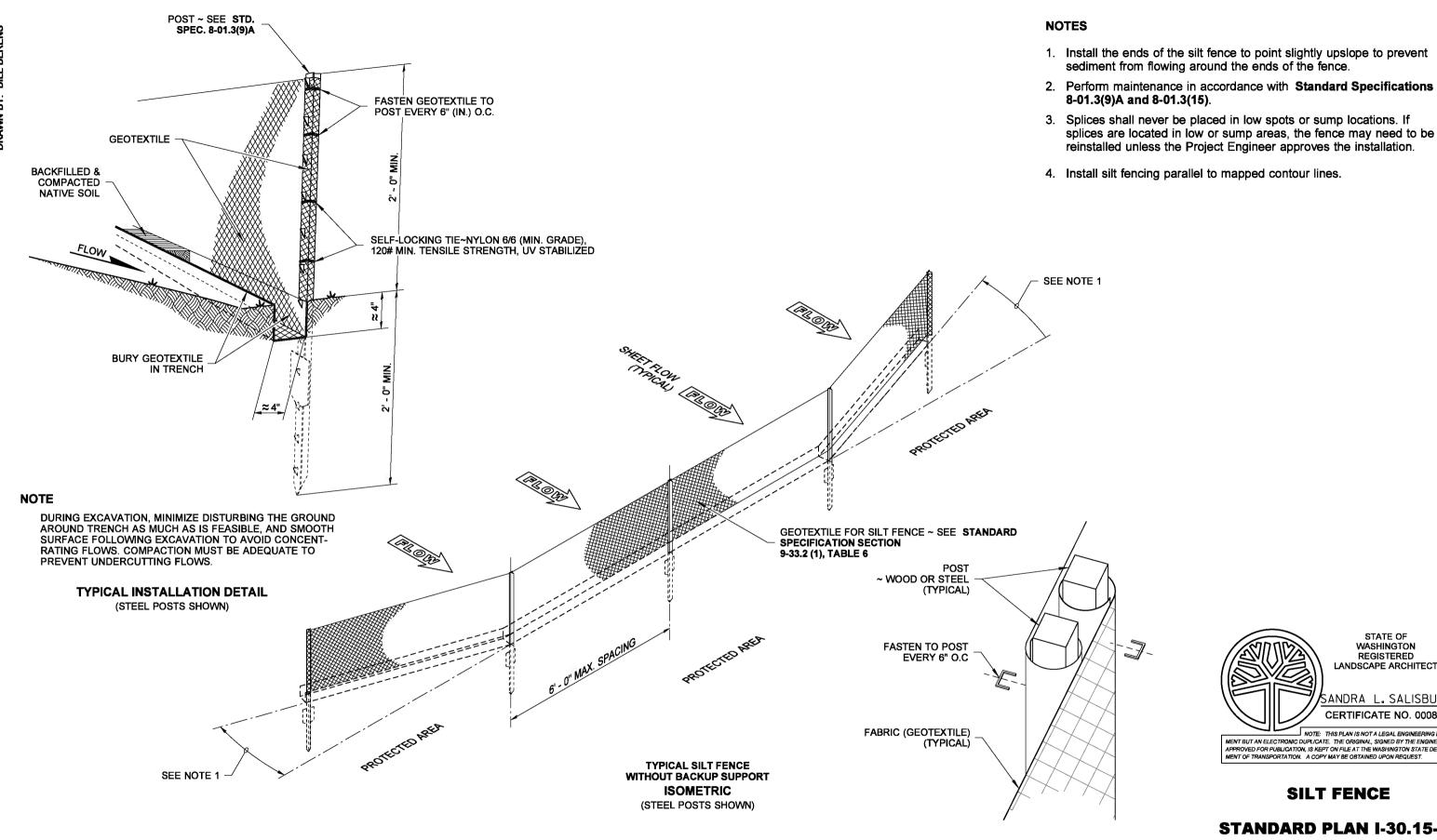
TYPE 4 ~ PAY LIMITS



CEMENT CONCRETE DRIVEWAY ENTRANCE TYPES 1, 2, 3, & 4 STANDARD PLAN F-80.10-03

SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS

APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION STATE DESIGN ENGINEER



SPLICED FENCE SECTIONS SHALL BE CLOSE ENOUGH TOGETHER TO PREVENT SILT LADEN WATER FROM ESCAPING THROUGH THE FENCE AT THE OVERLAP.

> **SPLICE DETAIL** (WOOD POSTS SHOWN)



SILT FENCE

STANDARD PLAN I-30.15-02

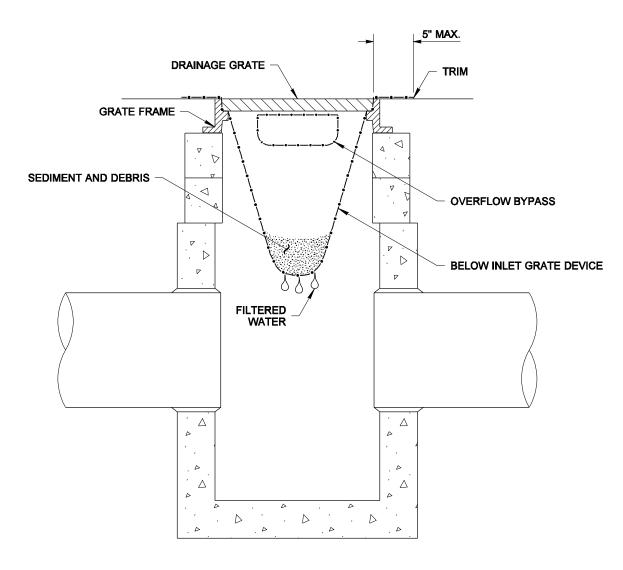
SHEET 1 OF 1 SHEET

APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION



3/22/13 STATE DESIGN ENGINEER

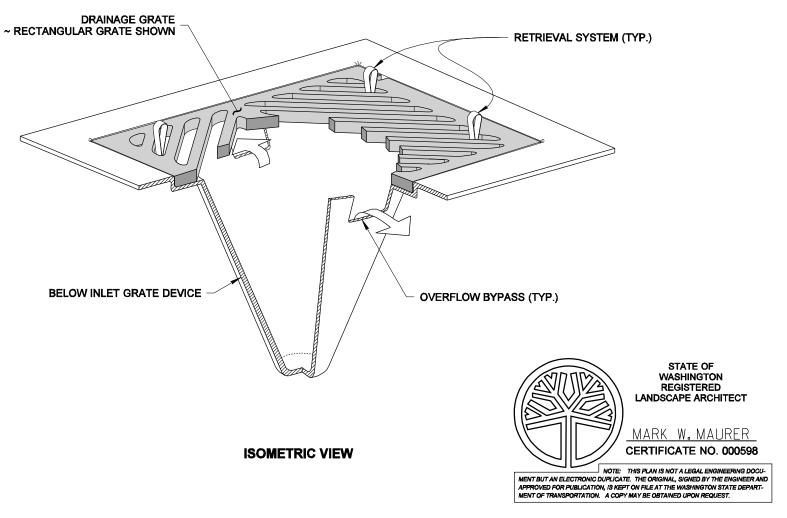




SECTION VIEW NOT TO SCALE

NOTES

- 1. Size the Below Inlet Grate Device (BIGD) for the storm water structure it will service.
- 2. The BIGD shall have a built-in high-flow relief system (overflow bypass).
- 3. The retrieval system must allow removal of the BIGD without spilling the collected material.
- 4. Perform maintenance in accordance with Standard Specification 8-01.3(15).



STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION STANDARD PLAN I-40.20-00

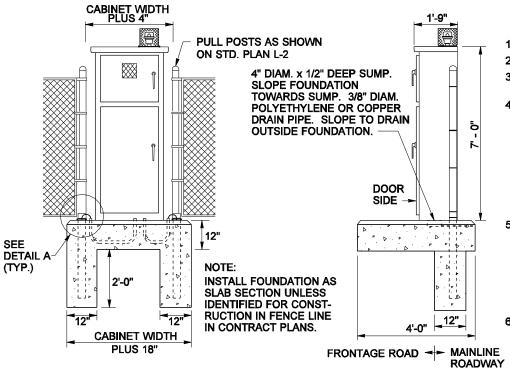
SHEET 1 OF 1 SHEET

APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION

Pasco Bakotich III



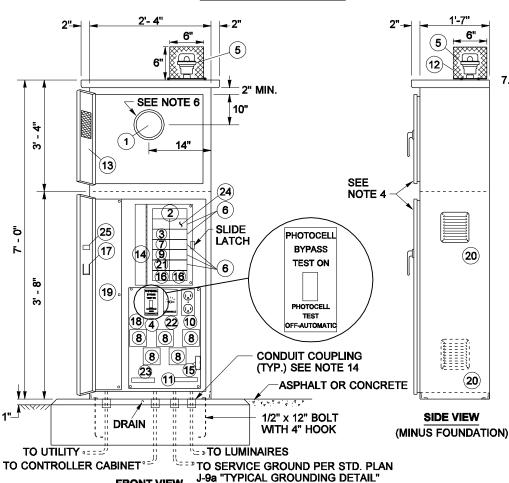




INSTALLATION DETAIL

FRONT VIEW

FRONT VIEW



SERVICE CABINET

SIDE VIEW

GENERAL NOTES

200 AMP TYPE 120/240 1ø SERVICE CABINET

- 1. SEE STD. SPECIFICATION 9-29.24, SERVICE CABINETS.
- 2. HINGES SHALL HAVE STAINLESS STEEL OR BRASS PINS.
- CABINETS SHALL BE RATED NEMA 3R AND SHALL INCLUDE TWO RAIN TIGHT VENTS.
- METERING EQUIPMENT DOOR SHALL BE PAD LOCKABLE. EACH DOOR SHALL BE GASKETED. INSTALL BEST CX CONSTRUCTION CORE ON BOTTOM DOOR. SEE DOOR HINGE DETAIL, STANDARD PLAN J-3b. CONCEALED HEAVY DUTY STAINLESS STEEL LIFT OFF HINGES ARE ALLOWED AS AN ALTERNATIVE TO DOOR HINGE DETAIL SHOWN ON STANDARD PLAN J-3b. UPPER DOOR SHALL HAVE 2 HINGES AND LOWER DOOR SHALL HAVE 3 HINGES. THE LOWER DOOR SHALL HAVE A TWO POSITION DOOR STOP ASSEMBLY.
- THE FOLLOWING EQUIPMENT WITHIN THE SERVICE **ENCLOSURE SHALL HAVE AN APPROPRIATELY ENGRAVED PHENOLIC NAME PLATE ATTACHED** WITH SCREWS OR RIVETS: KEY NUMBERS 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 16 AND 21 KEY NUMBER 4 NAME PLATE SHALL READ: "PHOTOCELL BYPASS TEST ON" AND "PHOTOCELL TEST OFF- AUTOMATIC". SEE SERVICE CABINET DETAIL.
- 6. METERING ARRANGEMENTS VARY WITH DIFFERENT SERVING UTILITIES. THE UTILITY MAY REQUIRE METER BASE MOUNTING IN THE ENCLOSURE, ON THE SIDE OR ON THE BACK OF THE ENCLOSURE. THE UTILITY MAY REQUIRE THE DIMENSION BETWEEN THE DOOR AND THE FRONT OF THE SAFETY SOCKET BOX TO BE LESS THAN THE 11 INCHES SHOWN IN THE LEFT SIDE- SAFETY SOCKET BOX MOUNTING DETAIL. SEE STANDARD PLAN J-3b FOR SAFETY SOCKET BOX DETAIL. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE SERVING UTILITY'S REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO FABRICATION OF AND INSTALLING THE SERVICE EQUIPMENT.
- DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE MINIMUM AND SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO ACCOMMODATE THE VARIOUS SIZES OF EQUIPMENT INSTALLED.

CONDUIT TO FENCE

FENCE POST

POST BONDING POINT

FOUNDATION

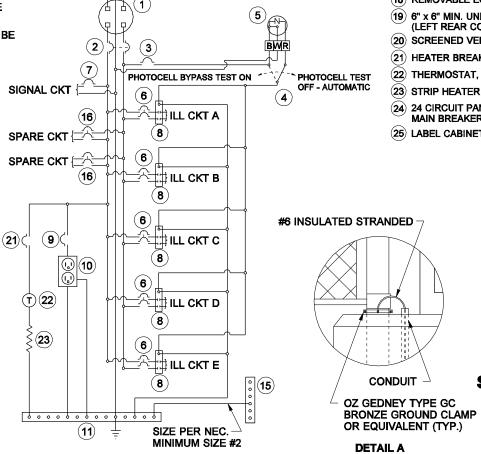
SERVICE CABINET

PLAN VIEW

- 8. ALL BUSSWORK SHALL BE HIGH GRADE COPPER AND SHALL EQUAL OR EXCEED THE MAIN BREAKER RATING. ALL BREAKERS SHALL BOLT ONTO THE BUSSWORK. JUMPERING OF BREAKERS SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED. BUSSWORK SHALL ACCOMMODATE ALL FUTURE **EQUIPMENT AS SHOWN IN THE BREAKER SCHEDULE.**
- 9. THE PHOTOCELL UNIT SHALL BE CENTERED IN THE PHOTOCELL ENCLOSURE TO PERMIT 360 DEGREE ROTATION OF THE PHOTOCELL WITHOUT REMOVAL OF THE PHOTOCELL UNIT OR PHOTOCELL ENCLOSURE
- ALL INTERNAL WIRE RUNS SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH "TO - FROM" CODED TAGS LABELED WITH THE CODE LETTERS AND/OR NUMBERS SHOWN ON THE SCHEDULES. APPROVED PVC OR POLYOLEFIN WIRE MARKING SLEEVES
- 11. ALL NUTS, BOLTS AND WASHERS USED FOR MOUNTING THE PHOTOCELL ENCLOSURE SHALL BE STAINLESS STEEL.
- 12. A 1% TOLERANCE IS ALLOWED FOR ALL DIMENSIONS.
- 13. THE PHOTOCELL CIRCUIT SHALL BE INSTALLED IN FLEX CONDUIT WITHIN THE METER COMPARTMENT.
- 14. INSTALL CONDUIT COUPLINGS ON ALL CONDUITS. PLACE COUPLINGS FLUSH WITH TOP OF CONCRETE FOUNDATION. (13)
- SEE PLANS FOR BREAKER SCHEDULE.

120/240 VAC

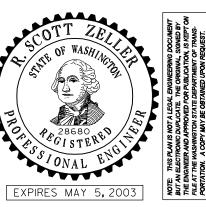
- SEAL CABINET TO FOUNDATION WITH A 1/2" BEAD OF SILICONE. APPLY SILICONE TO DRY SURFACE ONLY.
- 17. THE METER BASE PORTION OF THIS SERVICE WAS **DESIGNED TO MEET METERING PORTION OF EUSERC** DRAWING 309 REQUIREMENTS.



WIRING SCHEMATIC

KEY (1) METER BASE PER SERVING UTILITY REQUIREMENTS. AS A MINIMUM, THE METER BASE SHALL BE SAFETY SOCKET BOX WITH FACTORY INSTALLED TEST BYPASS FACILITY THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF EUSERC DRAWING 305.

- MAIN BREAKER (SEE BREAKER SCHEDULE)
- (3) PHOTOCELL BREAKER (SPST 15 AMP 120/240 VOLT)
- (4) TEST SWITCH (SPDT_SNAP ACTION, POSITIVE CLOSE, 15 AMP 120/277 VOLT "T" RATED)
- (5) PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL, STD. SPEC. 9 29.11(2)
- (6) BRANCH BREAKER (SEE BREAKER SCHEDULE)
- SIGNAL BREAKER (SEE BREAKER SCHEDULE)
- (8) CONTACTOR (SEE BREAKER SCHEDULE)
- (9) RECEPTACLE BREAKER (SPST 20 AMP 120/240 VOLT)
- (10) RECEPTACLE, GROUNDED (GFCI 20 AMP 125 VOLT)
- **NEUTRAL BUSS, 14 LUG COPPER**
- PHOTOCELL ENCLOSURE ENCLOSURE TO BE FABRICATED FROM 5/8" EXPANDED STEEL MESH WITH WELDED SEAMS AND MOUNTING FLANGES. HOT DIP GALVANIZED AFTER FABRICATION. TYPE 5052 - H32 ALUMINUM WITH 5/8" x 5/8" OPENINGS EQUIVALENT TO 5/8" EXPANDED STEEL MESH MAY BE USED AS ALTERNATIVE MATERIAL. SEE PHOTOCELL ENCLOSURE MOUNTING DETAILS, STANDARD PLAN J-3b.
- HINGED FRONT FACING DOOR WITH 4" x 4" MIN. POLISHED WIRE GLASS WINDOW.
- (14) HINGED DEAD FRONT WITH 1/4 TURN FASTENERS OR SLIDE LATCH
- CABINET MAIN BONDING JUMPER. BUSS SHALL BE 4 LUG TINNED COPPER. SEE CABINET MAIN BONDING JUMPER DETAIL, STANDARD PLAN J-3b.
- (16) SPARE BRANCH BREAKER (DPST 20AMP- 120/240 VOLT)
- (17) METAL WIRING DIAGRAM HOLDER
- (18) REMOVABLE EQUIPMENT MOUNTING PAN
- (19) 6" x 6" MIN. UNDERGROUND FEED SERVICE WIREWAY (LEFT REAR CORNER)
- (20) SCREENED VENTS, 2 REQUIRED, 1 EACH SIDE, LOUVERED PLATES.
- (21) HEATER BREAKER (SPST 15 AMP 120/240 VOLT)
- (22) THERMOSTAT, 40°F CLOSURE 3 DIFFERENTIAL
- (23) STRIP HEATER (100 WATT NOMINAL), WITH TERMINAL STRIP COVER.
- (24) 24 CIRCUIT PANEL BOARD MINIMUM SIZE WITH SEPARATE MAIN BREAKER.
- (25) LABEL CABINET WITH BUSSWORK RATING.



SERVICE CABINET TYPE D (0 - 200 AMP TYPE 120/240 SINGLE PHASE) STANDARD PLAN J-3c

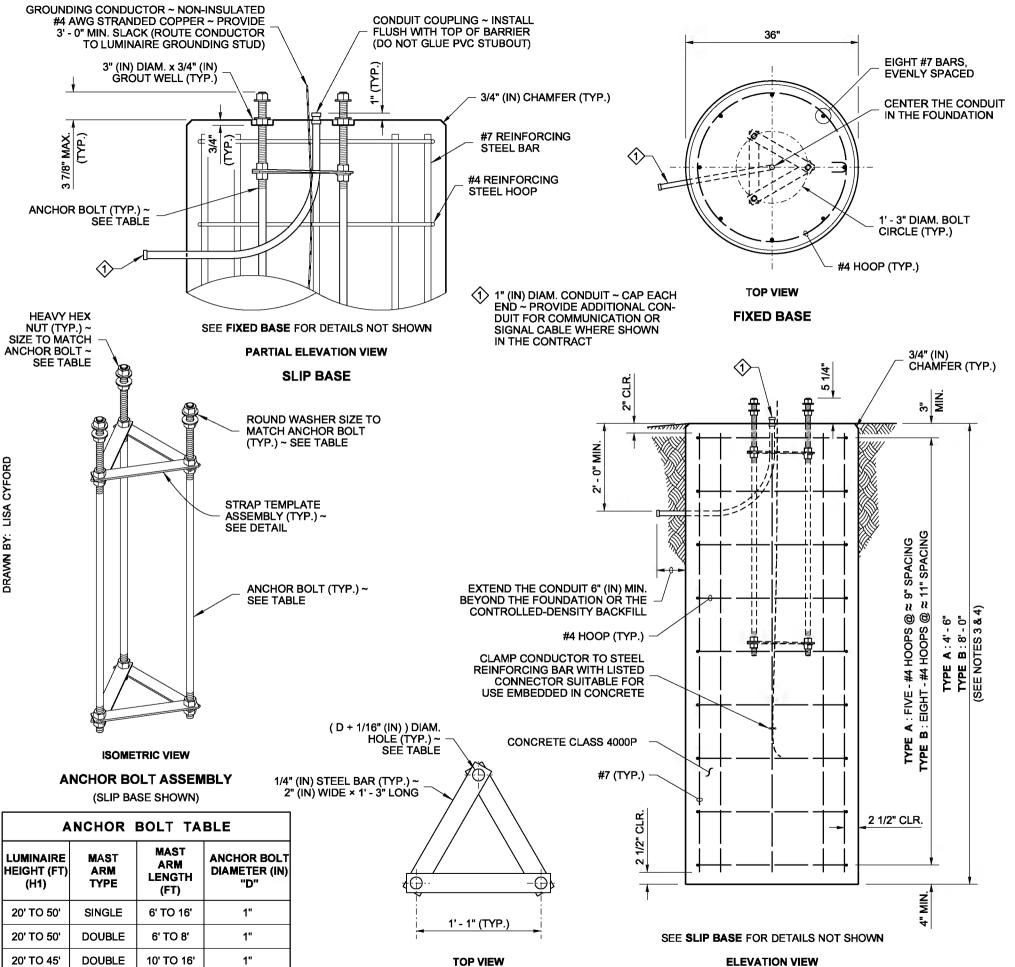
SHEET 1 OF 1 SHEET

APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION

Harold J. Peterfeso

06-24-02





STRAP TEMPLATE ASSEMBLY

FIXED BASE

46' TO 50'

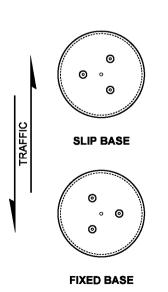
DOUBLE

10' TO 16'

1 1/8"

NOTES

- 1. See Standard Plan J-28.40 for Luminaire Pole base mounting details.
- 2. The Strap Templates shall be held in place by nuts, 6" (in) from the top of the foundation and 3" (in) from the bottom of the anchor bolts. Eighteen heavy duty hex nuts and six round washers are required for a slip base assembly. Eighteen heavy duty hex nuts and six plate washers are required for a fixed base assembly.
- 3. Use Steel Light Standard Foundation Type A on level ground or slopes not exceeding 4H: 1V. Use Type B for slopes steeper than 4H: 1V, but not exceeding 2H: 1V. Slopes steeper than 2H: 1V shall require a special design.
- 4. These foundations are designed for a minimum of 2000 PSF (TYPE A) or 1500 PSF (TYPE B) allowable lateral bearing pressure for the soil. A special foundation shall be required for soil with allowable lateral bearing pressure lower than 1500 PSF.
- 5. The Luminaire Pole height shall not exceed 50' (ft) (H1).
- Slip bases shall not be installed on 50' (ft) (H1) poles with Double Mast Arms, nor on poles weighing more than 1000 lbs.
- 7. Slip bases are required on poles installed inside the Design Clear Zone, and on poles installed behind traffic barrier that are within the traffic barrier deflection zone.
- 8. Foundations constructed within Media Filter Drains shall be increased in depth by the depth of the Media Filter Drain.
- 9. Exposed portions of the foundation shall be formed to create a Class 2 surface finish. All forming shall be removed upon completion of foundation construction.
- For excavation, concrete placement, and backfill options, see METHOD 1 and METHOD 2 on Sheet 2 of 2.
- The anchor bolts shall be high-strength steel, manufactured from ASTM F1554 Grade 105, with heavy hex nuts and hardened washers. Galvanize the anchor bolts according to ASTM F2329.
- 12. The foundation shall be grounded in accordance with the requirements of **Standard Specification 8-20.3(4).**
- 13. See Standard Plans C-8b and C-85.14 for steel light standards on traffic barrier.



ANCHOR BOLT LAYOUT



STEEL LIGHT STANDARD FOUNDATION TYPES A & B

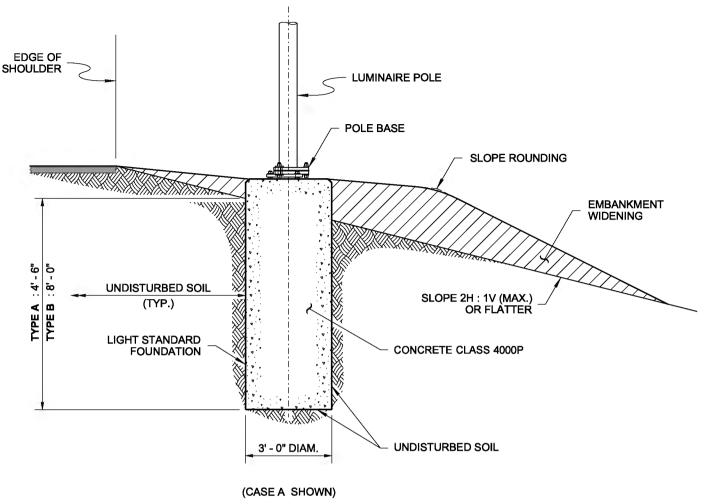
STANDARD PLAN J-28.30-03

SHEET 1 OF 2 SHEETS

APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION

STATE DESIGN ENGINEER

Washington State Department of Transportation



METHOD 1

NO SUBSURFACE FORM

This option is used only when the existing soil in the hole will remain standing and the cement concrete can be placed without causing the soil to collapse. Concrete shall be cast directly against undisturbed soil.

Auger the hole for the foundation. Use a paper or cardboard form to achieve a smooth finish on the final exposed cement concrete. Support the form as necessary to remain plumb.

See Standard Plans J-28.24 and J-28.26 for maximum heights of exposed foundation when no embankment widening is to be installed.

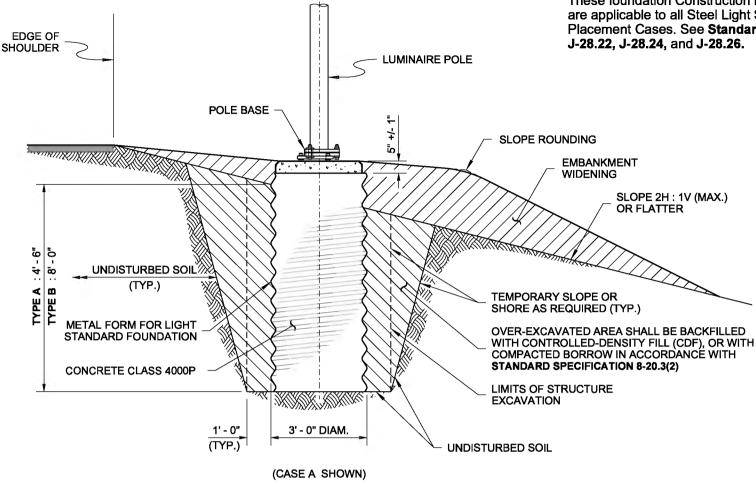
Place the concrete foundation.

After concrete has cured, remove the paper or cardboard form portion.

Construct the embankment widening (if required).

NOTE

These foundation Construction Methods are applicable to all Steel Light Standard Placement Cases. See Standard Plans



METHOD 2

METAL (SUBSURFACE) FORM REQUIRED

When the existing soil will not retain a vertical face, over-excavate the foundation area and install a 36" (in) diameter corrugated metal (pipe) form. The corrugated metal form shall not extend more than 5" (in) +/- 1" (in) below any portion of the foundation that will remain exposed upon final grading. Continue forming to full height using a paper or cardboard form to achieve a smooth finish on final exposed cement concrete. Support the form as necessary to remain plumb.

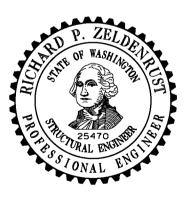
See Standard Plans J-28.24 and J-28.26 for maximum heights of exposed foundation when no embankment widening is to be installed.

Place the concrete foundation.

After concrete has cured, remove the paper or cardboard form portion.

Backfill with controlled-density fill or compacted borrow in accordance with Standard Specification 8-20.3(2).

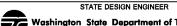
Construct the embankment widening (if required).

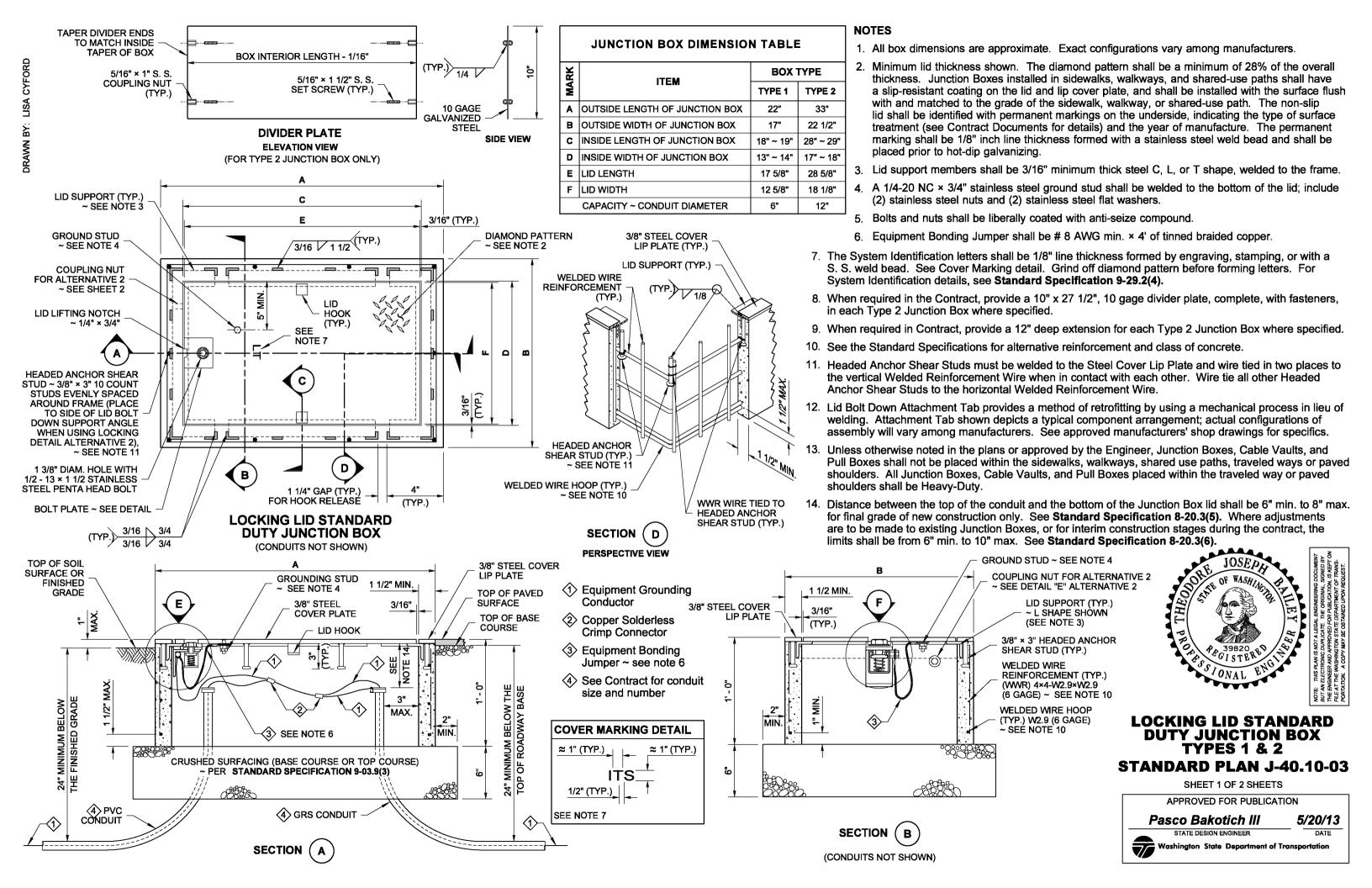


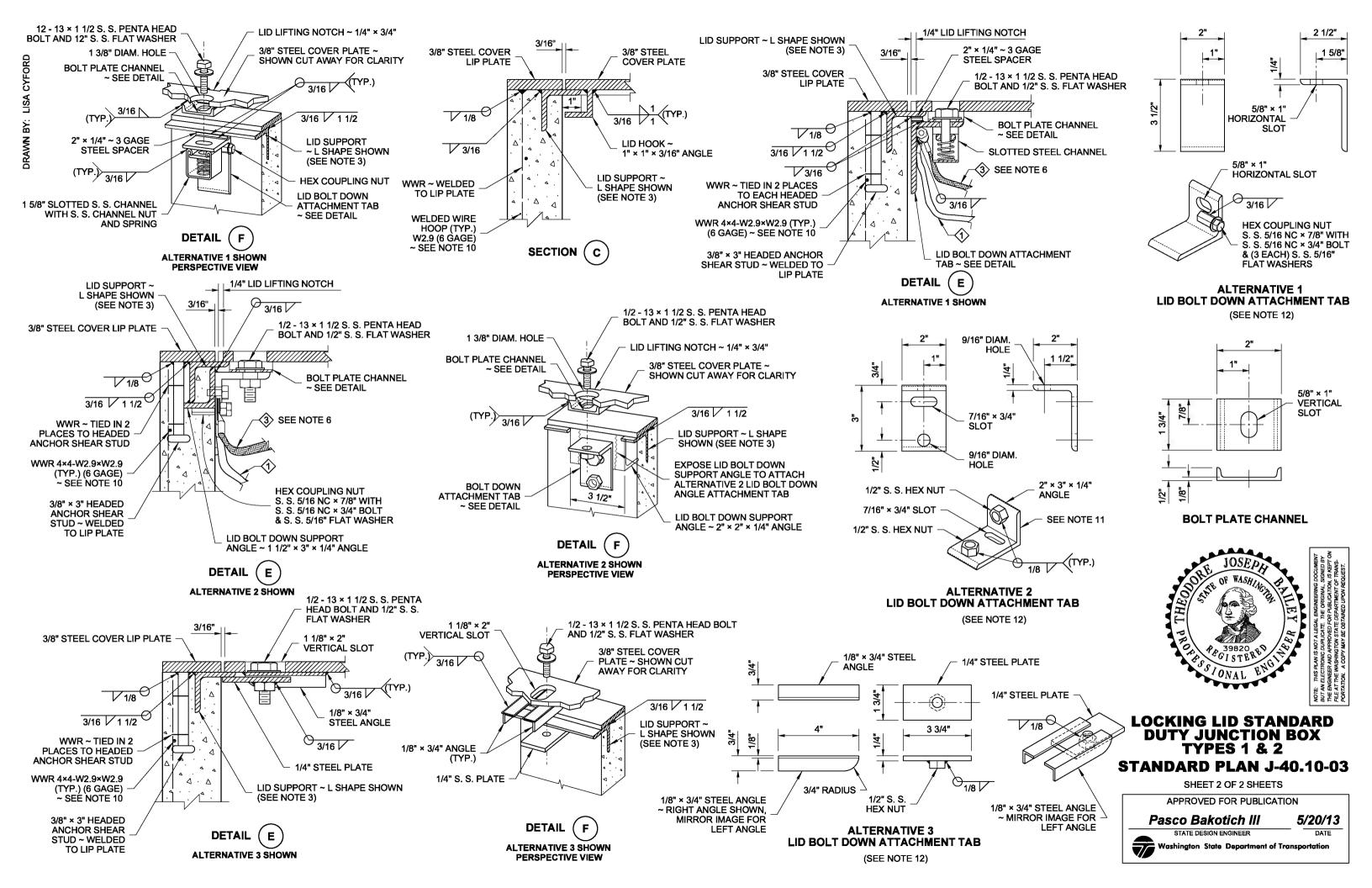
STEEL LIGHT STANDARD FOUNDATION TYPES A & B STANDARD PLAN J-28.30-03

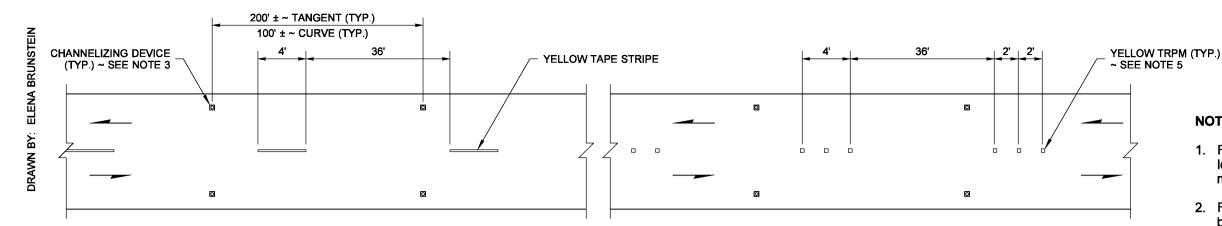
SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS

APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION





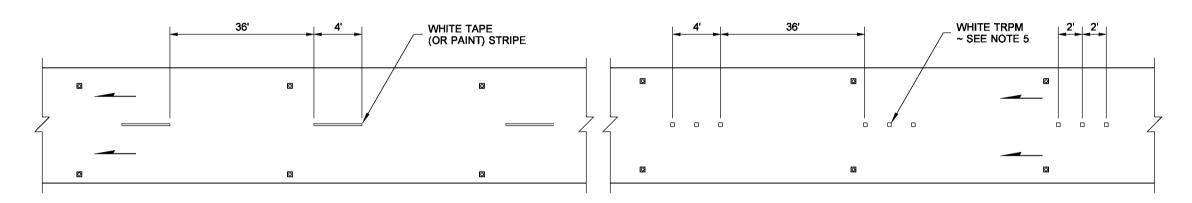




HOT MIXED ASPHALT PAVEMENT

BITUMINOUS SURFACE TREATMENT

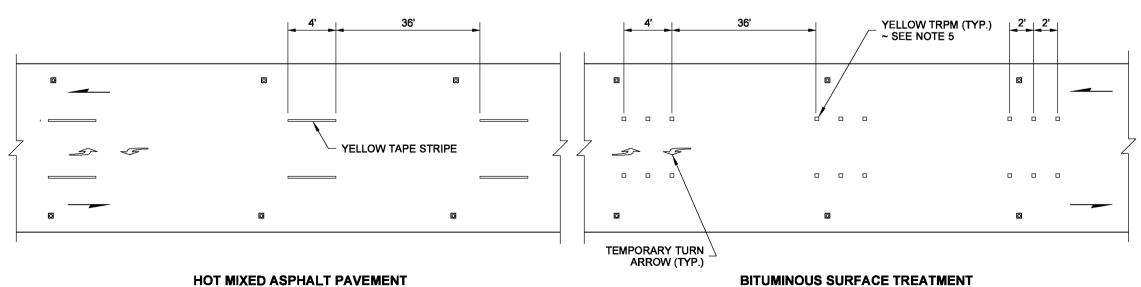
TWO-LANE ROADWAY



HOT MIXED ASPHALT PAVEMENT

BITUMINOUS SURFACE TREATMENT

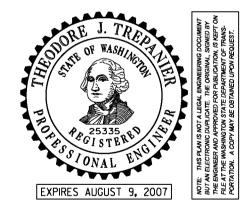
ONE-WAY TWO-LANE ROADWAY



BITUMINOUS SURFACE TREATMENT

NOTES

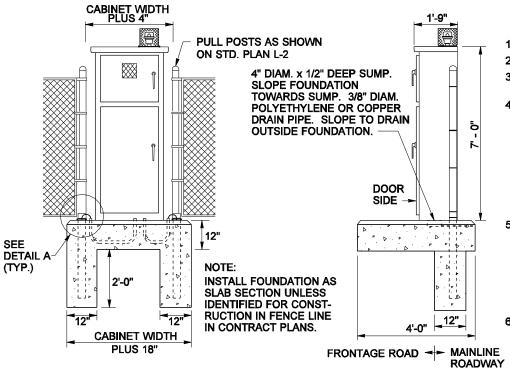
- 1. For long term projects conflicting pavement markings that are no longer applicable shall be removed or obliterated. Temporary markings shall be used as necessary.
- 2. For Hot Mixed Asphalt Pavement, a temporary striping tape shall be installed in conjunction with DO NOT PASS and "PASS WITH CARE" sign locations.
- 3. Temporary roadside delineation with Channelization Devices is optional. The appropriate taper length shall be L/2. See Standard Plan K-24.20 for minimum taper length (L).
- 4. For long term projects a channelization/pavement marking plan should be implemented.
- 5. Temporary Raised Pavement Marker (TRPM) may be used on a pattern spacing 5' O.C. to simulate a solid line.



TEMPORARY CHANNELIZATION STANDARD PLAN K-70.20-00

SHEET 1 OF 1 SHEET

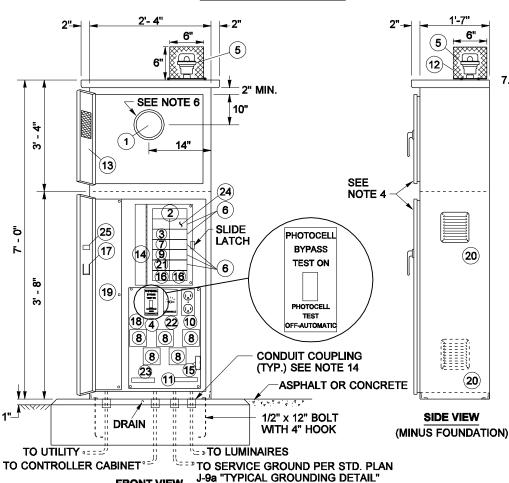




INSTALLATION DETAIL

FRONT VIEW

FRONT VIEW



SERVICE CABINET

SIDE VIEW

GENERAL NOTES

200 AMP TYPE 120/240 1ø SERVICE CABINET

- 1. SEE STD. SPECIFICATION 9-29.24, SERVICE CABINETS.
- 2. HINGES SHALL HAVE STAINLESS STEEL OR BRASS PINS.
- CABINETS SHALL BE RATED NEMA 3R AND SHALL INCLUDE TWO RAIN TIGHT VENTS.
- METERING EQUIPMENT DOOR SHALL BE PAD LOCKABLE. EACH DOOR SHALL BE GASKETED. INSTALL BEST CX CONSTRUCTION CORE ON BOTTOM DOOR. SEE DOOR HINGE DETAIL, STANDARD PLAN J-3b. CONCEALED HEAVY DUTY STAINLESS STEEL LIFT OFF HINGES ARE ALLOWED AS AN ALTERNATIVE TO DOOR HINGE DETAIL SHOWN ON STANDARD PLAN J-3b. UPPER DOOR SHALL HAVE 2 HINGES AND LOWER DOOR SHALL HAVE 3 HINGES. THE LOWER DOOR SHALL HAVE A TWO POSITION DOOR STOP ASSEMBLY.
- THE FOLLOWING EQUIPMENT WITHIN THE SERVICE **ENCLOSURE SHALL HAVE AN APPROPRIATELY ENGRAVED PHENOLIC NAME PLATE ATTACHED** WITH SCREWS OR RIVETS: KEY NUMBERS 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 16 AND 21 KEY NUMBER 4 NAME PLATE SHALL READ: "PHOTOCELL BYPASS TEST ON" AND "PHOTOCELL TEST OFF- AUTOMATIC". SEE SERVICE CABINET DETAIL.
- 6. METERING ARRANGEMENTS VARY WITH DIFFERENT SERVING UTILITIES. THE UTILITY MAY REQUIRE METER BASE MOUNTING IN THE ENCLOSURE, ON THE SIDE OR ON THE BACK OF THE ENCLOSURE. THE UTILITY MAY REQUIRE THE DIMENSION BETWEEN THE DOOR AND THE FRONT OF THE SAFETY SOCKET BOX TO BE LESS THAN THE 11 INCHES SHOWN IN THE LEFT SIDE- SAFETY SOCKET BOX MOUNTING DETAIL. SEE STANDARD PLAN J-3b FOR SAFETY SOCKET BOX DETAIL. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE SERVING UTILITY'S REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO FABRICATION OF AND INSTALLING THE SERVICE EQUIPMENT.
- DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE MINIMUM AND SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO ACCOMMODATE THE VARIOUS SIZES OF EQUIPMENT INSTALLED.

CONDUIT TO FENCE

FENCE POST

POST BONDING POINT

FOUNDATION

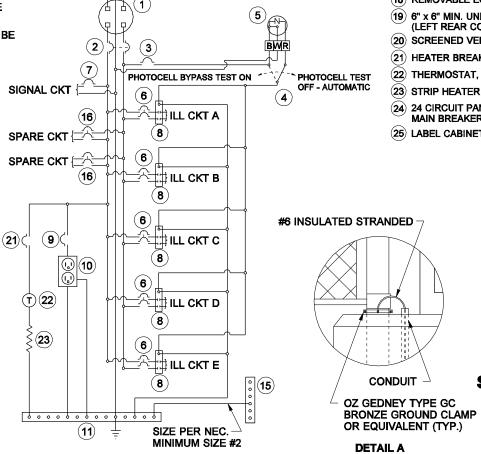
SERVICE CABINET

PLAN VIEW

- 8. ALL BUSSWORK SHALL BE HIGH GRADE COPPER AND SHALL EQUAL OR EXCEED THE MAIN BREAKER RATING. ALL BREAKERS SHALL BOLT ONTO THE BUSSWORK. JUMPERING OF BREAKERS SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED. BUSSWORK SHALL ACCOMMODATE ALL FUTURE **EQUIPMENT AS SHOWN IN THE BREAKER SCHEDULE.**
- 9. THE PHOTOCELL UNIT SHALL BE CENTERED IN THE PHOTOCELL ENCLOSURE TO PERMIT 360 DEGREE ROTATION OF THE PHOTOCELL WITHOUT REMOVAL OF THE PHOTOCELL UNIT OR PHOTOCELL ENCLOSURE
- ALL INTERNAL WIRE RUNS SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH "TO - FROM" CODED TAGS LABELED WITH THE CODE LETTERS AND/OR NUMBERS SHOWN ON THE SCHEDULES. APPROVED PVC OR POLYOLEFIN WIRE MARKING SLEEVES
- 11. ALL NUTS, BOLTS AND WASHERS USED FOR MOUNTING THE PHOTOCELL ENCLOSURE SHALL BE STAINLESS STEEL.
- 12. A 1% TOLERANCE IS ALLOWED FOR ALL DIMENSIONS.
- 13. THE PHOTOCELL CIRCUIT SHALL BE INSTALLED IN FLEX CONDUIT WITHIN THE METER COMPARTMENT.
- 14. INSTALL CONDUIT COUPLINGS ON ALL CONDUITS. PLACE COUPLINGS FLUSH WITH TOP OF CONCRETE FOUNDATION. (13)
- SEE PLANS FOR BREAKER SCHEDULE.

120/240 VAC

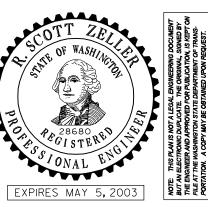
- SEAL CABINET TO FOUNDATION WITH A 1/2" BEAD OF SILICONE. APPLY SILICONE TO DRY SURFACE ONLY.
- 17. THE METER BASE PORTION OF THIS SERVICE WAS **DESIGNED TO MEET METERING PORTION OF EUSERC** DRAWING 309 REQUIREMENTS.



WIRING SCHEMATIC

KEY (1) METER BASE PER SERVING UTILITY REQUIREMENTS. AS A MINIMUM, THE METER BASE SHALL BE SAFETY SOCKET BOX WITH FACTORY INSTALLED TEST BYPASS FACILITY THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF EUSERC DRAWING 305.

- MAIN BREAKER (SEE BREAKER SCHEDULE)
- (3) PHOTOCELL BREAKER (SPST 15 AMP 120/240 VOLT)
- (4) TEST SWITCH (SPDT_SNAP ACTION, POSITIVE CLOSE, 15 AMP 120/277 VOLT "T" RATED)
- (5) PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL, STD. SPEC. 9 29.11(2)
- (6) BRANCH BREAKER (SEE BREAKER SCHEDULE)
- SIGNAL BREAKER (SEE BREAKER SCHEDULE)
- (8) CONTACTOR (SEE BREAKER SCHEDULE)
- (9) RECEPTACLE BREAKER (SPST 20 AMP 120/240 VOLT)
- (10) RECEPTACLE, GROUNDED (GFCI 20 AMP 125 VOLT)
- **NEUTRAL BUSS, 14 LUG COPPER**
- PHOTOCELL ENCLOSURE ENCLOSURE TO BE FABRICATED FROM 5/8" EXPANDED STEEL MESH WITH WELDED SEAMS AND MOUNTING FLANGES. HOT DIP GALVANIZED AFTER FABRICATION. TYPE 5052 - H32 ALUMINUM WITH 5/8" x 5/8" OPENINGS EQUIVALENT TO 5/8" EXPANDED STEEL MESH MAY BE USED AS ALTERNATIVE MATERIAL. SEE PHOTOCELL ENCLOSURE MOUNTING DETAILS, STANDARD PLAN J-3b.
- HINGED FRONT FACING DOOR WITH 4" x 4" MIN. POLISHED WIRE GLASS WINDOW.
- (14) HINGED DEAD FRONT WITH 1/4 TURN FASTENERS OR SLIDE LATCH
- CABINET MAIN BONDING JUMPER. BUSS SHALL BE 4 LUG TINNED COPPER. SEE CABINET MAIN BONDING JUMPER DETAIL, STANDARD PLAN J-3b.
- (16) SPARE BRANCH BREAKER (DPST 20AMP- 120/240 VOLT)
- (17) METAL WIRING DIAGRAM HOLDER
- (18) REMOVABLE EQUIPMENT MOUNTING PAN
- (19) 6" x 6" MIN. UNDERGROUND FEED SERVICE WIREWAY (LEFT REAR CORNER)
- (20) SCREENED VENTS, 2 REQUIRED, 1 EACH SIDE, LOUVERED PLATES.
- (21) HEATER BREAKER (SPST 15 AMP 120/240 VOLT)
- (22) THERMOSTAT, 40°F CLOSURE 3 DIFFERENTIAL
- (23) STRIP HEATER (100 WATT NOMINAL), WITH TERMINAL STRIP COVER.
- (24) 24 CIRCUIT PANEL BOARD MINIMUM SIZE WITH SEPARATE MAIN BREAKER.
- (25) LABEL CABINET WITH BUSSWORK RATING.



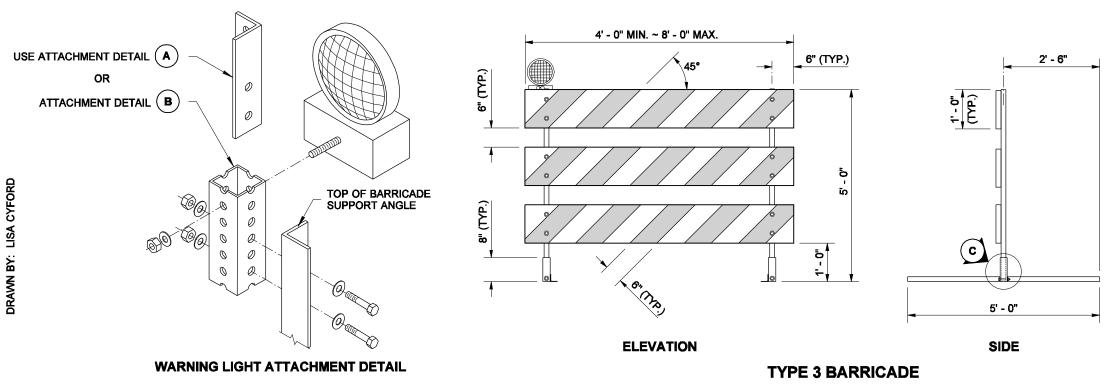
SERVICE CABINET TYPE D (0 - 200 AMP TYPE 120/240 SINGLE PHASE) STANDARD PLAN J-3c

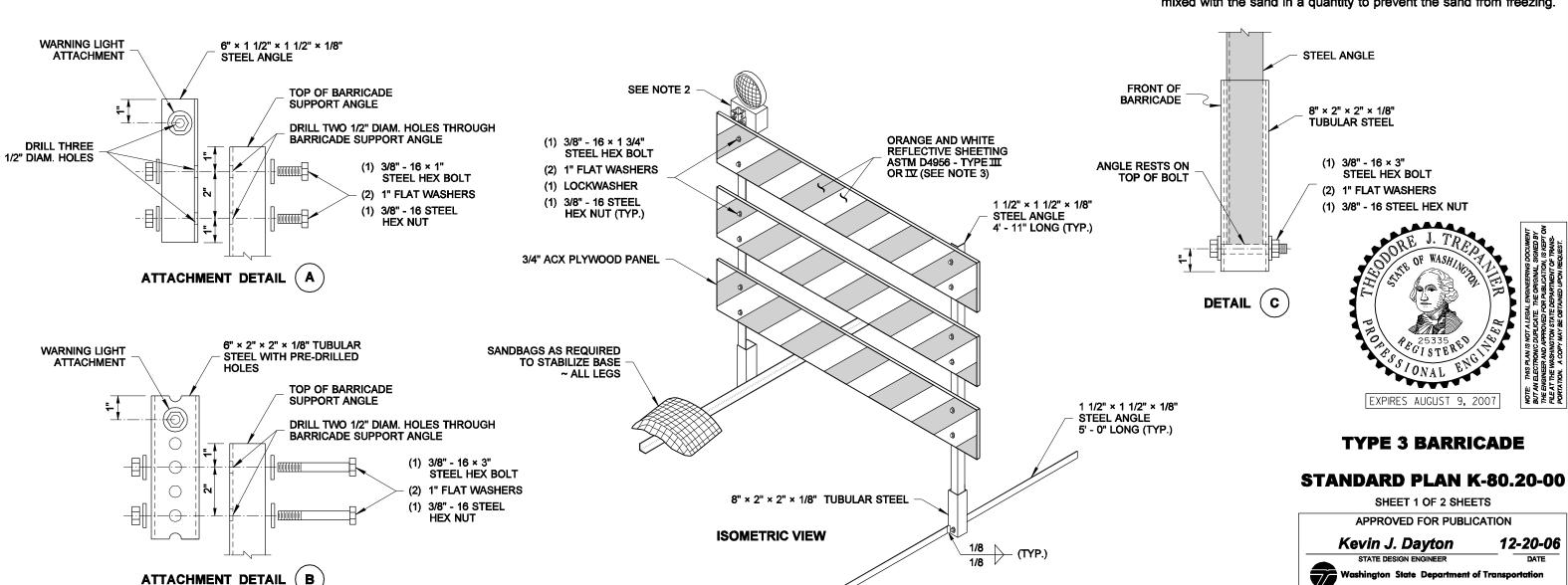
SHEET 1 OF 1 SHEET

APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION

Harold J. Peterfeso

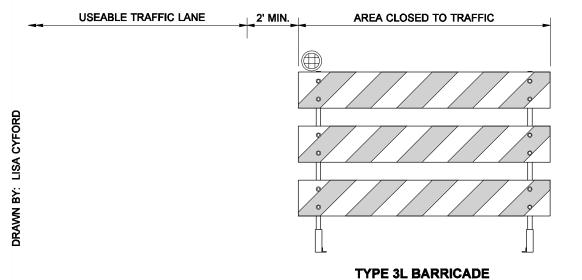
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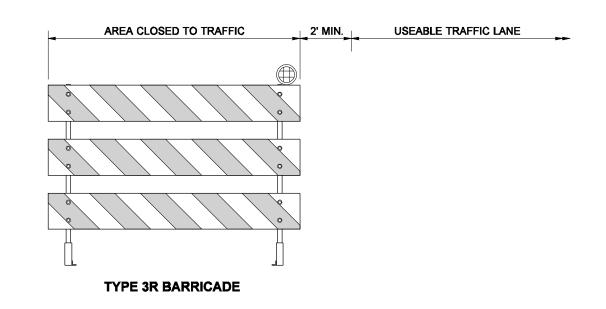


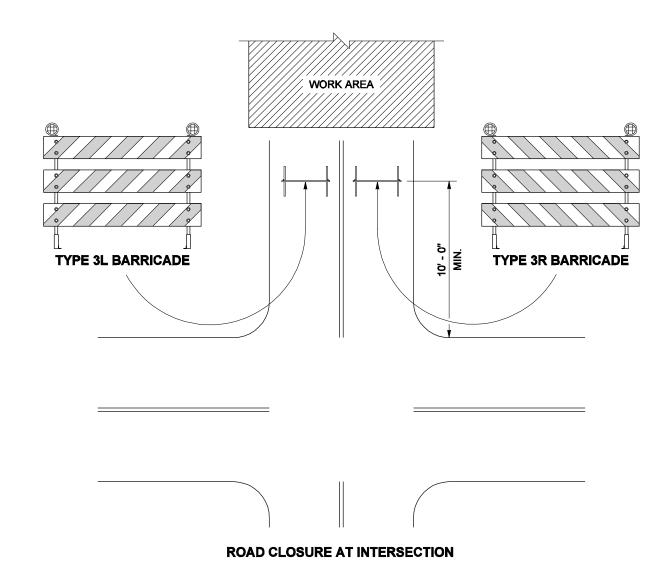
NOTES

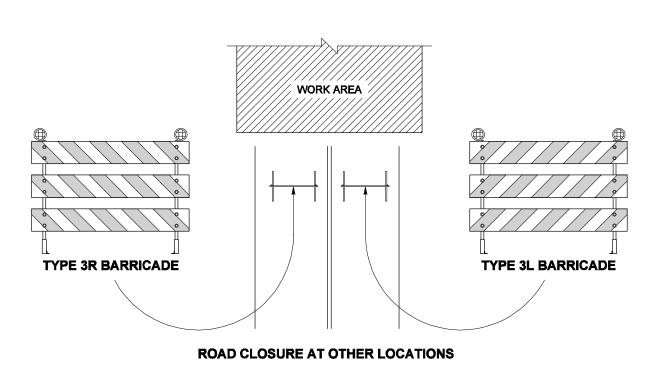
- 1. All fasteners may be zinc plated, galvanized or stainless steel. All steel angle and tubular steel shall be hot-rolled, high carbon steel, painted or galvanized.
- Install one lightweight Type A Low-Intensity flashing warning light on the traffic side of the barricade. Install two Type A Low-Intensity flashing warning lights per barricade when the barricades are used to close a roadway. Attach the light to the barricade according to the light manufacturer's recommendations or use the details shown on this plan.
- Stripes on barricade rails shall be alternating orange and white retroreflective stripes (sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction traffic is to pass).
- The Type 3 barricade design shown on this plan meets the crash test requirements of NCHRP 350. Alternative designs may be approved if they conform to the NCHRP 350 crash test criteria and the MUTCD.
- 5. When a sign is mounted on the barricade, it shall be securely bolted to at least two plywood panels. The top of the sign shall not be higher than the top panel of the barricade.
- 6. When sandbags are used in freezing weather, Urea fertilizer shall be mixed with the sand in a quantity to prevent the sand from freezing.



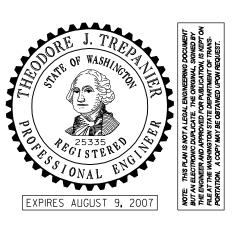
STRIPES ON THE BARRICADES SHALL SLOPE DOWNWARD IN THE DIRECTION TRAFFIC IS TO PASS







BARRICADE PLACEMENT



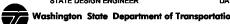
TYPE 3 BARRICADE

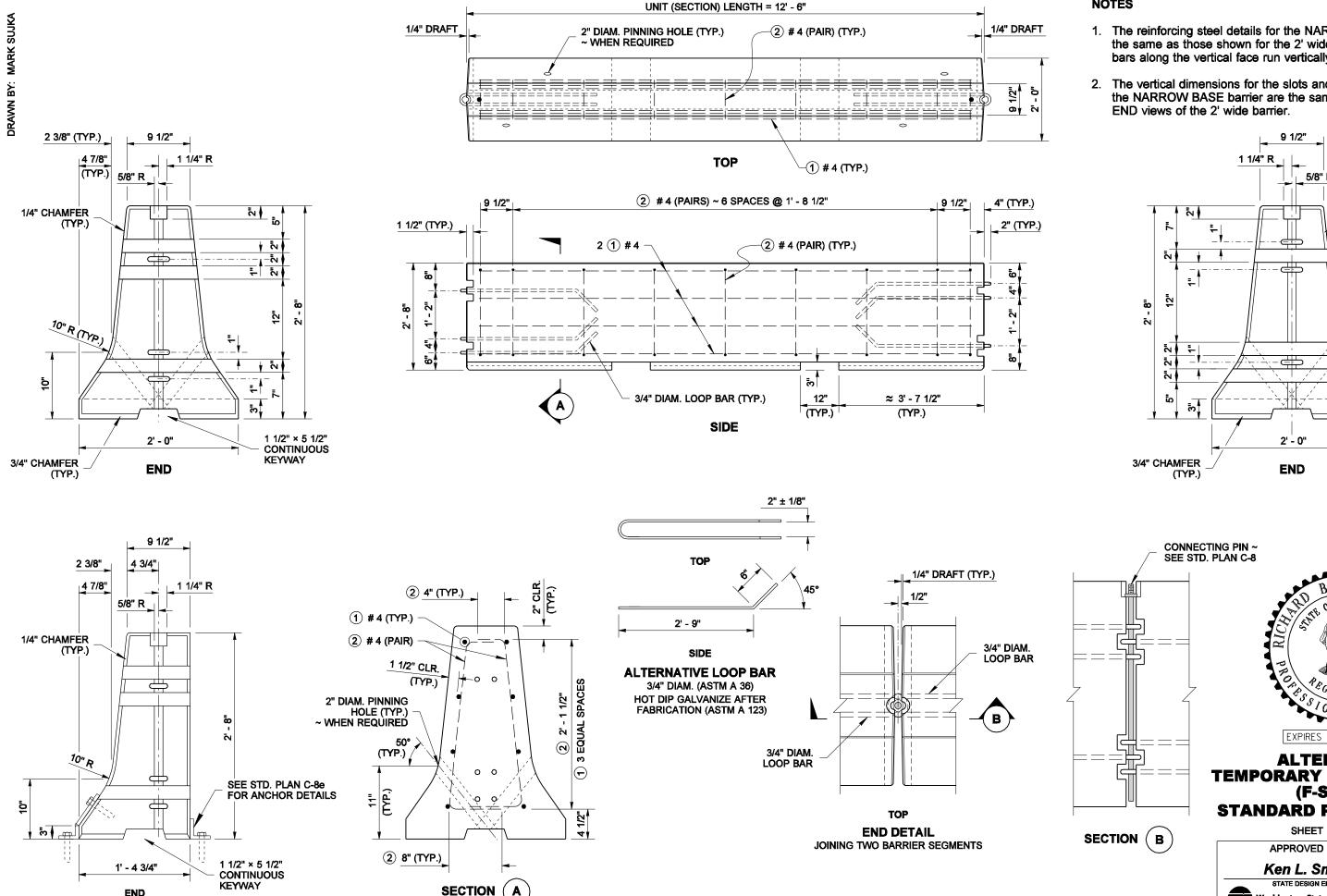
STANDARD PLAN K-80.20-00

SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS

APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION

Kevin J. Dayton 12-20-06

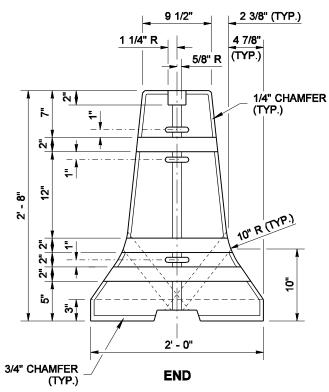


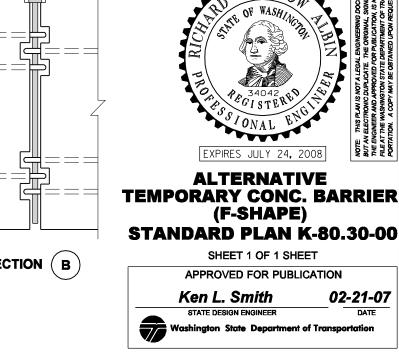


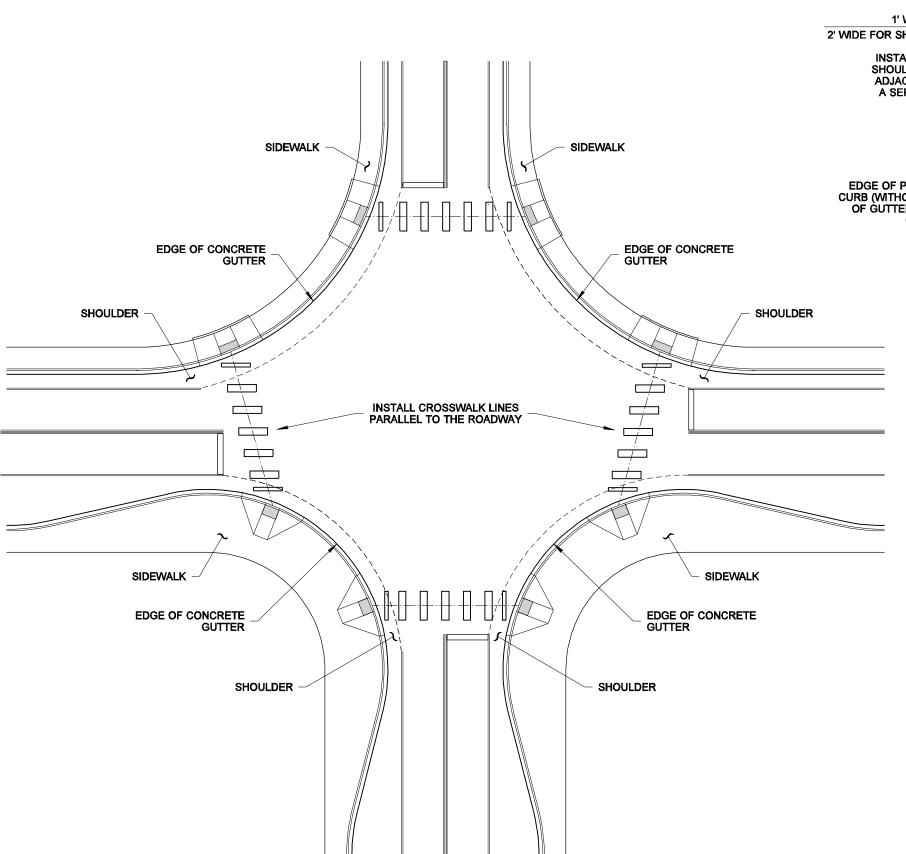
NARROW BASE

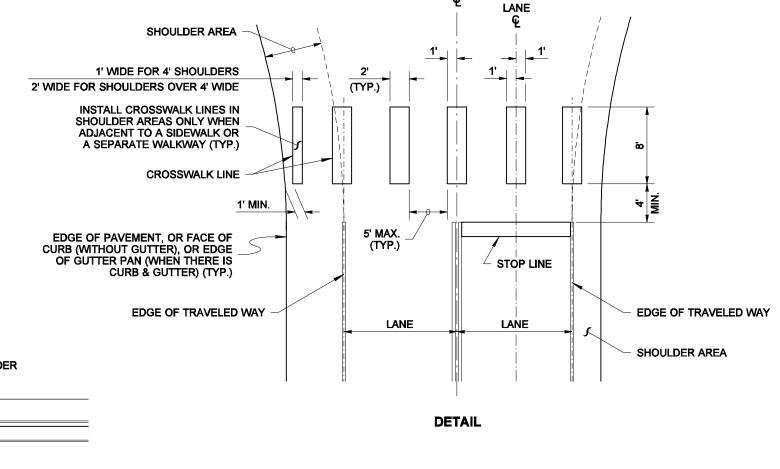
NOTES

- 1. The reinforcing steel details for the NARROW BASE barrier are the same as those shown for the 2' wide barrier except that the bars along the vertical face run vertically with a 1 1/2" clearance.
- 2. The vertical dimensions for the slots and loop bar locations on the NARROW BASE barrier are the same as those shown on the







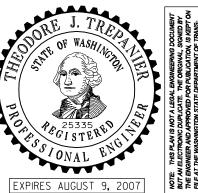


ROADWAY

NOTES

- 1. See the Contract Plans for locations of crosswalk centerlines.
- 2. To the maximum extent possible, curb ramp centerline should be perpendicular to the crosswalk centerline.

3. To the maximum extent possible, crosswalks should be perpendicular to the centerline of the traveled way.



CROSSWALK LAYOUT

STANDARD PLAN M-15.10-01

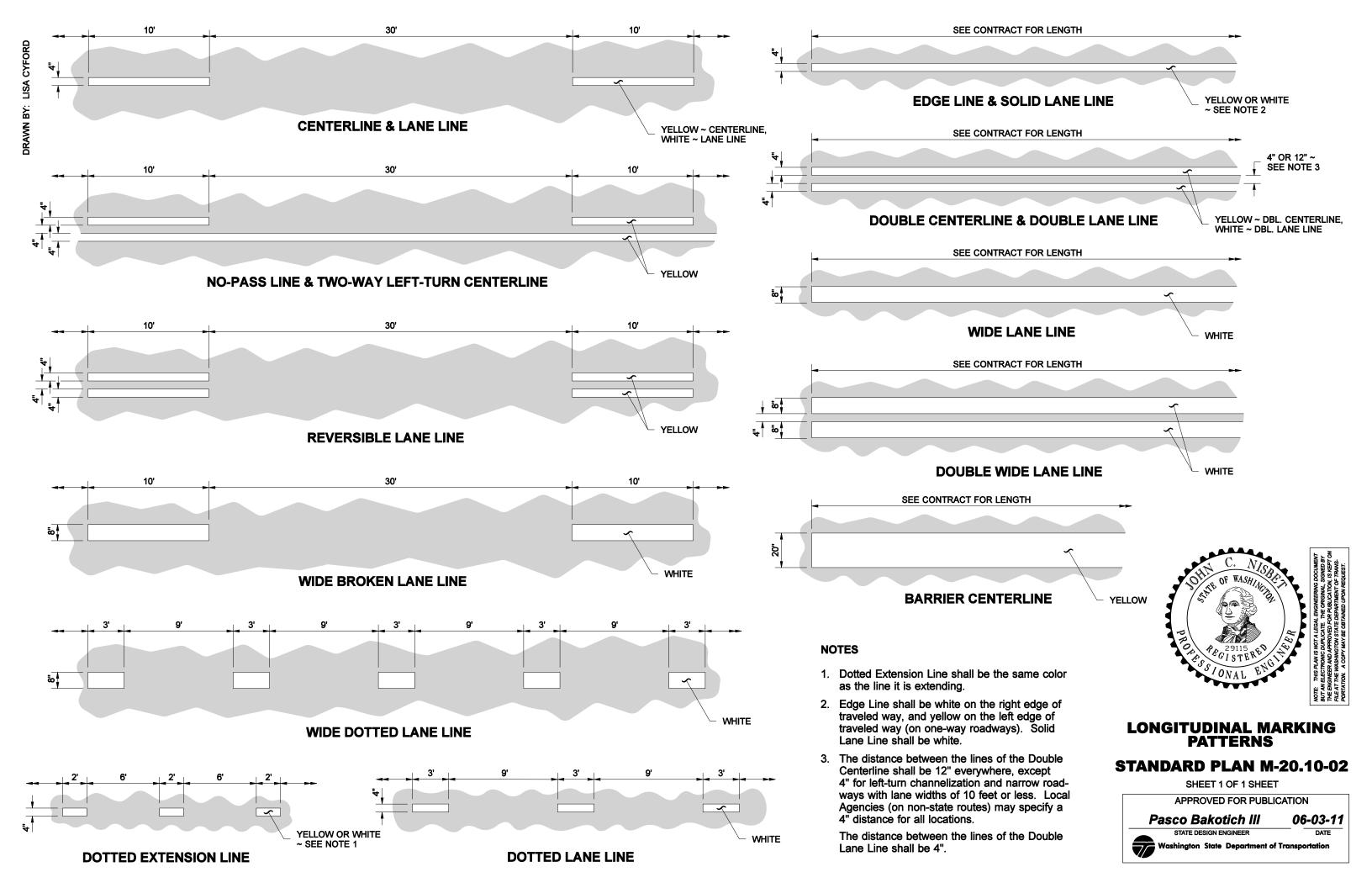
SHEET 1 OF 1 SHEET

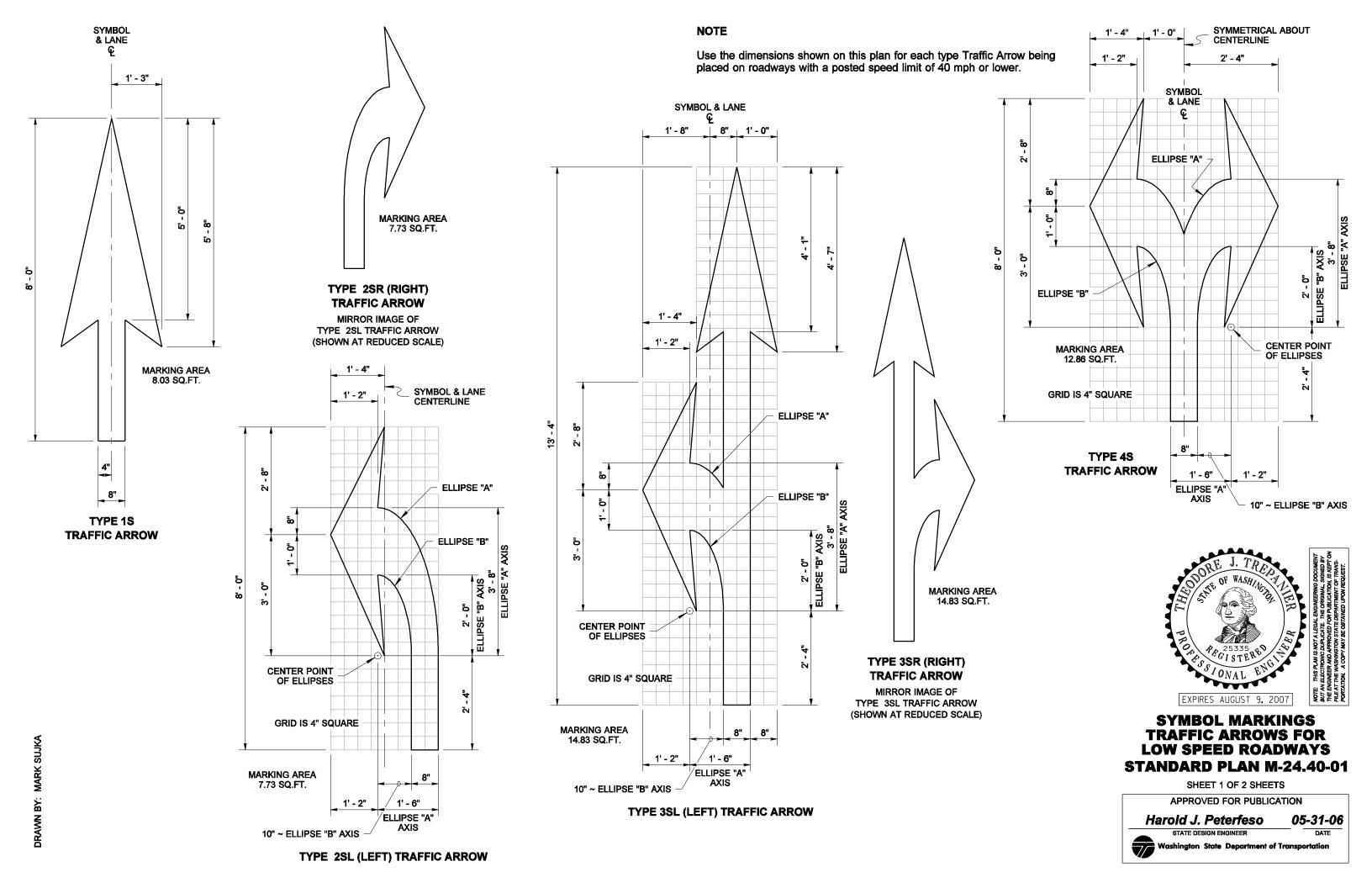
APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION

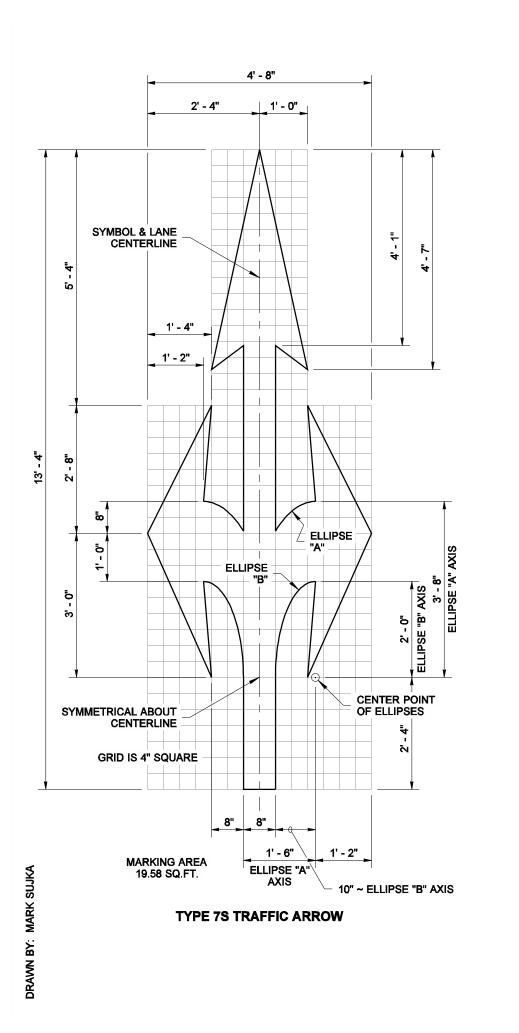
Ken L. Smith

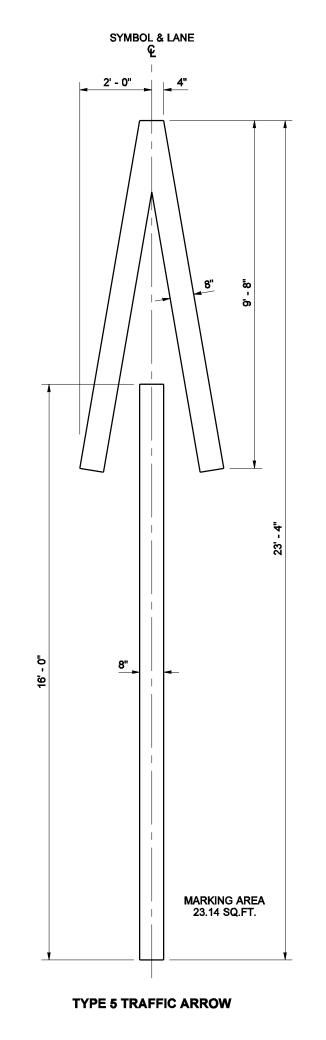
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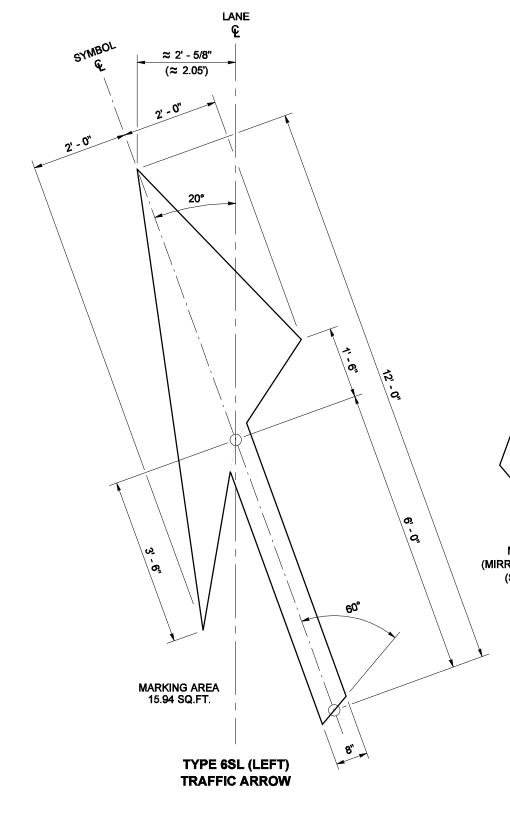












MARKING AREA 15.94 SQ.FT. TYPE 6SR (RIGHT) **TRAFFIC ARROW** MIRROR IMAGE OF TYPE 6SL (MIRRORED ABOUT LANE CENTERLINE) (SHOWN AT REDUCED SCALE)

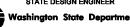
SYMBOL MARKINGS TRAFFIC ARROWS FOR LOW SPEED ROADWAYS STANDARD PLAN M-24.40-01

EXPIRES AUGUST 9, 2007

SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS

APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION

Harold J. Peterfeso 05-31-06



1' - 6" ~ UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE IN CONTRACT LENGTH VARIES ~ SEE CONTRACT

EDGE LINE 1' - 0" 5' - 0" PAVED SHOULDER MARKING AREA = 11.73 SQ.FT. HALF-MILE MARKER

 If Rumble Strips are present, install marking outside of the Rumble Strip. CENTERLINE OF JUNCTION BOX, PULL BOX, OR CABLE VAULT **EDGE LINE** CENTERLINE OF CROSS CULVERT **EDGE LINE** PAVED SHOULDER ANGLE OF CROSS CULVERT JUNCTION BOX, PULL BOX, OR CABLE VAULT PAVED SHOULDER MARKING AREA = 0.56 SQ.FT. **CROSS CULVERT** MARKING AREA = 0.56 SQ. FT. DRAINAGE MARKING

LENGTH VARIES ~ OR

STOP LINE

EDGE LINE PAVED SHOULDER MARKING AREA = 6.00 SQ.FT.

EDGE LINE 4" TYP. . 90° ₽ 2' - 0" PAVED SHOULDER MARKING AREA = 1.06 SQ.FT.

DRAINAGE STRUCTURE INLET

DRAINAGE MARKING

MISCELLANEOUS STANDARD PLAN M-24.60-04

NOTE

SHEET 1 OF 2 SHEETS

SYMBOL MARKINGS

APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION STATE DESIGN ENGINEER

WHITE OR YELLOW ~ SEE CONTRACT **CHEVRON OR DIAGONAL**

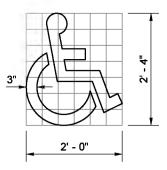
CROSSHATCH MARKING

W = 8" (IN) FOR POSTED SPEED LIMIT OF 40 MPH OR LOWER
W = 12" (IN) FOR POSTED SPEED LIMIT OF 45 MPH OR HIGHER

AERIAL SURVEILLANCE MARKERS

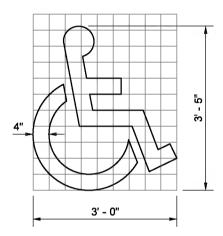
FULL MILE MARKER

JUNCTION BOX, PULL BOX, OR CABLE VAULT MARKINGS



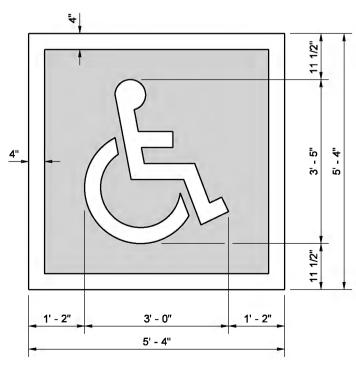
GRID IS 4" (IN) SQUARE MARKING AREA = 1.41 SQ.FT.

ACCESS PARKING SPACE SYMBOL (MINIMUM)



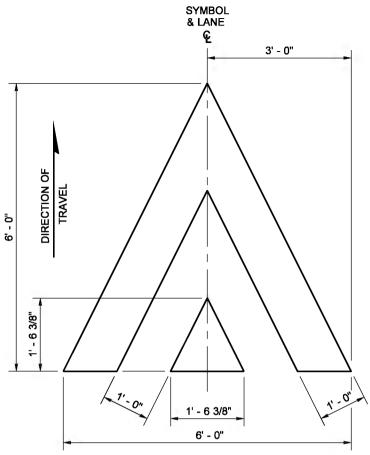
GRID IS 4" (IN) SQUARE MARKING AREA = 3.09 SQ.FT.

ACCESS PARKING SPACE SYMBOL (STANDARD)

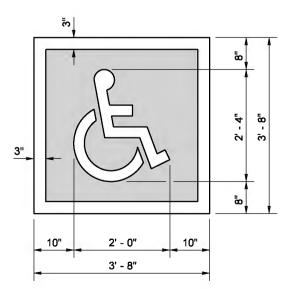


TOTAL MARKING AREA = 28.44 SQ.FT. WHITE = 9.76 SQ.FT. BLUE = 18.69 SQ.FT.

ACCESS PARKING SPACE SYMBOL (STANDARD) WITH BLUE BACKGROUND AND WHITE BORDER (REQUIRED FOR CEMENT CONCRETE SURFACES)



MARKING AREA = 12.08 SQ.FT. **SPEED BUMP SYMBOL**

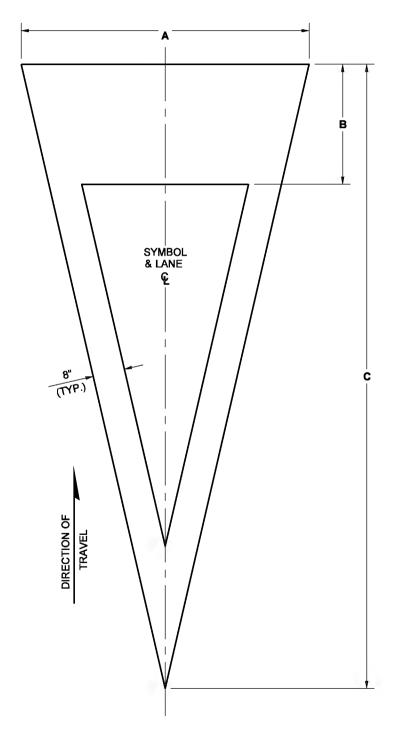


TOTAL MARKING AREA = 13.44 SQ.FT. WHITE = 4.82 SQ.FT. BLUE = 8.62 SQ.FT.

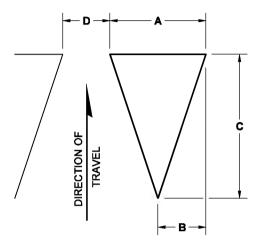
ACCESS PARKING SPACE SYMBOL (MINIMUM) WITH BLUE BACKGROUND AND WHITE BORDER (REQUIRED FOR CEMENT CONCRETE SURFACES)

SYMBOL MARKING		A	В	С	D	USE	MARKING AREA
YIELD AHEAD SYMBOL	TYPE 1	6' - 0"	2' - 6"	13' - 0"	N/A	LESS THAN 45 MPH	25.90 SQ.FT.
	TYPE 2	6' - 0"	3' - 0"	20' - 0"	N/A	45 MPH OR GREATER	36.54 SQ.FT.
YIELD LINE SYMBOL	TYPE 1	1' - 0"	6"	1' - 6"	6"	LESS THAN 45 MPH	0.75 SQ.FT.
	TYPE 2	2' - 0"	1' - 0"	3' - 0"	1' - 0"	45 MPH OR GREATER	3.00 SQ.FT.
	TYPE 2	2' - 0"	1' - 0"	3' - 0"	1' - 0"	ROUNDABOUT ENTRY 🛪	3.00 SQ.FT.

★ MINIMUM OF 4 IN LANE



YIELD AHEAD SYMBOL



YIELD LINE SYMBOL (MULTIPLE SYMBOLS REQUIRED FOR TRANSVERSE YIELD LINE ~ SEE CONTRACT)



SYMBOL MARKINGS MISCELLANEOUS STANDARD PLAN M-24.60-04

SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS

APPROVED FOR PUBLICATION



